CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS ROCKWALL HIGH SCHOOL PARKING LOT ADDITION

Index Of Drawings

Cover Sheet Plat Site Plan

<u>Civil Plans</u>

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C2.0	Paving Plan
C3.0	Grading And Drainage Plan
C4.0	Drainage Area Map & Calc. Plan
C5.0	Erosion Control Plan
C5.1	Erosion Control Notes
C6.0	Site Details

Note:

Prior to beginning any construction or construction staking, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact the civil engineer to insure that all parties are in possession of the most current set of construction documents.

City of Rockwall, Texas



Prepared For

Rockwall Independent School District 1191 T.L. Townsend Drive Rockwall, Texas 75087 Telephone 972 772-1148

Engineer



RLK ENGINEERING, INC 111 West Main Allen, Texas 75013 (972) 359-1733 Off (972) 359-1833 Fax Texas Registration No. 579

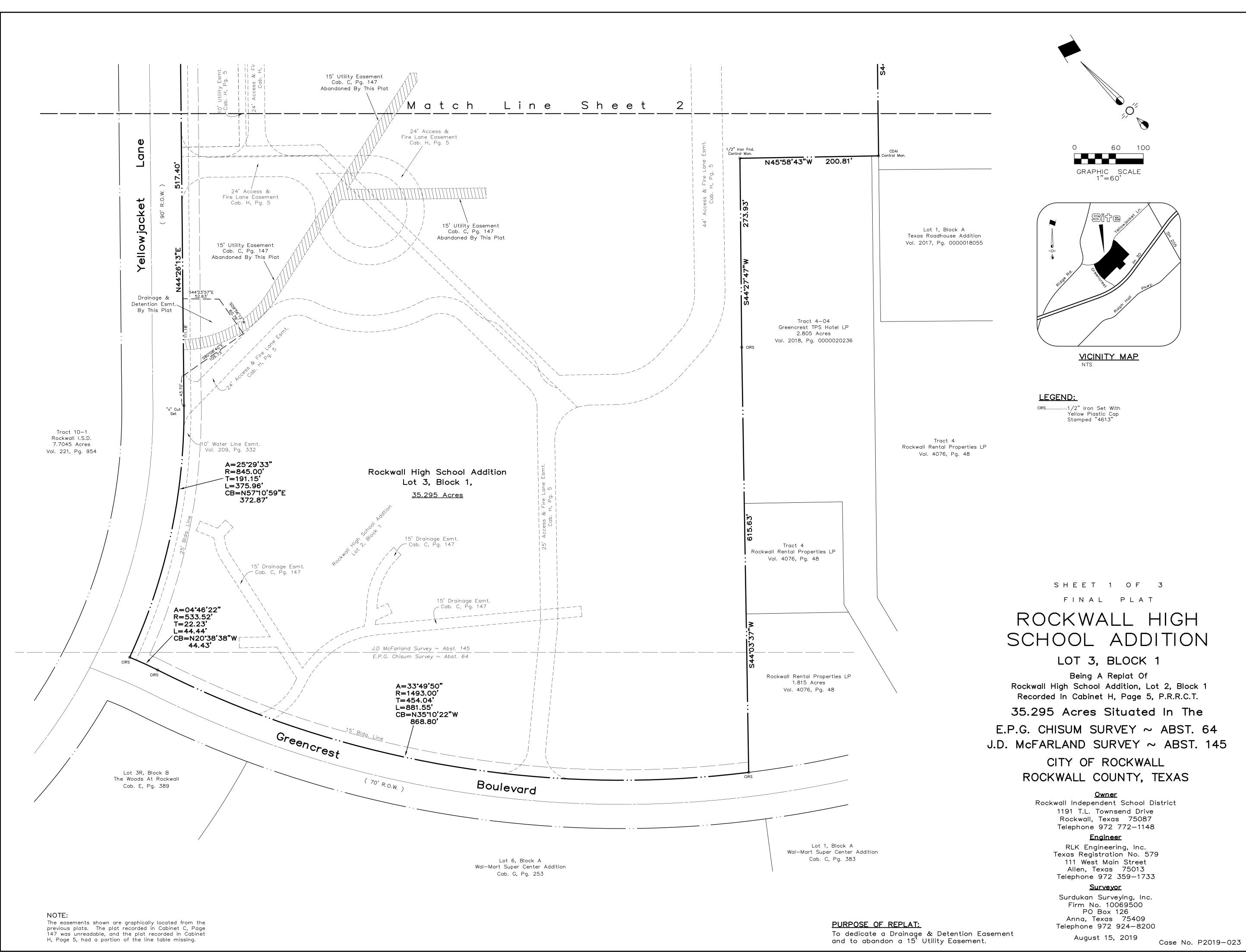


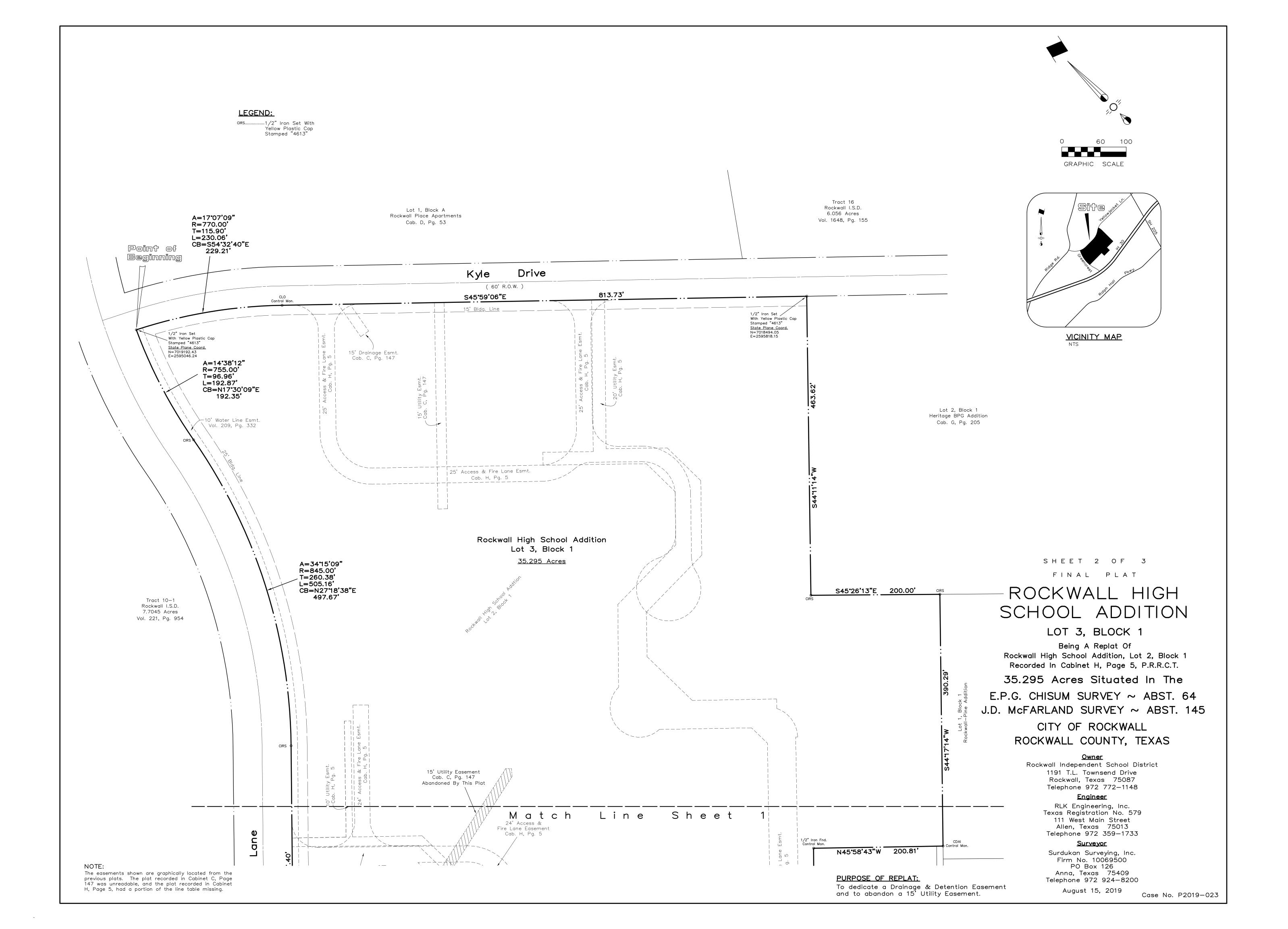
Site Vieinity Map -not to scale-

RECORD DRAWING

To the best of our knowledge, RLK Engineering, Inc. hereby states that this plan is as built Information provided is based on surveying at the site and information provided by contractor







STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF ROCKWALL

WHEREAS, the Rockwall Independent School District is the owner of a tract of land situated in the E.P.G. Chisum Survey, Abstract No. 64, and the J.D. McFarland Survey, Abstract No. 145, City of Rockwall, Rockwall County, Texas, and being all of Rockwall High School Addition, Lot 2, Block 1, as recorded in Cabinet H, Page Page 5, Plat Records of Rockwall County, Texas, and being more particularly described as follows:

BEGINNING at a 1/2" iron rod set with yellow plastic cap stamped "4613" for corner at the intersection of the southeasterly line of Yellowjacket Lane (a 90' R.O.W.) with the southwesterly line of Kyle Drive (a 60' R.O.W.) said point being the beginning of a curve to the right having a central angle of $17^{\circ}07'09$ ", a radius of 770.00 feet, a tangent length of 115.90 feet, and a chord bearing S54'32'40"E, 229.21 feet;

THENCE in a southeasterly direction along said curve to the right, and with the southwesterly line of Kyle Drive, an arc distance of 230.06 feet to a capped iron found stamped "CLO" for corner and the end of said curve;

THENCE S45°59'06"E, with the southwesterly line of Kyle Drive, a distance of 813.73 feet to a 1/2" iron rod set with yellow plastic cap stamped "4613" for corner, said point being the northwest corner of Lot 2, Block 1, Heritage BPG Addition, an addition to the City of Rockwall as recorded in Cabinet G, Page 205, Plat Records of Rockwall County, Texas;

THENCE S44*11'14"W, leaving Kyle Drive, a distance of 463.62 feet to a 1/2" iron rod set with yellow plastic cap stamped "4613" for corner, from which a capped iron rod stamped "HALFF" bears N34*53'08"W, 0.44';

THENCE S45°26'13"E, a distance of 200.00 feet to a 1/2" iron rod set with yellow plastic cap stamped "4613" for corner, from which a 1/2" iron rod bears N27°44'49"W, 0.25';

THENCE S44°17'14"W, a distance of 390.29 feet to a capped iron found stamped "CDAI" for corner;

THENCE N45°58'43"W, a distance of 200.81 feet to a 1/2" iron rod set with yellow plastic cap stamped "4613" for corner;

THENCE S44*27'47"W, a distance of 273.93 feet to a 1/2" iron rod set with yellow plastic cap stamped "4613 for corner;

THENCE S44'03'37"W, a distance of 615.63 feet to a 1/2" iron rod set with yellow plastic cap stamped "4613" for corner, from which a 1/2" iron rod stamped "DAI" bears N40'59'38"E, 0.31', said corner being in the northeasterly line of Greencrest Boulevard (a 70' R.O.W.), said point being the beginning of a non-tangent curve to the right having a central angle of 33'49'50", a radius of 1493.00 feet, a tangent length of 454.04 feet, and a chord bearing N35'10'22"W, 868.80 feet;

THENCE in a northwesterly direction along said curve to the right, and with the northeasterly line of Greeencrest Boulevard, an arc distance of 881.55 feet to a 1/2" iron rod set with yellow plastic cap stamped "4613" for corner, from which a 1/2" iron rod bears N40°59'38"E, 0.31', said corner being the beginning of a reverse curve to the left having a central angle of 04°46'22", a radius of 533.52 feet, a tangent length of 22.23 feet, and a chord bearing N20°38'38"W, 44.43 feet;

THENCE in a northwesterly direction along said curve to the left, and with the northeasterly line of Greencrest Boulevard, an arc distance of 44.44 feet to a 1/2" iron rod set with yellow plastic cap stamped "4613" for corner, from which a 1/2" iron rod bears N66°47'39"E, 2.95', said corner being the end of said curve, and being the in the aforementioned southeasterly line of Yellowjacket Lane and the beginning of a non-tangent curve to the left having a central angle of 25°29'33", a radius of 845.00 feet, a tangent length of 191.15 feet, and a chord bearing N57°10'59"E, 372.87 feet;

THENCE in a northeasterly direction along said curve to the left, and with the southeasterly line of Yellowjacket Lane, an arc distance of 375.96 feet to an "x" cut set for corner and the end of said curve;

THENCE N44*26'13"E, with the southeasterly line of Yellowjacket Lane, a distance of 517.40 feet to a 1/2" iron rod set with yellow plastic cap stamped "4613" for corner, from which a 1/2" iron rod bears N72*41'18"W, 2.03 feet, said corner being the beginning of a curve to the left having a central angle of 34*15'09", a radius of 845.00 feet, a tangent length of 260.38 feet, and a chord bearing N27*18'38"E, 497.67 feet;

THENCE in a northeasterly direction along said curve to the left, and with the southeasterly line of Yellowjacket Lane, an arc distance of 505.16 feet to a 1/2" iron rod set with yellow plastic cap stamped "4613" for corner and the beginning of a reverse curve to the right having a central angle of 14°38'12" a radius of 755.00 feet, a tangent length of 96.96 feet, and a chord bearing N17°30'09"E, 192.35 feet;

THENCE in a northeasterly direction along said curve to the right, and with the southeasterly line of Yellowjacket Lane, an arc distance of 192.87 feet to the POINT OF BEGINNING and CONT-AINING 1,537,462 square feet, or 35.295 acres of land.

