CITY HALL

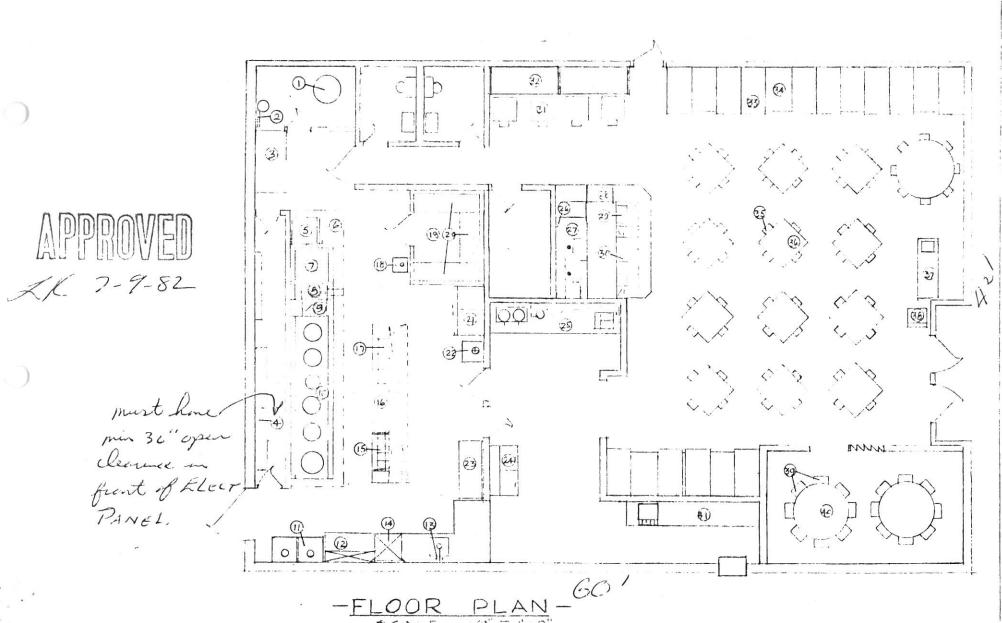
ROCKWALL, TEXAS SPECIFIC USE PERMIT APPLICATION FOR ZOWYMOXERANGEX

Case	No.		_Filing Fee		Date
App	licant	BEJAR, IN	IC.		Date <u>September 23, 11982</u>
Mai	ling Addre	ss 400 s	outh Goliad,	Rockwall, Tx.	Phone No. (214)-722-9501
LEGA (put	AL DESCRIF (if additi on a sepa The prem	TION OF ponal space rate sheet ises local articularl	PROPERTY SOU ce is needed ct and attac ted at 400 so	JGHT TO BE RE l for descrip thed hereto.)	ZONED:
				3	ų
	-6			escribed propassed by the C	perty be granted a specific use city Council of Rockwall,
	s, on Sept	0.37	1982.		×k*****
The	normit cho	uld be are	anted.	n	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
rest rest that in deci	aurant at aurant, Be will serv ax Rockwal sion of the ts right to ARE NOT	400 South jar, Inc. e alcoholid Texas. e Texas Alrewith appropriest	Goliad, Rock intends to e control to the control to the control to the control to the authorite the authorite control to the c	wall, Texas. establish a price of the city of the City	tach separate sheet if pened a fine dining oriental As an accessory to the ivate club for members only etter dining establishments it "B" is the proposed on "In re Club Bejar." e permit without prejudice of Rockwall to require (see separate shee D THE INTENDED USE OF THE
	S OF APPL			Tenant_ X	X Prospective Purchaser X
is the note of descri	I have att e subject concerning iption.	ached her of this to the impose	reto as Exhi requested zo ortance of m	y submitting	at showing the property which and have read the following to the City a sufficient le
(The descrito take the tach applicate approve he result in declared description (The followto the Cit	iption mune descritcant shots legal delay in lovalid a on.	ption and leading ption and leading protect description passage of t some later	cient so as to cate and man himself by he Failure to the final or date because	applicant of the required hearing ance granting the zoning character allow a qualified surveyor or his attention as a surveyor or his attention as by the applicant may redinance or the ordinance being of an insufficient legal the applicant to give notice all description, however, the con.)

CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that I have checked the legal description of the property described in this Application and the same describes the tract of land shown on the Plat attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and said description is sufficient to the same description is sufficient. to allow qualified surveyor to locate and mark off said tract on the ground.

> (Mark out one.)



THE MAKER WAITERDE STA. BACK BAR LHA TELLE ELX COCKTAIL UNIT 30. UNDERBAR SINK 31. TABLE, 24"x 30" 32. WALL BENCHES EZ. ECOTHS 34. TABLES, 30"X42" 35,436 CHAIRS YTABLES ST. CASHIER STAND 38. MAITRE 'D DESK 39. CHAIRS 40. TABLES, 54" RD. 41. TAKE-OUT TABLE

BEING a tract of land situated in the B. F. Boydstun Survey, Abstract No. 1, Rockwall County, Texas and also being a part of the J. W. Reese tract as recorded in Volume 43, Page 148 of the Deed Records of Rockwall Gounty, Texas and being more particularly described as follows:

BEGINNING at an iron rod in the West R.O.W. line of Goliad Street (State Highway No. 205), said iron rod being the Northeast corner of Ridgeview No. 1 Addition to the City of Rockwall THENCE South 88° 56' 19" West along the North line of said Ridgeview No. 1 Addition a distance of 236.0 ft. to a point for a corner;

THENCE North 1° 03' 41" West a distance of 155.64 ft. to a point for a corner;

THENCE North 89° 58' 31" East a distance of 46.45 ft. to a point for a corner and the beginning of a circular curve to the right having a central angle of 30°, a radius of 128.54 ft. and a tangent of 34.44 ft.;

THENCE along said circular curve to the right a distance of 67.30 ft. to the point of reverse curvature of a circular curve to the left having a central angle of 31° 31' 16", a radius of 206.54 ft. and a tangent of 58.29 ft.;

THENCE along said circular curve to the left a distance of 113.63 ft. to a point for a corner in the West R.O.W. line of Goliad Street;

THENCE South 10° 17° 49" East along the West R.O.W. line of Goliad Street a distance of 108.26 ft. to the Point of Beginning and containing 0.6939 acres (30,266 sq. ft.) of land.

Bejars 400 5. Galiad

- 1. Richard Harris
- 2. Ted Cain 206 Rockbrook
- 3. Killtop Tlg. Joint Venture Ltd. Howard C. Zielke #2 Firstle Creek Vlg. Su. 200 Lallas 75219
- 4. Texas Pawer : Light PC Box 226 331 Dellas 75226
- 5. Hunt Building Corp. POBOX 9368 El Paso - 79984
- 6. Rocca Villa Std.
 % Ken Andrews Co.
 Box 495.
 Seagrable 75159
- 7. Housing Suthority POBOX 36
- 8. Perinington 202 Kenway

BejARS Corit.

9. Vergil E. Elam 204 Kenway

10. Robert Mr. Burke 206 Henevay

11. Eddie Thompson 501 Rogers Way

BEFORE THE PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

The Planning and Zoning Commission will hold a public hearing at 7:30					
o'clock P.M., on the 14th day of October, 1982, in					
the District Courtroom, Rockwall County Courthouse					
Rockwall, Texas, on the request ofBejar's, Inc.					
for a Specific Use Permit for a Private Club as an Accessory Use					
to a restaurant in a General Retail District Classification					
on the following described property:					
400 South Goliad (See Attached Legal Description)					
As an interested property owner, it is important that you attend this hearing or notify the Commission of your feeling in regard to the matter by returning the form below. In replying, please refer to Case No. 82-11					
City of Rockwall, Texas					
The following form may be filled out and mailed to the City Planning and Zoning Commission, 102 East Washington, Rockwall, Texas 75087. Case No. 82-11 I am in favor of the request for the reasons listed below.					
I am opposed to the request for the reasons listed below					
1.					
2.					
3.					
Signature					
Address					
Check one item PLEASE and return the notice to this office IMMEDIATELY.					