BASIS OF BEARINGS:

The bearings shown are derived from Texas WDS RTK Network, Texas State Plane Coordinate System, Nad83, North Central Zone, Nad 83 (CORS96) Epoch 2002.0, vertical positions are referenced using NAVD88 using (GEIOD03).

GENERAL NOTES

It shall be the policy of the City of Rockwall to withhold issuing building permits until all streets, water, sewer, and storm drainage systems have been accepted by the City. The approval of a plat by the City does not constitute any representation, assurance or guarantee that any building within such plat shall be approved, authorized or permit therefore issued, nor shall such approval constitute any representation, assurance, or guarantee by the City of the adequacy and availability for water for personal use and fire protection within such plat, as required under Ordinance 83-54.

STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF ROCKWALL

We, Rockwall Independent School District, the undersigned owner of the land shown on this plat, and designated Lot 3, Block 1, Rockwall High School Addition to the City of Rockwall, Texas, and whose name is subscribed hereto, hereby dedicate to the use of the public forever, all streets, alleys, parks, water courses, drains, easements, and public places thereon shown for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

We understand and do hereby reserve the easement strips shown on this plat for the purposes stated and for the mutual use and accommodation of all utilities desiring to use or using same. We also understand the following:

1. No buildings shall be constructed upon, over or across the utility easements as described herein.

2. Any public utility shall have the right to remove and keep removed all or part of any buildings, fences, trees, shrubs or other growths or improvements which in any way endanger or interfere with construction, maintenance, or efficiency of their respective system on any of these easement strips; and any public utility shall at all times have the right of ingress or egress to, from, and upon the said easement strips for the purpose of construction, reconstruction, inspecting, patrolling, and either adding to or removing all or part of their respective system without the necessity of, at any time, procuring the permission of anyone.

3. The City of Rockwall will not be responsible for any claims of any nature resulting from or occasioned by the establishment of grade of streets in the subdivision.

4. The developer and subdivision engineer shall bear total responsibility for storm drain improvements.

5. The developer shall be responsible for the necessary facilities to provide drainage patterns and drainage controls such that properties within the drainage area are not adversely affected by storm drainage from the development.

6. Property owner is responsible for maintaining, repairing, and replacing detention and drainage system.

7. No house, dwelling unit, or other structure shall be constructed on any lot in this addition by the owner or any other person until the developer and/or owner has complied with all requirements of the Subdivision Regulations of the City of Rockwall regarding improvements with respect to the entire block on the street or streets on which property abuts, including the actual installation of streets with the required base and paving, curb and gutter, water and sewer, drainage structures, storm structures, storm sewers, and alleys, all according to the specifications of the City of Rockwall; or

Until an escrow deposit, sufficient to pay for the cost of such improvements, as determined by the city's engineer and/or city administrator, computed on a private commercial rate basis, has been made with the city secretary, accompanied by an agreement signed by the developer and/or owner, authorizing the city to make such improvements at the prevailing private commercial rates, or have been made by a contractor and pay for the same out of the escrow deposit, should the developer and/or owner fail or refuse to install the required improvements within the time stated in such written agreement, but in no case shall the City be obligated to make such improvements itself. Such deposit may be used by the owner and/or developer as progress payments as the work progresses in making such improvements by making certified requisitions to the city secretary, supported by evidence of work done, or

Until the developer and/or owner files a corporate surety bond with the city secretary in a sum equal to the cost of such improvements for the designated area, guaranteeing the installation thereof within the time stated in the bond, which time shall be fixed by the city council of the City of Rockwall.

We further acknowledge that the dedications and/or exactions made herein are proportional to the impact of the Subdivision upon the public services required in order that the development will comport with the present and future growth needs of the City; We, our successors and assigns hereby waive any claim, damage, or cause of action that We may have as a result of the dedication of exactions made herein.

Rockwall Independent School District By: Dr. John Villareal Title: Superintendent

STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF ROCKWALL

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, a Notary Public in and for the State of Texas, on this day personally appeared Dr. John Villareal, known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that he executed the same for the purposes and considerations therein expressed and in the capacity therein stated.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office, this the _____

day of______, 2019.

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas NOW, THE

That I, Dav plat from a the corner my persona

David J. Sur Registration TX Firm No.

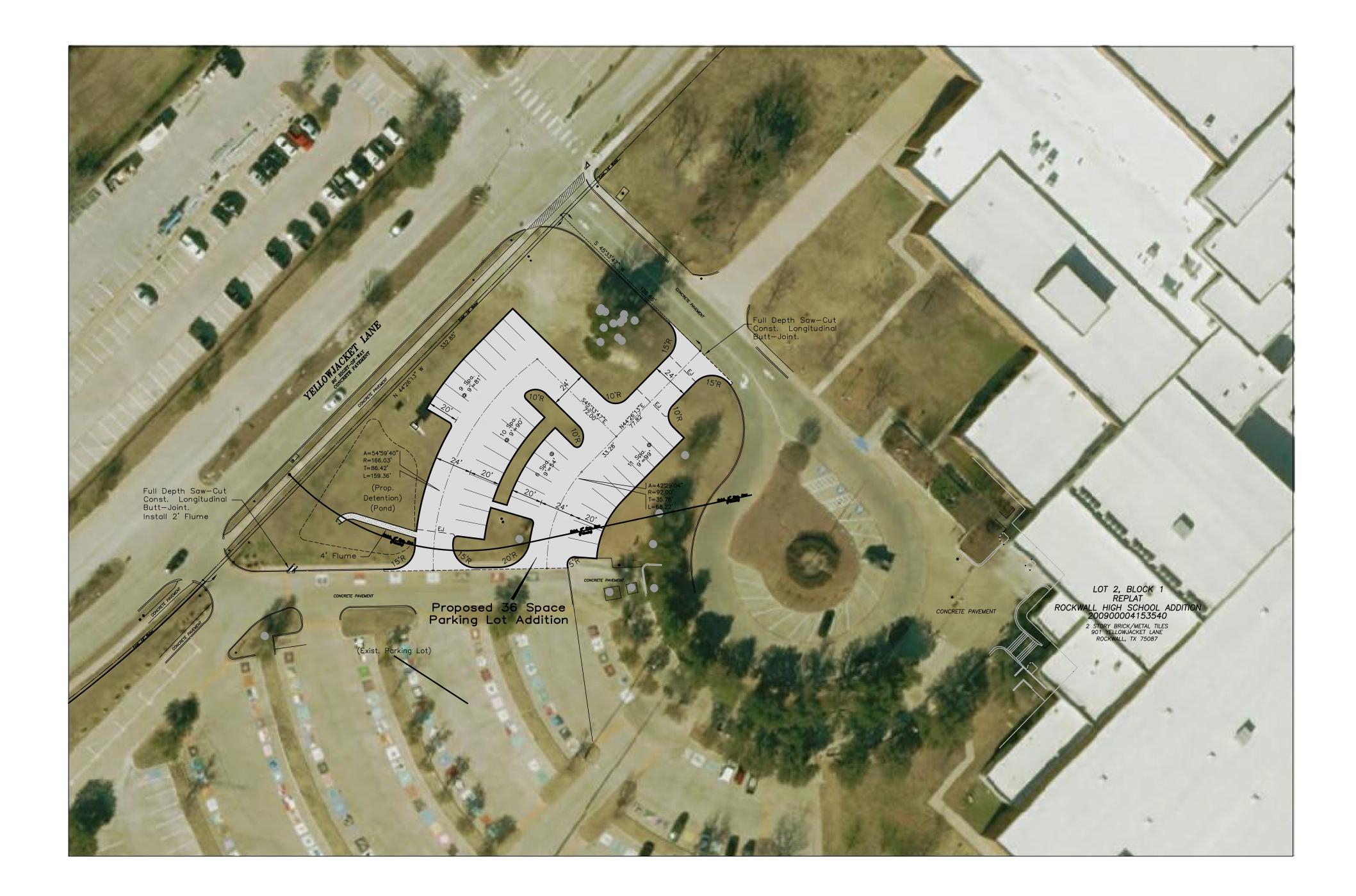
RECO

Planning and Zoning (

I hereby certify that the above and forego the City Council of the City of Rockwall or This approval shall be invalid unless the ap Clerk of Rockwall County, Texas, within one WITNESS OUR HANDS, this day of