Thank you,

City of Rockwall

BEFORE THE PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

The Planning and Zoning Commission will hold a public hearing at 7:30						
o'clock P.M., on the 14th day of October , 1982, in						
the District Courtroom, Rockwall County Courthouse						
Rockwall, Texas, on the request of Bejar's, Inc.						
for a Specific Use Permit for a Private Club as an Accessory Use						
to a restaurant in a General Retail District Classification						
on the following described property:						
400 South Goliad (See Attached Legal Description)						
As an interested property owner, it is important that you attend this hearing or notify the Commission of your feeling in regard to the matter by returning the form below. In replying, please refer to Case No. 82-11						
City of Rockwall, Texas						
The following form may be filled out and mailed to the City Planning and Zoning Commission, 102 East Washington, Rockwall, Texas 75087. Case No. 82-11 I am in favor of the request for the reasons listed below.						
I am opposed to the request for the reasons listed below.						
1. Not a Regard to city or neighborhood.						
3. It will be a private club with limited membership 3. St will be a private club with limited membership Signature Signature						
Check one item PLEASE and return the notice to this office IMMEDIATERY						

Thank you, City of Rockwall

The following form may filled out and mailed t the City Planning and Zoning Commission, 102 East Washington, Rockwall, Texas 75087.					
Case No. 82-11					
I am in favor of the request for the reasons listed below					
I am opposed to the request for the reasons listed below.					
1. We are opposed to alcohol in our neighborhood.					
2. It would increase traffic in and about this area					
3. This I feel will increase the flyerden on					
3. This I feel will increase the burden on police and fire protection Tugil! Ilan.					
Address 200/ 1/2					

Check one item PLEASE and return the notice to this office IMMEDIATELY.

Thank you, City of Rockwall

PUBLIC NOTICE

The Planning and Zoning Commission of the City of Rockwall, Texas, will hold a public hearing at 7:30 o'clock P.M. on October 14, 1982, in the District Courtroom, Rockwall County Courthouse, Rockwall, Texas, to consider the following requests:

- 1. A request from First Texas Savings and Loan for a change in zoning from "PD" Planned Development and "SF-2" Single Family to "PD" Planned Development for the development of condominium, marina, retail and apartment uses, to be located on the west side of Lakeshore Drive. (See Location Map)
- 2. A request from Bejar's, Inc., for a Specific Use Permit for a private club as an accessory use to a restaurant at 400 South Goliad located at the intersection of Lake Meadows Drive and South Goliad.
- 3. A request from the City of Rockwall for a change in zoning from "MF-2" Multifamily to "PD" Planned Development for the development of condominium, apartment, marina, retail, restaurant and club facilities, office and recreational facilities to be located south of I-30 and west of FM-740 (See Location Map).
- 4. A request from Metro Petroleum Company for a Specific Use Permit for a propane motor fuel and bottle filling station to be located at the Gulf Station located on South Goliad at Interstate 30.

Lords Hour Bazaar
BBQ Dinner/Auction
November 6, 1982-Sat.
10 a.m. Bazaar
5:30-6:30 BBQ Dinner
6:30 Auction
First United
Methodist Church
Royse City, Texas
\$4.00-Adults
\$2.50-Children



Martin James McCormick

Marita and Martin McCormick of Rowlett announce the arrival of their son, Martin James McCormick. Born October 24, 1982, at 6:14 a.m., at Garland Memorial, he weighed 9 pounds 15½ ounces.

190

OCKWALL TEXAS SUCCESS PRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1982



SUP approved

11-22-82

Jans

to defects in description of five of nineteen locations listed in ordinance. Id.

Hours of business, ordinances

Portions of municipal ordinance which fixed a different punishment for selling beer on Sunday between 1:00 o'clock a. m. and 1:00 o'clock p. m. and on Monday before 7:00 o'clock a. m. than that prescribed and prohibited by state law for the same acts, were void. Young v. State (1954) 160 Cr.R. 67, 267 S.W.2d 423.

Invalidity of portion of municipal ordinance fixing a different punishment for selling beer on Sunday between 1:00 o'clock a. m. and 1:00 o'clock p. m., and on Monday before 7:00 o'clock a, m., than that prescribed by state law for the same offense, rendered the entire ordinance, including that portion making unlawful the sale of beer from 1:00 o'clock p. m., until midnight on Sunday, invalid, since no portion could be preserved as valid without indulging in an unconstitutional attempt, by judicial construction, to re-write the ordinance. Id.

Vernon's Ann.P.C. (1925) art. 667-101/2 (repealed) vested in cities the power to curtail the hours of sale as fixed by state law, and authorized an ordinance in so far as it prohibited the sale of beer from 1:00 o'clock p. m. to midnight on Sunday, a period otherwise approved for sale by state law. Id.

Ordinance which prohibited package stores within city limits from engaging in business on four specified holidays and which required that package stores close at 8:00 P.M. was invalid as being inconsistent with Liquor Control Act which permitted package stores to operate on such holidays and to remain open until 9:00 P.M. Royer v. Ritter (Civ.App.1975) 531 S.W.2d 448, error refused n. r. e.

In that cities have been granted the specific powers to collect fees from permit holders [Vernon's Ann.P.C. (1925) art. 666— 15 (repealed)], to prohibit sale of liquor in residential areas or near churches [arts. 666-24, 666-25a (repealed)] to regulate sale of beer within corporate limits [art. 667-101/2 (repealed)] and to adopt hours of sale for mixed beverages [art. 666-25(d) (repealed)], city did not have the authority to enact ordinance prohibiting package stores within city limits from engaging in husiness on four specified holidays and requiring that package stores close at certain time. Id.

Commissioners' Court of Ector County does not have power to establish closing hours for sale of beer in harmony with a contemplated ordinance having same effect to be passed by City Council of Odessa. Op.Atty.Gen.1943, No. O-5191.

Sales Near School, Church, or Hospital § 109.33.

The commissioners court of a county may enact regulations applicable in areas in the county outside an incorporated city or town, and the governing board of an incorporated city or town may enact regulations applicable in the city or town, prohibiting the sale of alcoholic beverages by a dealer whose place of business is within 300 feet of a church, public school, or public hospital. The measurement of the distance shall be along the property lines of the street fronts and from front door to front door, and in direct line across intersections.

Historical Note

Prior Law:

のでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、全体は100mmのでは、10

Acts 1935, 44th Leg., 2nd C.S., p. 1795, ch. 467, art. 1, § 25a, added by Acts 1937, 45th Leg., p. 1053, ch. 448, § 33.

Acts 1937, 45th Leg., 1st C.S., p. 1760, ch. Vernon's Ann.P.C. (1925) art. 666-25a.

Library References

Intoxicating Liquors \$\infty\$162.

C.J.S. Intoxicating Liquors §§ 262, 263.

Notes of Decisions

In general 2 Cancellation of permit 4 Evidence 7 Jurisdiction 5

Manner of measuring distances 3 Presumptions and burden of proof 6 Validity of prior laws 1

BANKNOTE CLUB AND STAN'S BOILERMAKER, Appellants,

v.

CITY OF DALLAS, Appellee. No. 20306.

Court of Civil Appeals of Texas, Dallas.

Sept. 30, 1980.

Rehearing Denied Oct. 28, 1980.

Private establishments holding permits from Alcoholic Beverage Commission to sell alcoholic beverages brought an action in the 160th District Court, Dallas County, James A. Ellis, J., denied relief, and appeal was taken. The Court of Civil Appeals, Carver, J., held that in creating the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Code, the legislature only preempted the regulation of its permittees while engaged in the sale of alcoholic beverages, but left to regulation by local government of any other occupation which same permittee might choose to engage on the same premises, and, therefore, the local ordinances covering dance halls and theaters could be applied to the establishments holding liquor permits.

Affirmed.

1. Intoxicating Liquors ←11

Public policy accomplished by Alcoholic Beverage Code is "welfare, health, peace, temperance and safety of the people" but only insofar as the same may be affected by manufacture, sale, distribution, transportation and possession of alcoholic beverages, and, therefore, should people's "welfare" be affected by any other circumstance than "manufacture" et cetera of alcoholic beverages, then other statutes or city ordinances may address that additional circumstance without being "inconsistent" with Alcoholic Beverage Code. V.T.C.A., Alcoholic Beverage Code §§ 1.01 et seq., 1.03, 1.06; Vernon's Ann.St.Const. Art. 11, § 5.

See publication Words and Phrases for other judicial constructions and definitions.

2. Intoxicating Liquors ≤ 11

Since there is no provision in Alcoholic Beverage Code addressing regulation of dance halls and theaters, nor was there anything in city ordinances addressing regulation of alcoholic beverages, city ordinances relative to dance halls and theaters were not inconsistent with Alcoholic Beverage Code, and, therefore, could be applied to private establishments operating under permits to sell alcoholic beverages. V.T. C.A., Alcoholic Beverage Code § 1.01 et seq.; Vernon's Ann.St.Const. Art. 11, § 5.

3. Intoxicating Liquors ≈11

City ordinances governing dance halls and theaters could be applied to private establishments operating under permits to sell alcoholic beverages without imposing any obstruction, interference, or burden upon permittee in exercise of permit, and, therefore, were not "inconsistent" with Alcoholic Beverage Code. V.T.C.A., Alcoholic Beverage Code §§ 1.01 et seq., 11.38(c); Vernon's Ann.St.Const. Art. 11, § 5.

E. Eugene Palmer, Austin, for appellants. Carroll R. Graham, Asst. City Atty., Dallas, for appellee.

Before AKIN, CARVER and STOREY, JJ.

CARVER, Justice.

Banknote Club, a private club holding a permit from the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission to sell alcoholic beverages, and Stan's Boilermaker, a public establishment also holding a permit to sell alcoholic beverages, sought an injunction to prevent the City of Dallas from applying to them regulatory city ordinances, with fees, relative to dance halls and theaters, on the ground that the state legislature had pre-empted the regulation of permittees to the exclusion of regulation by the City. The trial court denied relief. We affirm and hold that the legislature, in creating the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Code, only pre-empted the regulation of its permittees while engaged in the sale of regulation occupation might the es.

Neith The rem current pense under the Alcoholic ulations en The record currently 1 including age permit regulation has facilities bers to fame vides Im The Cat of Said for the mentioned halls" a Chagon for the regression in Chapter # 1 the City x 解認順 ties, nor the All tions, nor the i are challenged Stan's Bulletin legislatura in erage Cata lation of regulation

The post XI § 5 will a more characters and characters and by the The partial Beverage 4 (Vernent language)

Unless the target sale.

Cite as, Tex.Civ.App., 608 S.W.2d 716

the sale of alcoholic beverages but left to regulation by local government of any other occupation in which the same permittee might choose to engage on the same premis-

Neither party raises any factual dispute. The record reflects that the Banknote Club is a private club in the City of Dallas and currently holds a permit issued by the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission to dispense alcoholic beverages to its members under the statutory provisions of the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Code and under the regulations of the Commission created thereby. The record reflects that Stan's Boilermaker currently holds a mixed beverage permit, including late hours, and a beverage cartage permit under the same statutory and regulatory authorities. The Banknote Club has facilities and music to enable its members to dance while Stan's Boilermaker provides live entertainment to its patrons. The City of Dallas has provided since 1961 for the regulation, with fees, of "dance halls" in Chapter 14 of its ordinances and for the regulation, with fees, of "theaters" in Chapter 46 of its ordinances. Neither the City's authority to regulate these activities, nor the reasonableness of the regulations, nor the appropriateness of the fees are challenged. The Banknote Club and Stan's Boilermaker urge only that when the legislature passed the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Code, it pre-empted the field of regulation of permittees to the exclusion of any regulation by the City.

The permittees rely upon Tex.Const. art. XI § 5 which provides in pertinent part that "no charter or any ordinance passed under said charter shall contain any provision inconsistent with . . . the general laws enacted by the Legislature." (emphasis added) The permittees also rely on the Alcoholic Beverage Code § 1.06 and § 11.38(a) and (c) (Vernon 1978) which we quote in pertinent part as follows:

Section 1.06

Unless otherwise specifically provided by the terms of this code, the manufacture, sale, distribution, transportation, and possession of alcoholic beverages shall be governed exclusively by the provisions of this code.

(emphasis added.)

Section 11.38(a) and (c):

(a) The governing body of a city or town may levy and collect a fee not to exceed one-half the state fee for each permit issued for premises located within the city or town. The commissioners court of a county may levy and collect a fee equal to one-half of the state fee for each permit issued for premises located within the county. Those authorities may not levy or collect any other fee or tax from the permittee except general ad valorem taxes, the hotel occupancy tax levied under Chapter 63, Acts of the 59th Legislature, Regular Session, 1965, as amended (Article 1269j-4.1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), and the local sales and use tax levied under the Local Sales and Use Tax Act, as amended (Article 1066c, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). (emphasis added.) (c) Nothing in this code shall be construed as a grant to any political subdivision of the authority to regulate permittees except by collecting the fees authorized in this section and exercising those powers granted to political subdivisions by other provisions of this code. (emphasis added.)

The permittees reason that chapters 14 and 46 of the Dallas City Code are "inconsistent" with the Alcoholic Beverage Code and thus fall within the ambit of this constitutional prohibition. The permittees urge that they were entitled to declaratory and injunctive relief to prevent the City from imposing its unconstitutional ordinances upon them. The City contends that their ordinances are not inconsistent with the Alcoholic Beverage Code because the Code does not seek to regulate dance halls or theaters, whether conducted by its permittees or any other citizen. We commend both parties and their counsel for narrowing the issue presented. We shall now determine whether the ordinances in question are "inconsistent" with the Code.

[1,2] The public policy of the State is, in this instance, expressed directly in sec-

tion 1.03 of the Alcoholic Beverage Code: "This code is an exercise of the police power of the state for the protection of the welfare, health, peace, temperance, and safety of the people of the state. It shall be liberally construed to accomplish this purpose." We have previously set out section 1.06 of the Alcoholic Beverage Code and restate that section for its readily apparent relationship with section 1.03: "Unless otherwise specifically provided by the terms of this code, the manufacture, sale distribution and possession of alcoholic beverage shall be governed exclusively by the provisions of this code." The public policy accomplished by the Alcoholic Beverage Code is the "welfare, health, peace, temperance and safety of the people" but, only insofar as the same may be affected by the "manufacture, sale, distribution, transportation, and possession" of alcoholic beverages. Should the people's "welfare" et cetera be affected by any other circumstance than the "manufacture" et cetera of alcoholic beverages, then other statutes or city ordinances may address that additional circumstance without being "inconsistent" with the Alcoholic Beverage Code. The regulation of dance halls and theaters is a legitimate object of the city's ordinances. See City of Dallas v. Stevens, 310 S.W.2d 750 (Tex.Civ.App.-Dallas 1958, writ ref'd n. r. e.); Bounty Ballroom v. Bain, 211 S.W.2d 248 (Tex.Civ.App.-Amarillo 1948, writ ref'd). The welfare of the people protected by such ordinances is no less necessary in premises which may also dispense alcoholic beverages. We do not find any provisions in the Alcoholic Beverage Code addressing the regulation of dance halls and theaters nor do we find anything in the city's ordinances addressing the regulation of alcoholic beverages. Consequently, we conclude that the city's ordinances cannot be denied enforcement as being "inconsistent" with the Alcoholic Beverage Code and, thus, violative of that Code's exclusiveness or of the constitutional prohibition.