Mayor, City of Rockwall

REFORE KNOW ALL N	IEN BY THESE PRESENTS:
an actual and accurate	eby certify that I prepared this e survey of the land, and that
monuments shown ther al supervision.	eon were properly placed under
	OF FOR
ırdukan, RPLS n No. 4613	CALCISTER + F
o. 10069500	DAVID J. SURDUKAN
	SURVESS 10-05
MMENDED FOR FINA	<u> </u>
Commission	Date
<u>APPROVED</u>	
oing plan of an addition	to the City of Rockwall, Texas was approved by
on theday of	, 2019.
	Iddition is recorded in the office of the County days from said date of final approval.
of	, 2019
City Secretary	City Engineer
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	SHEET 3 OF 3
	FINAL PLAT
RO	CKWALL HIGH
SUF	OOL ADDITION
	LOT 3, BLOCK 1
Bookwall	Being A Replat Of
	l High School Addition, Lot 2, Block 1 led In Cabinet H, Page 5, P.R.R.C.T.
35.29	5 Acres Situated In The
E.P.G. C	HISUM SURVEY ~ ABST. 64
J.D. McFA	RLAND SURVEY ~ ABST. 145
	CITY OF ROCKWALL
ROC	KWALL COUNTY, TEXAS
	<u>Owner</u>
Ro	ckwall Independent School District 1191 T.L. Townsend Drive
	Rockwall, Texas 75087 Telephone 972 772-1148
	Engineer
	RLK Engineering, Inc. Texas Registration No. 579
	111 West Main Street Allen, Texas 75013 Talanhana 972 359 1733
	Telephone 972 359-1733 <u>Surveyor</u>
	Surdukan Surveying, Inc. Firm No. 10069500
	PO Box 126 Anna, Texas 75409
ion Easement	Telephone 972 924-8200
ement.	August 15, 2019 Case No. P2019-023



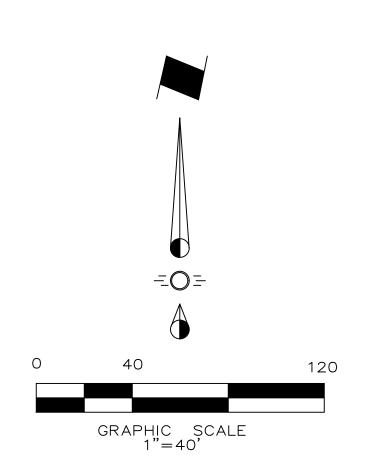
REVISION DATE

Prior to beginning any construction or construction staking, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact the civil engineer to insure that all parties are in possession of the most current set of construction documents.

DESCRIPTION



RLK ENGINEERING, INC. 111 West Main Allen, Texas 75013 (972) 359-1733 Off (972) 359-1833 Fax Texas Registration No. 579