1. Tex.Rev.Civ.Stat.Ann. art. 5429b-2 (Vernon 1979).

[3] The permittees urge, however, that while there is a different purpose in the respective enactments, if the City's regulations obstruct, or interfere, or burden the permittees in the exercise of their permits, a fatal inconsistency exists. The permittees point out that section 11.38(c) of the Alcoholic Beverage Code anticipates and proscribes any obstruction, burden, or interference such as is imposed by the city's ordi-Section 11.38(c), as previously nances. quoted, prohibits the right of any political subdivision to "regulate permittees" yet, since the Alcoholic Beverage Code itself is limited to regulation of the manufacture, et cetera, of alcoholic beverages, the regulation of another activity or occupation conducted by the same permittee, does not amount to regulation of his occupation of manufacture, et cetera, of alcoholic beverages. It does not appear from the words chosen by the legislature that "the object sought to obtain" in the passage of the Alcoholic Beverage Code was to excuse the permittee from the regulations or fees appertaining to any and all other occupations in which he might choose to engage, simultaneously with the occupation of dispensing alcoholic beverages. The consequences of the particular construction 2 urged by the permittees would, absurdly, excuse the permittee from city regulation related to zoning, construction, fire safety, rat infestation, and the washing of glasses between customers, to mention only a few, even if the permittee confined his occupation solely to the dispensing of alcoholic beverages. We find that a more "just and reasonable" 3 construction to be that the Alcoholic Beverage Code proscribes (1) any other regulation for engaging in the occupation of dispensing alcoholic beverages and (2) proscribes any other regulation as a condition to engage upon the occupation of dispensing alcoholic beverages. We hold that the ordinances of the City of Dallas regulating the occupation of conducting a dance hall or a theater, and imposing a fee or tax there-

2. Id.

3. Id.

fore, do no denied by nances ir ence, or exercise c

Affirm

Yolan

Albe

Cour

In di ty Court, divorce, a tor of a support 1 division a appealed. Klingema torney, v was not constitut ing that wherein either of with him in the th disqualif attorney wife had trial jud and conafter he who had not show

Juds

Cite as, Tex.Civ.App., 608 S.W.2d 719

fore, do not assume an authority specifically denied by section 11.38(c) nor do such ordinances impose any obstruction, interference, or burden upon a permittee in the exercise of his permit.

Affirmed.



Yolanda Z. MARTINEZ, Appellant,

v

Albert J. MARTINEZ, Appellee.

No. 16419.

Court of Civil Appeals of Texas, San Antonio.

Oct. 1, 1980.

In divorce proceeding, the Webb County Court, Emilio "Chita" Davila, J., granted divorce, appointed wife managing conservator of a child, provided for monthly child support payments by husband and made a division and partition of property, and wife appealed. The Court of Civil Appeals, Klingeman, J., held that: (1) husband's attorney, who was son-in-law of trial judge, was not a "party" within meaning of state constitutional provision and statute providing that no judge could sit in any cause wherein he could be interested or where either of the parties could be connected with him by affinity or consanguinity within the third degree; (2) trial judge was not disqualified, though it was asserted that attorney fees could have been awarded; (3) wife had waived her right to complain of trial judge's failure to file findings of fact and conclusions of law; and (4) refusal, after hearing, to grant new trial to wife, who had failed to appear at the trial, was not shown to be an abuse of discretion.

Judgment affirmed.

1. Judges ⇔45

Trial judge's son-in-law, who was attorney for husband in divorce proceeding, was not a "party" within meaning of state constitutional provision and statute providing that no judge was to sit in any case wherein he might be interested or where either of the parties could be connected with him by affinity or consanguinity within the third degree. Vernon's Ann.St. Const. Art. 5, § 11; Vernon's Ann.Civ.St. art. 15.

See publication Words and Phrases for other judicial constructions and definitions.

2. Judges ⇔45

In divorce proceeding in which no attorney fees were awarded, trial judge, whose son—in—law was attorney for the husband, was not disqualified, though it was asserted that attorney fees could have been awarded. Vernon's Ann.St.Const. Art. 5, § 11; Vernon's Ann.Civ.St. art. 15.

3. Divorce ≈ 179

Wife waived her right to complain of failure of trial judge to file findings of fact and conclusions of law in divorce proceeding in which there was an absence of statement of facts where wife did not bring such failure to trial judge's attention within five days. Rules of Civil Procedure, Rules 296, 297.

4. Judgment == 143(2), 153(1)

Default judgment should be set aside and a new trial ordered in any case in which failure of defendant to answer before judgment has not been intentional or the result of conscious indifference on his part, but is due to mistake or accident provided that the motion for new trial sets up a meritorious defense and is filed at a time when the granting will occasion no delay or otherwise work an injury to the plaintiff.

5. Divorce ←186

Refusal, after a hearing, to grant new trial to wife, who had failed to appear at trial in divorce proceeding, was not shown to be an abuse of discretion, in light of fact that the motion for new trial did not ad-



400 SOUTH GOLIAD ROCKWALL TEXAS, 75087 722-9501 — 722-9502

The permit should be granted for the following reasons (con't):

such a specific use permit under the facts and circumstances herein. Applicant Bejar, Inc., herein renews its request as set forth in the correspondence attached as Exhibit "C." A floor plan of Bejar's is attached as Exhibit "D."

DOCKET NO. 151658

IN RE CLUB BEJAR

S BEFORE THE

S

ROCKWALL COUNTY, TEXAS

\$ TEXAS ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE COMMISSION

PROPOSAL FOR DECISION

PREPARED BY HALLIE HUTTASH, HEARINGS EXAMINER

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Hearing was held in the above styled and numbered cause on September 15, 1982.

Club Bejar has filed original applications for a Private Club Registration Permit, Private Club Late Hours Permit and Beverage Cartage Permit for the premises to be located at 400 S. Goliad, [MAIL: Route 4, Box 60 - 75087], Rockwall, Rockwall County, Texas.

Derwood Wimpee, County Judge of Rockwall County; and John M. Vance, Sheriff of Rockwall County, have filed a protest to the issuance of the above described applications.

Patrick Redman, attorney at law, represented the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission. William B. Lofland, attorney at law, represented the protestants. James C. Karger, attorney at law, represented the applicant.

After a careful examination of the evidence and matters officially noticed, the Hearings Examiner makes the following findings, conclusions, and recommendation:

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. That Club Bejar has filed original applications for a Private Club Registration Permit, Private Club Late Hours Permit and Beverage Cartage Permit for the premises to be located at 400 S. Goliad, [MAIL: Route 4, Box 60 75087], Rockwall, Rockwall County, Texas.
- 2. That Derwood Wimpee, County Judge of Rockwall County; and John M. Vance, Sheriff of Rockwall County, have filed a protest to the issuance of the above described applications.
- 3. That the City of Rockwall, Texas, is located northeast of Dallas near the intersection of state highways 205 and 66.
 - 4. That Lake Ray Hubbard forms the eastern border of Rockwall.
- 5. That state highway 205 is also Goliad Street which runs north and south within the City of Rockwall.
- 6. That the proposed licensed premises is located in an area of the city zoned for "general retail."
- 7. That there are retail stores, apartments, and a nursing home nearby the proposed licensed premises.
- 8. That the premises in question has recently opened as a restaurant.
- 9. That the use of the private club permit applied for is intended only to facilitate the business of the restaurant so that patrons who are members may have alcoholic beverages with their meals if they desire.

10. That there are other private clubs in Rockwall County, which is dry for the sale of alcoholic beverages. 11. That there are no private clubs in the downtown area of the City of Rockwall. That Goliad Street in Rockwall is heavily travelled. 13. That if the permit is granted, the hours that the private club will be open are from 11:00 a.m. until 2:00 p.m. and from 5:00 p.m. until 11:00 p.m. each day - the same hours which the restaurant is open. That there presently are 204 members of the proposed 14. club: most of these members live in Rockwall. 15. That Ricky C. Bejar, president of the proposed club, and Joan D. Bejar, secretary of the club, are the owners and operators of Bejars, the restaurant on the proposed licensed premises. 16. That the aforesaid Ricky and Joan Bejar have extensive experience in organizing and operating fine dining establishments. That Joan Bejar will be the actual manager of the proposed club if the permits are granted. That Joan Bejar intends to operate the club in a lawful and orderly manner. That the proposed licensed premises is not unduly close to nearby churches and schools. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW That Club Bejar has filed original applications for a Private Club Registration Permit, Private Club Late Hours Permit and Beverage Cartage Permit for the premises to be located at 400 S. Goliad, [MAIL: Route 4, Box 60 - 75087], Rockwall, Rockwall County, Texas. 2. That Derwood Wimpee, County Judge of Rockwall County; and John M. Vance, Sheriff of Rockwall County, have filed a protest to the issuance of the above described applications. 3. That it has not been proved that the place or manner in which the applicant may conduct its business warrants the refusal of a permit. RECOMMENDATION The facts of this case do not indicate that there is anything unusual or dangerous about the location of the premises in question. The aforesaid Mr. & Mrs. Bejar appear to be responsible, law-abiding citizens, and the Hearings Examiner believes that the applicant club will be managed in an orderly and responsible manner. For these reasons and because of the above findings and conclusions, the Hearings Examiner recommends that the applications in question be granted. SIGNED AND ENTERED this 17th day of September, 1982. Hallie Huttash, Hearings Examiner Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission HH:yt

MEMO

TO:

Jesse Gilbert

FROM:

Larry King

SUBJECT: Bejars Restaurant

Item #1

Mr. Jerry Newell contacted myself to ask if in a General Retail zoned area a restaurant could be operated. He also asked if I would send him a letter to that effect.

Enclosed is a copy of the letter and materials that Mr. Newell received. Mr. Newell said that he had a prospective buyer of the property that wanted to operate a restaurant at the present location. The information indicates that a restaurant was legal.

Item #2

I had a call from a lady in which I don't remember her name, that wanted to know if a private club could be operated in a General Retail zone. According to the zoning ordinance, on page 7 it indicated that a private club could be operated. She indicated that she was looking to buy a piece of property to operate a restaurant and wanted to have a private club within. I told her that to the best of my knowledge it would be allowed and had been allowed at Mr. Catfish, which was in a Commercial Zoned area.

Item #3

Mrs. Bejar was talking to Julie Couch and the subject came up about the private club. Julie informed her that a private club for the sale of alcoholic beverages was not presently allowed in a General Retail zone. Julie said that Planning and Zoning and City Council would have to make a determination of whether that type of use wuld be allowed.

That is presently where we stand at this time.

Larry King

STATUS OF BEJAR'S RESTAURANT

- 1. The City currently has four private clubs in operation. Three of the clubs are located in Planned Development districts and the fourth one is located in a "C" Commercial District. Mr. Catfish was opened in 1976 and apparently the Staff at that time interpreted the Ordinance to allow private clubs for the sale of alcoholic beverages in that district.
- 2. Mrs. Bejar came to the City Hall to ask to be placed on the Agenda to meet with the City Council in order to introduce herself and her husband, and to explain their plans for their new restaurant and private club. Upon hearing "private club", the Zoning Ordinance was checked to insure that such a use is allowed in a General Retail District. Upon checking with the ordinance and reading the definition of a private club, it became apparent that the current ordinance did not address this use.
- 3. Under the provisions of Section 8-110 of the Zoning Ordinance, the decision was made to request a determination from the Planning and Zoning Commission and City Council as to which districts private clubs for the sale of alcoholic beverages would be allowed in, and if so, would a Specific Use Permit be required.
- 4. On August 12th, the Planning and Zoning Commission made a recommendation to the City Council that private clubs for the sale of alcoholic beverages be allowed with a Specific Use Permit.
- 5. On September 7th the Rockwall City Council approved a resolution making a determination that a private club with a Specific Use Permit would be allowed in a General Retail District. They made no decision as to whether or not the use would be allowed in the Commercial or Central Area Classifications, with or without a permit.
- 6. On September 23rd the Bejars submitted an application for a Specific Use Permit for a private club for the sale of alcoholic beverages in a General Retail District. On October 4th the Planning and Zoning Commission recommended approval of the request.
- 7. On October 14th the Planning and Zoning Commission also reaffirmed their recommendation that private clubs for the sale of alcoholic beverages be allowed in all Commercial Districts from General Retail on down with a Specific Use Permit.
- 8. The Council to date has not taken action on the other districts. They will hear the request for a Specific Use Permit from the Bejars on November 22nd.

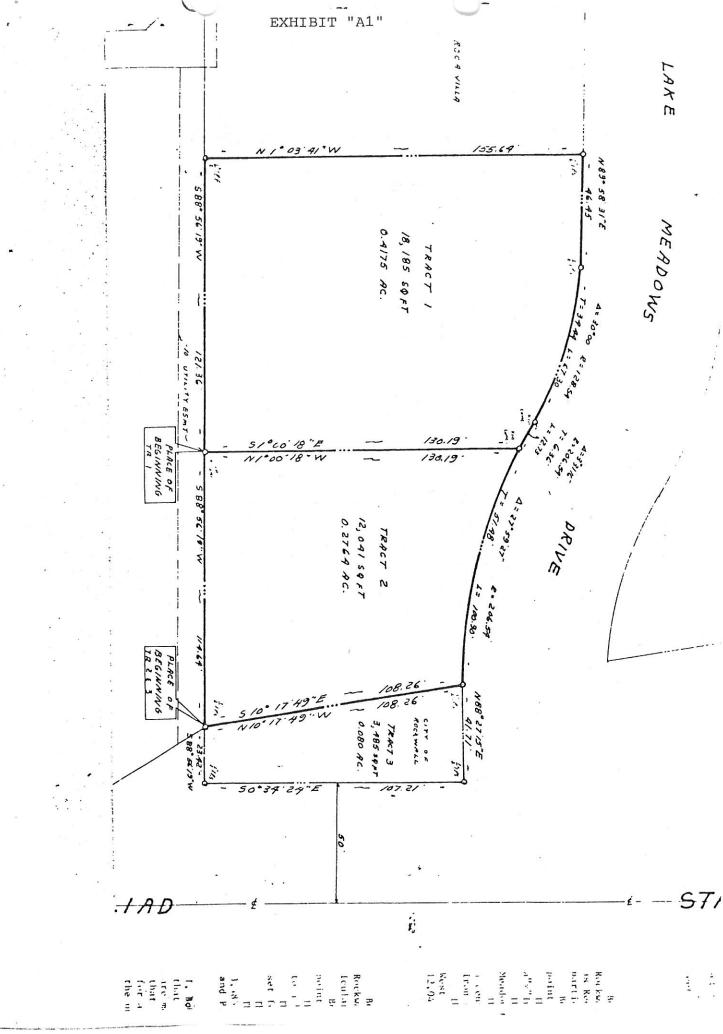
action of P12 numbers aught, Oct 14 copy of Council numbers Sept 7

copy of Council numbers Sept 7

copy of Resolution

copy of 2 only ordinance

copies of all clothers from Kargan
copy of clether from Lot billand



DOCKET NO. 151658

IN RE CLUB BEJAR

S BEFORE THE

S

ROCKWALL COUNTY, TEXAS

S TEXAS ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE COMMISSION

PROPOSAL FOR DECISION

PREPARED BY HALLIE HUTTASH, HEARINGS EXAMINER

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Hearing was held in the above styled and numbered cause on September 15, 1982.

Club Bejar has filed original applications for a Private Club Registration Permit, Private Club Late Hours Permit and Beverage Cartage Permit for the premises to be located at 400 S. Goliad, [MAIL: Route 4, Box 60 - 75087], Rockwall, Rockwall County, Texas.

Derwood Wimpee, County Judge of Rockwall County; and John M. Vance, Sheriff of Rockwall County, have filed a protest to the issuance of the above described applications.

Patrick Redman, attorney at law, represented the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission. William B. Lofland, attorney at law, represented the protestants. James C. Karger, attorney at law, represented the applicant.

After a careful examination of the evidence and matters officially noticed, the Hearings Examiner makes the following findings, conclusions, and recommendation:

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. That Club Bejar has filed original applications for a Private Club Registration Permit, Private Club Late Hours Permit and Beverage Cartage Permit for the premises to be located at 400 S. Goliad, [MAIL: Route 4, Box 60 75087], Rockwall, Rockwall County, Texas.
- 2. That Derwood Wimpee, County Judge of Rockwall County; and John M. Vance, Sheriff of Rockwall County, have filed a protest to the issuance of the above described applications.
- 3. That the City of Rockwall, Texas, is located northeast of Dallas near the intersection of state highways 205 and 66.
 - 4. That Lake Ray Hubbard forms the eastern border of Rockwall.
- 5. That state highway 205 is also Goliad Street which runs north and south within the City of Rockwall.
- 6. That the proposed licensed premises is located in an area of the city zoned for "general retail."
- 7. That there are retail stores, apartments, and a nursing home nearby the proposed licensed premises.
- 8. That the premises in question has recently opened as a restaurant.
- 9. That the use of the private club permit applied for is intended only to facilitate the business of the restaurant so that patrons who are members may have alcoholic beverages with their meals if they desire.