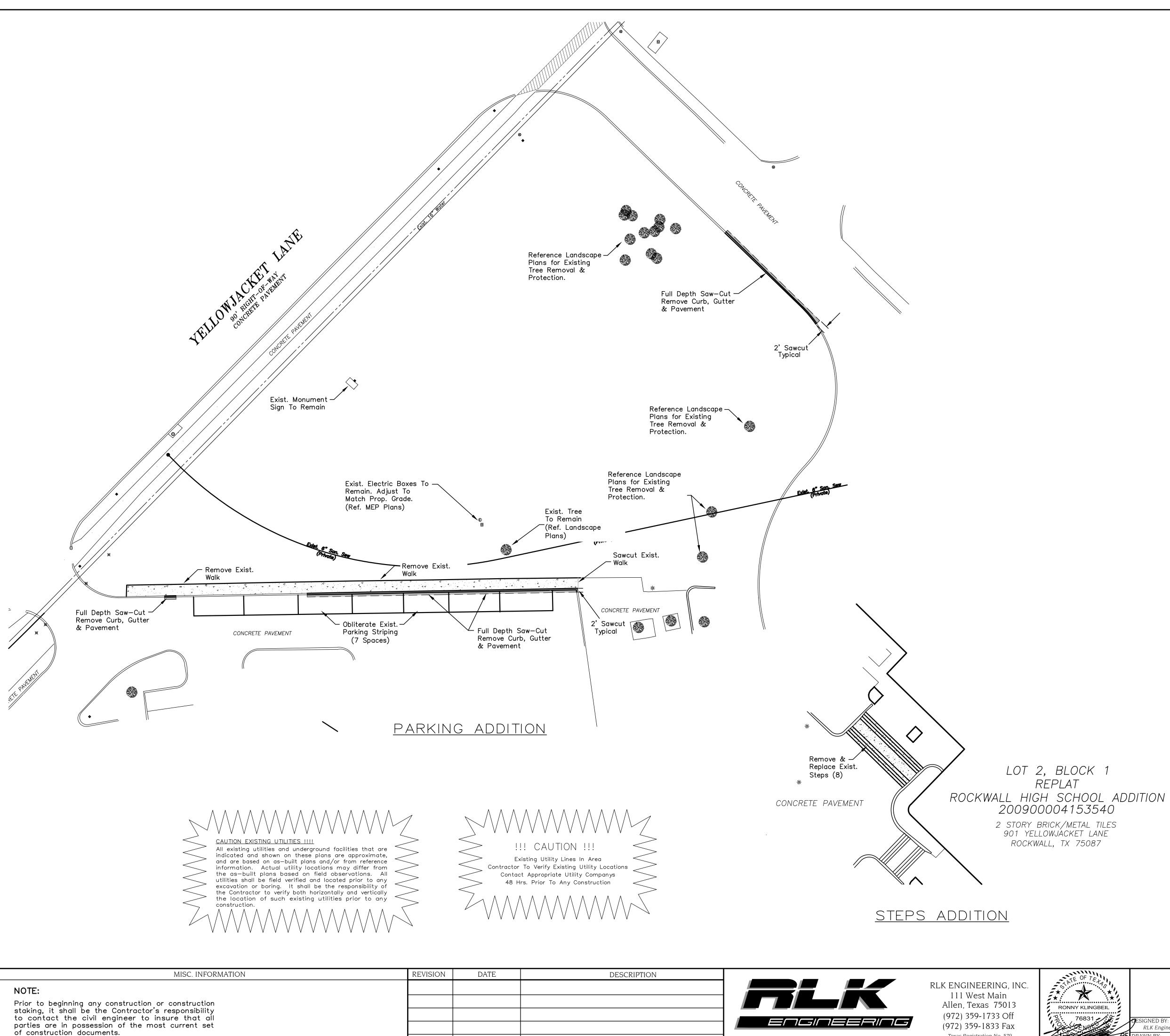


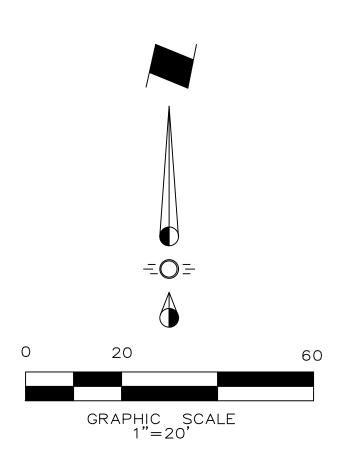
This Plan Is To Be Used For Reference Only. Not To Be Used For Construction Or Engineering Purposes.

<u>LEGEND</u>

7"3,600 PSI Reinf. Conc. Pavement (Min. 6.5 Sack Mix) No. 3 Bars 18"OCEW With 6"Compacted Subgrade

		SITE PLAN		
		ROCKWALL HIGH SCI	HOOL	
		ROCKWALL, TEXAS		
DESIGNED BY: RLK Engineering	TECH REVIEW: <i>RLK</i>	DRAWING FILE: 18108 Site Plan.dwg	DRAWING SCALE: As Noted	SHEET:
DRAWN BY: RLK Engineering	PEER REVIEW: RLK	DRAWING DATE: 7-08-19	PROJECT NUMBER: RLK: 18108	





DEMOLITION NOTES

- 1. Contractor shall abide by all applicable City requirements, ordinances, etc.
- 2. Contractor shall notify all affected utility companies a minimum of one week prior to demolition in order to comply with their requirements.
- 3. Contractor shall maintain positive drainage at all times during the demolition process.
- 4. Contractor shall protect all existing utilities during the demolition process.
- 5. Perform work in a manner to eliminate hazards to persons or property, and avoid interference with adjacent areas, utilities, and structures.
- 6. Provide temporary barricades, fences, warning signs, guardrails, warning lights, etc. as necessary.
- 7. Protect existing structures, landscaping materials, and appurtenances which are not being demolished.
- 8. Return structures and surfaces to remain to conditions existing prior to commencement of selective demolition work or better.
- 9. All materials removed shall be disposed of offsite in a legal manner.
- 10. Contractor shall refer to the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan for erosion and pollution control during the demolition process. The Contractor shall provide any additional erosion or pollution prevention devices as required during the demolition process in order to completely conform to the United States Environmental Protection Agency and all other agencies having jurisdiction.
- 11. Refer to Landscape for removal of existing trees.
- 12. Refer to Utility Plan for utility removal/relocation and utilities to remain.
- 13. Sawcuts for pavement removal shall be made at existing joints where practical.

<u>NOTES</u>

All utility services to and under existing buildings to be removed shall be disconnected, removed and/or capped and plugged per the direction of the Owner and/or the appropriate utility company.

Prior to removal of any existing utility improvments, Contractor shall verify that lines are no longer in use, or connected to any other lines that are in use, so as to not adversely impact any current or future campus operations. Owner's representative shall be notified immediately if any utility to be removed needs to remain in service, either temporarily or permanently.

RECORD DRAWING

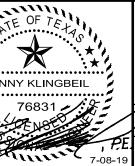
To the best of our knowledge, RLK Engineering, Inc. hereby states that this plan is as built. Information provided is based on surveying at the site and information provided by contractor.