- 10. That there are other private clubs in Rockwall County, which is dry for the sale of alcoholic beverages.
- ll. That there are no private clubs in the downtown area of the City of Rockwall.
 - 12. That Goliad Street in Rockwall is heavily travelled.
- 13. That if the permit is granted, the hours that the private club will be open are from 11:00 a.m. until 2:00 p.m. and from 5:00 p.m. until 11:00 p.m. each day the same hours which the restaurant is open.
 - 14. That there presently are 204 members of the proposed club: most of these members live in Rockwall.
- 15. That Ricky C. Bejar, president of the proposed club, and Joan D. Bejar, secretary of the club, are the owners and operators of Bejars, the restaurant on the proposed licensed premises.
- 16. That the aforesaid Ricky and Joan Bejar have extensive experience in organizing and operating fine dining establishments.
- 17. That Joan Bejar will be the actual manager of the proposed club if the permits are granted.
- 18. That Joan Bejar intends to operate the club in a lawful and orderly manner.
- 19. That the proposed licensed premises is not unduly close to nearby churches and schools.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- l. That Club Bejar has filed original applications for a Private Club Registration Permit, Private Club Late Hours Permit and Beverage Cartage Permit for the premises to be located at 400 S. Goliad, [MAIL: Route 4, Box 60 75087], Rockwall, Rockwall County, Texas.
- 2. That Derwood Wimpee, County Judge of Rockwall County; and John M. Vance, Sheriff of Rockwall County, have filed a protest to the issuance of the above described applications.
- 3. That it has not been proved that the place or manner in which the applicant may conduct its business warrants the refusal of a permit.

RECOMMENDATION

The facts of this case do not indicate that there is anything unusual or dangerous about the location of the premises in question. The aforesaid Mr. & Mrs. Bejar appear to be responsible, law-abiding citizens, and the Hearings Examiner believes that the applicant club will be managed in an orderly and responsible manner.

For these reasons and because of the above findings and conclusions, the Hearings Examiner recommends that the applications in question be granted.

SIGNED AND ENTERED this 17th day of September, 1982.

Hallie Huttash, Hearings Examiner Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission

HH:yt

James C. Karger

Attorney at Law L.B. 121, South Tower Plaza of the Americas Dallas, Texas 75201

(214) 748-2278

September 21, 1982

Certified Mail - Return Receipt Requested

Mr. Jeff Gilbert City Administrator City of Rockwall 102 East Washington Rockwall, Texas 75087

Re: Bejar's

Dear Mr. Gilbert:

As you are aware, I represent Bejar's in their efforts to open a private club within their restaurant at 400 South Goliad, Rockwall, Texas. Enclosed please find the proposal for decision issued by the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission relative to Bejar's application for a liquor license. As you can see, the recommendation is that the application be granted.

In the belief that Bejar's may meet opposition from Rockwall's Planning and Zoning Commission, and perhaps from Rockwall's City Council, as a result of the recent ordinance requiring a special use permit for private clubs, I herewith request the following:

- 1. A copy of the minutes of the City Council meeting of September 7, 1982;
- 2. A copy of the minutes, if any, from the Planning and Zoning Commission meeting of August 12, 1982; and
- 3. The name and address and telephone number of the attorney who represents the City of Rockwall in municipal matters.

In addition, if the magnetic audio tape(s) of the aforementioned meetings have not been erased or destroyed, I request that they not be erased or destroyed as being relevant to future consideration by Rockwall's City Council and to litigation which may result from the Council's actions in this matter. Your cooperation is appreciated, and I remain hopeful that this matter can be resolved amicably.

Very truly yours,

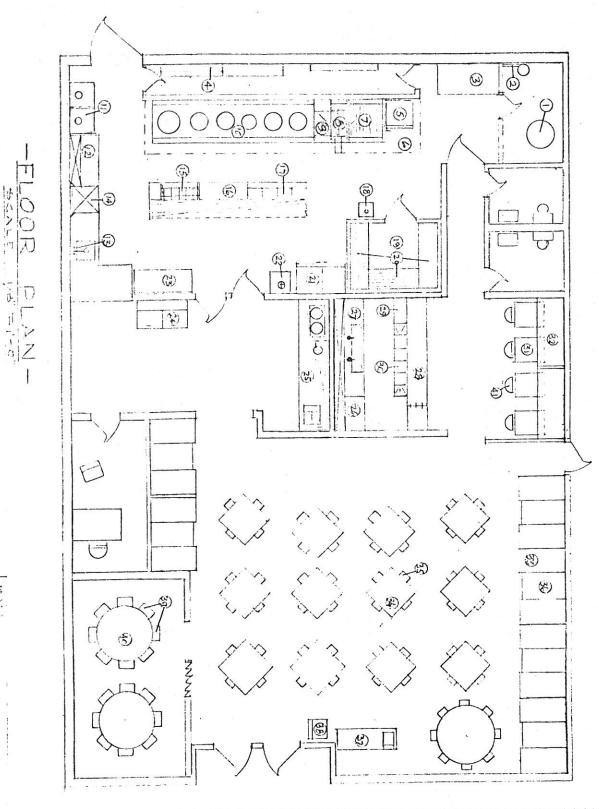
James C. Karger

Enclosure JCK:sk

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED, TO

- 1) Club Bejar 10454-C Foxton Dallas, Texas 75238 Certified Mail No. 957507
- 2) Derwood Wimpee County Judge Courthouse Rockwall, Texas 75087 Certified Mail No. 957508
- 3) John M. Vance
 Sheriff
 Rockwall; Texas 75087
 Certified Mail No. 957509
- 4) James C. Karger
 Attorney at Law
 2222 S. Tower, Plaza of Americas
 Dallas, Texas 75201
 Certified Mail No. 957510
- 5) William B. Lofland 105 E. Kaufman St. Rockwall, Texas 75087 Certified Mail No. 957511

DATE MAILED: September 17, 1982



non:

10,0 CA

7 7 S 29. お、ロエアがり、ロでも RESTAR CHAIRS + TABLES 4. リエコーノログ 2. FIRE EXT. SYSTEM S. FRYER 7. BROILER C. VENT HOOD is, or or o S. WORKTABLE 9. ATRON URAIN ・ロロー てつい ひころ サインコア人のよう ローリエヌスウエロス リベニゆご UNZUNION CZIT ロージエータデーラン DAUTIER STAND HOTE FOOD TAKE 父のるアーケアに A121 12 12 1 ニンジに TABLES OT2771 NATE U でいて、アング 不不 其報司 情報 過過分 では、日本い ロオテロイ じスメ REEZER COCKTAIL DZIT でかり ていか スンスレア が、いわが、日を使り点 ゴンでこのひ、のも、あし インニー ひのごうエのい 1. コンぴし口、ひむくあり、 こしののびアス いコス THE TOTOR TOX WATER HEATER りくロス 10171 ロロリテ

1350-001-001

CITY OF ROCKWALL BUILDING INSPECTION DEPT.

APPLICATION FOR BUILDING PERMIT

Lot 0.69 Block	Permit No. 1184
Subdivision Reca VILLA	ADD. T.
Type Occupancy Zoning Dist. GENERAL RE	nochwall, lexas 7 8 19 8 =
Street No. 400 D. Sc	16-1912
struct a formula in accordance with plans and s regulations of all ordinances of follows:	to the Building inspector of the City of Rockwall, Texas, for a permit to converted to the Building inspector of the City of Rockwall, Texas, for a permit to converted to the City of Rockwall. The location and salient features of said structure are a
Owner of Ground	Address
Owner of Dunding	Addiess
Architect	Address 100 N. Birmingham
Contractor 1306 NIX	Address 100 N. Birmingham No of Stories
1 1	No. of Stories / While Tx.
	No. of Rooms #
	No. of Rooms # Type of Construction #
	I become to the contract of th
	Materials of Foundation DLAB
	Materials of External Walls
	Is Sewer Available? YES
	% second hand materials to be used
	How many buildings to be removed?
	Will all all a Principle Control of the Control of
	Will there be Any Projections Over the Prop. Line?
	Living Area = Covered Area =
	Other Area =
	Total Footage =
v	
Total Contract \$	Estimated Cost \$ 5000 = Permit Fee \$ 27.
	emnly swears that the above statements concerning the above described structure
are true and that	is the owner of said structure or has been authorized by the procuring the permit herein requested.
The land or structure will be i	used only for the following purposes
1 141 1 4 1 4 - 4 - 4 - 1 4	said
	on of this agreement or of the Zoning Ordinance, or of any building, fire, sanitary, or
	e City of Rockwall, that I, We, shall be subject to penalty in accordance with the pro-
ACTION TAKEN:	
Granted Denied	Date
	(owner or lessee)
	Address

(3L)

(APPENDIX FORM A)

	Application No. 1184
	Building Permit No. 184
	Date 9-16-82
350-00	- ∞1
	R CERTIFICATE OF ND COMPLIANCE
occupy the premises at(street no.)	exas, under provisions of the Zoning Ordinance to use and
Lot No. 0.69 Ac. Block TRACIC 3 Rockwall, Texas.	in the ROCA VILLA Addition of the City of
On the above described premises, it is desired to: Alter or add to a building	
The land or structure will be used only for the followi	GENERAL RETAILS
	Applicant X Kney (1)
	Address
I, We, understand that should said	the Zoning Ordinance, or of any building, fire, sanitary, or, We, shall be subject to penalty in accordance with the pro-
ACTION TAKEN:	,
Granted Denied Date 9-16	·82), (1)
Granted Denied Date 9-16 CERTIFICATE NUMBER 1184	x ticky ()
detach here	(bwner or lessee)
CERTIFICATE OF OCCUP	PANCY AND COMPLIANCE
	Certificate No. 1184
	Date Issued 9-16-82
This is to certify:	
That BEJAR'S FINE DNING located (description of premises and structure)	at 400 50. GOLIAD
of 6.69 ACIZES , Block TRAC	KITE in the TOTA VILIA Addition to the RESTURANT (GENERAL RETAIL)
City of Rockwall is authorized to be occupied as	RESTURANT (GENERAL RETAIL)
n accordance with the use specified on Application No. Zoning Ordinance.	and in conformance with the
,	Keth Losland
	Building Inspector

May 17, 1982

Jerry Newell 607 Shoreview Rockwall, Texas 75087

Dear Mr. Newell:

This letter is in regards to your property on Lake Meadows Dr. Which is zoned General Retail.

Enclosed is a list of allowed uses that is legal within general retail zoned areas. If any further information is needed please contact us.

Thank You,

Larry King

Building Official

KK:be
Enclosure

SANER, JACK, SALLINGER & NICHOLS

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW 1200 REPUBLIC NATIONAL BANK BUILDING DALLAS, TEXAS 75201

R. E. L. SANER (1871-1938) JNO. C. SANER (1874-1948)

(214) 742 - 5464

W. H. JACK ROBERT L. DILLARD, JR. OF COUNSEL

August 23, 1982

Mr. Jesse E. Gilbert City Administrator City of Rockwall 102 East Washington Rockwall, Texas 75087

Dear Jess:

ALFRED SALLINGER

LAWRENCE W. JACKSON

ROBERT L. DILLARD III ROBERT D. HEMPHILL ROBERT E. HAGER

H. LOUIS NICHOLS

PETER G. SMITH

TIM KIRK

This will acknowledge your questions with regard to the right of the City to regulate or control private clubs in the City. By private clubs, we mean those licensed by the Alcoholic Beverage Commission of the State of Texas under Chapters 32 and 33 of the Alcoholic Beverage Code.

Generally, the Code, in Section 1.06 provides "Unless otherwise specifically provided by the terms of this Code, the manufacture, sale, distribution, transportation, and possession of alcoholic beverages shall be governed exclusively by the provisions of this Code." There are certain specific provisions of the Code which delegate authority to the City. One of these is found in Section 109.33 regarding sales near a school, church or hospital. I am enclosing a copy of that section with this letter. This regulation must be enacted in the form of an ordinance by the City in order to be effective.

Section 32.17 prescribes the hours a private club can operate. provides for a late hours permit, but the City has no control over either the regular hours or the late hours which can be permitted under the Code.

Other ordinances which regulate the premises or conduct on the premises of a private club are permitted so long as they are not inconsistent with the Alcoholic Beverage Code and they are enforceable if they place no obstruction, interference, or burden on the permittee in the exercise of his permit. See Banknote Club, et al vs. City of Dallas (copy enclosed).

In addition, as I related to you on the telephone any ordinance enacted by the City is presumed to be a valid exercise of its police or legislative power and would stand until successfully challenged in a court of competent jurisdiction. application is made for a permit, the City has the right to oppose the application and to appear before the Alcoholic Beverage Commission and present evidence supporting some ground of refusal. These are listed in Section 11.46 of the Code.

I hope that this letter answers your general questions on this subject and that if you need anything further, you will let me know.

Very truly yours,

SANER, JACK, SALLINGER & NICHOLS

Robert L. Dillard, III

RLD:fm

Enclosure

James C. Karger

Attorney at Law L.B. 121, South Tower Plaza of the Americas Dallas, Texas 75201

(214) 748-2278

September 21, 1982

Certified Mail - Return Receipt Requested

Mr. Jeff Gilbert City Administrator City of Rockwall 102 East Washington Rockwall, Texas 75087

Re: Bejar's

Dear Mr. Gilbert:

As you are aware, I represent Bejar's in their efforts to open a private club within their restaurant at 400 South Goliad, Rockwall, Texas. Enclosed please find the proposal for decision issued by the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission relative to Bejar's application for a liquor license. As you can see, the recommendation is that the application be granted.

In the belief that Bejar's may meet opposition from Rockwall's Planning and Zoning Commission, and perhaps from Rockwall's City Council, as a result of the recent ordinance requiring a special use permit for private clubs, I herewith request the following:

- A copy of the minutes of the City Council meeting of September 7, 1982;
- 2. A copy of the minutes, if any, from the Planning and Zoning Commission meeting of August 12, 1982; and
- 3. The name and address and telephone number of the attorney who represents the City of Rockwall in municipal matters.

In addition, if the magnetic audio tape(s) of the aforementioned meetings have not been erased or destroyed, I request that they not be erased or destroyed as being relevant to future consideration by Rockwall's City Council and to litigation which may result from the Council's actions in this matter. Your cooperation is appreciated, and I remain hopeful that this matter can be resolved amicably.

Very truly yours,

James C. Karqer

Enclosure JCK:sk

BROWN, THOMAS & KARGER

ATTORNEYS
2222 SOUTH TOWER
PLAZA OF THE AMERICAS
DALLAS, TEXAS 75201

(214) 748-2278

October 26, 1982

Mr. Jess Gilbert City Administrator City of Rockwall 102 East Washington Rockwall, Texas 75087

Re: Bejar's Inc.

Specific Use Permit

Dear Mr. Gilbert:

In accordance with \$20-22(d) of the City of Rockwall Code of Ordinances, the undersigned, on behalf of Bejar's Inc. request that the official action of the Planning and Zoning Commission on October 14, 1982 relative to the above "be forthwith certified to the City Council" and that the City Council "have the benefit of such report and recommendation" at its upcoming meeting on November 1, 1982. As you and the members of the Council are fully aware, Bejar's has heretofore elected to handle this matter in a manner clearly conducive to the City's interests and has complied with each and every ordiance and regulation throughout this process, as opposed to operating their private club at this time, which, in our opinion, would be permissible in light of the action by the State of Texas and earlier actions by the City of Rockwall. This has been done in part to avoid litigation expenses to our client. However, further delay by the Council in handling this matter will continue to be costly to Bejar's and ultimately to the City of Rockwall if litigation is necessary to vindicate their position. We thus request that this matter be handled without further delay at the next City Council meeting.

It is my understanding that you recommended to the Council that the matter be dealt with at the November 1, 1982 Council

Mr. Jess Gilbert October 26, 1982 Page -2-

meeting. If the matter will not be dealt with at that time, I request to be immediately notified of the reason for same in order that I may recommend to our client what their future course of action should include. We remain hopeful that the matter can be resolved in the best interest of all involved without the necessity of litigation. Your anticipated cooperation is appreciated.

Very truly yours,

James C. Karger

JCK/asr

BROWN, THOMAS & KARGER

ATTORNEYS
2222 SOUTH TOWER
PLAZA OF THE AMERICAS
DALLAS, TEXAS 75201

(214)748 - 2278

October 30, 1982

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL DELIVERED BY HAND

Mr. Jess Gilbert City Administrator City of Rockwall 102 East Washington Rockwall, Texas 75087

Re: Bejar's, Inc.
Application for
Specific Use Permit

Dear Mr. Gilbert:

Since our correspondence to you dated October 28, 1982, we have had an opportunity to review with Bejar's accountant the financial damage to Bejar's that further delay in resolving this matter will cause. Our projections indicate that should the Specific Use Permit not be granted on or before the December, 1982 City Council meeting, which we understand will be held December 6, 1982, the Bejar's will be in serious jeopardy of losing their business. Presently, without the anticipated revenue from the sale of alcoholic beverages to the 300+ members of Club Bejar, Bejar's is presently losing approximately \$6,000 As such, the undersigned, as representative of Bejar's, Inc., formally requests that notice of a hearing before the Council on the matter be published immediately. would normally request that a special meeting of the City Council be scheduled to consider the issue prior to the next regularly scheduled meeting, because this would result in a meeting the week of Thanksgiving, we request and herewith seek to have the matter heard and decided by the City Council on December 6, 1982. In this regard, the facts surrounding this matter should be wellknown to each member of the Council. However, we are prepared to October 30, 1982 Page Two

once again recite the facts to the Council at the earliest date possible.

We have been advised by our client that they continue to seek a solution to this problem outside the judicial system. I want to emphasize that, as members of your community, the Bejar's are most desirous of avoiding any dispute, and want to work with you to help build a prosperous Rockwall.

However, should the matter not be resolved forthwith or be resolved against Bejar's, then we have been instructed to file suit in federal district court. If this must be done, we will allege, and are confident of our ability to prove, the following non-inclusive causes of action:

- 1) Ordinance No. 72-2 of the City of Rockwall is unconstitutional and anti-competitive both facially and as applied;
- 2) As applied, the City has denied Bejar's due process and equal protection under the laws as required by the 14th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States;
- 3) Both on its face and as applied, the Ordinance violates the Sherman Antitrust Act;
- 4) The City of Rockwall, as a political subdivision of the State of Texas, has violated Article XI, §5 of the Texas Constitution and §11.38(c) of the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Code; and
- 5) By its actions, the City of Rockwall has lead Bejar's to believe that their plans to serve alcoholic beverages to their club members would not be problematical and Bejar's reasonably relied to their detriment on this representation, resulting in an estoppel.

We estimate that damages from said causes of action, taking into account the allowance of trebling under the Sherman Antitrust Act, will exceed one million dollars. Should the matter not be resolved on or before December 6, 1982, we anticipate filing the referenced federal suit on or before December 10, 1982.

October 30, 1982 Page Three

It is most important that the Council remember that the Bejar's have heretofore made every effort to work with the City of Rockwall in their attempt to bring fine dining to the area. The Bejar's wish to remain in this posture. However, the economics of the situation may soon dictate litigation as the only alternative to save their business. We remain hopeful that the City Council will act most expeditiously to favorably resolve this matter.

It is my understanding that the City has not engaged legal counsel to represent it in connection with the above-captioned matter. Should you elect to engage counsel, please have him contact the undersigned.

Very truly yours,

James C. Karger

JCK/tar

cc: Jess Gibert (by hand)



CITY OF ROCKWALL

"THE NEW HORIZON"

November 15, 1982

Mr. Paul Davis Stephenson Davis Insurance Co. 101 North Goliad Rockwall, Texas 75087

Subject: Bejar's, Inc.

Dear Mr. Davis:

Per the requirements for liability insurance I am forwarding a copy of a letter from Bejar's' attorney regarding their application for a Special Use Permit to serve alcoholic beverages.

If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely yours,

Jesse E. Gilbert City Administrator

Enclosure JEG/mmp

CURTIS AND PARIS

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

P. O. BOX 1256

2708 WASHINGTON STREET
GREENVILLE, TEXAS 75401

HAROLD F. CURTIS, JR. JACK L. PARIS, JR.

(214) 455-8113

November 17, 1982

Mr. Jesse E. Gilbert City Administrator City of Rockwall 102 East Washington Rockwall, Texas 75087

Dear Jess:

You have requested my opinion on the question whether or not the City of Rockwall, a General Law city, possesses the power to regulate the location of private clubs as that term is defined by the Alcohol Beverage Code by adoption or enforcement of provisions of its zoning ordinance. This letter will afford such opinion.

The case of Messengale, et al, v. The City of Copperas Cove, et al, 520 S.W.2d 824 (Civ. App. - Waco, 1975, writ ref. n.r.e.) deals squarely with the question. There the Waco Court held:

"The City of Copperas Cove, not being a home rule city, must look to the general law for its authority to exercise municipal powers. The authority for the enactment of the ordinance in question is conferred upon Appellee City by Articles 1011a through 10111 and by Article 1015, subsections 1 and 9, Vernon's Annotated Civil Statutes. This being so, the ordinance in question is a valid exercise of the police power of the City which in no way conflicts with the Texas Liquor Control Act. Article 666-15e of said Act sets out the definition of a private club, how it shall be organized, prescribes regulations therefor, provides for permits. licensing fees, and penalties for violations. Said Article also provides that 'Such club shall own, lease or rent a building, or space in a building of such extent and character as in the judgment of the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission, is suitable and adequate for its members and their guests and shall provide regular food service adequate for its members and their guests.' But nowhere does said Article either expressly or impliedly

Mr. Jesse E. Gilbert November 17, 1982 Page 2

require a city to permit a private club to operate in any area in which a restaurant is permitted to operate. Indeed, nothing in the Texas Liquor Control Act inhibits the zoning power of the City in question as conferred upon Appellee City by the general law."

Based upon this authority, which appears to be unchallenged, it is my opinion that the City of Rockwall, by the proper exercise of the zoning power, possesses the authority to regulate the location and operation of private clubs within its corporate limits.

It is my understanding that the principals in one of the cases before you related to this problem have also raised the objection that the ordinance in question may not have been uniformly enforced in the past. Messengale, et al v. The City of Copperas Cove, et al deals with this specific question and holds:

"The fact that the ordinance in question may not have been enforced against the V.F.W. or the Moose Lodge does not excuse compliance by Plaintiff-Appellants. The City cannot be estopped to enforce its valid zoning ordinance merely by the failure of some of its officers to do so on other occasions or in other instances. See Eckert v. Jacobs (Austin Tex. Civ. App. 1940) 142 S.W.2d 374, no writ history."

It is therefore also my opinion that the fact that Mr. Catfish is allowed to operate a private club in an area not possessing a special use permit does not excuse compliance with the ordinance by Bejar's or Banditos.

The question of the proper exercise of the zoning power is reserved. Messengale, et al, v. Copperas Cove also deals with the validity of the ordinance in question in that case to constitute a proper exercise of the police power. The ordinance in that case was substantially more detailed than is the ordinance which I have read adopted by your City Council. On the other hand, since it is uniformly held that a zoning ordinance, like all exercises of the legislative power of the City Council, must be presumed to be valid until established to be otherwise, I would suggest that the ordinance is enforceable in the two captioned instances until it is stricken by a court. The ground upon which the resolution amplifying the zoning ordinance to

Mr. Jesse E. Gilbert November 17, 1982 Page 3

include private clubs might be attacked would probably be that it was void for unconstitutional vagueness. While this question is somewhat beyond the scope of the present opinion, it would be my view that at the earliest practicable opportunity the City Council should amplify the resolution which in turn amplifies the zoning ordinance at the very least by incorporating therein the definition of private club contained in the Alcohol Beverage Code. I would be pleased to discuss this with you in more detail.

It is my understanding that the City will deal with the Bejar's problem on November 22. I would appreciate a report on the outcome of that hearing, and also an opportunity to consult further with you with respect to the enforcement of the existing zoning ordinance in the Banditos case.

With kind regards and best wishes,

Yours very truly,

Harold F. Curtis, Jr.

somme our

HFC/eh