Concrete Removal

LEGEND

Sidewalk Removal

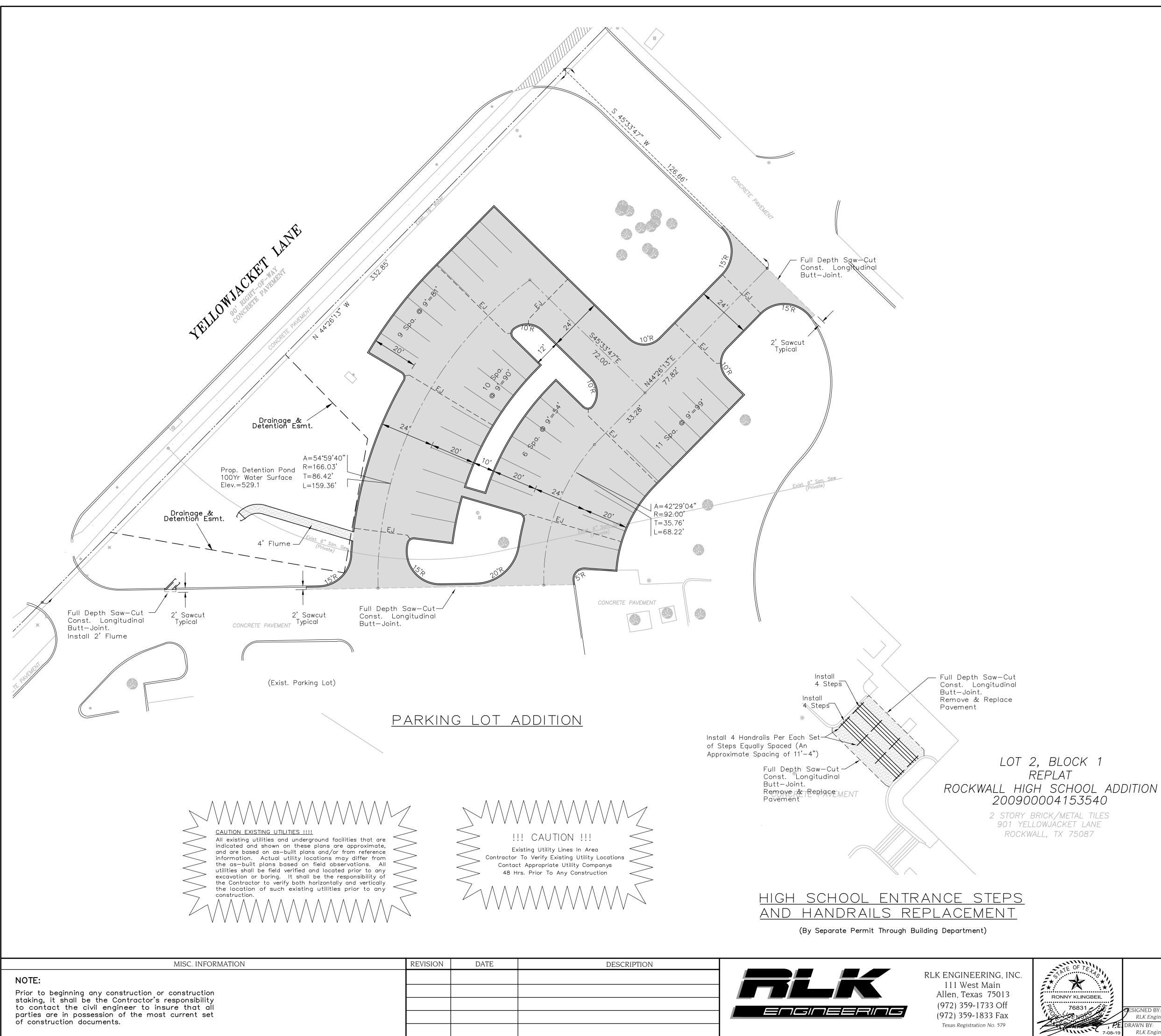


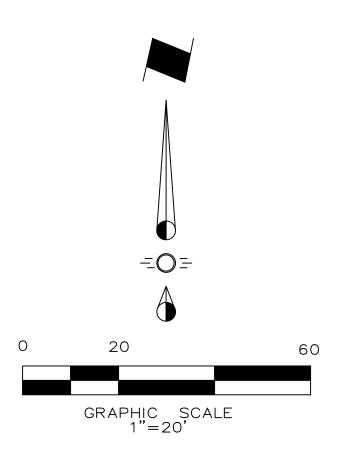
Texas Registration No. 579

DEMOLITION PLAN

ROCKWALL HIGH SCHOOL ROCKWALL TEXAS

			ROCKWALL, IEXAS		
	DESIGNED BY: RLK Engineering	TECH REVIEW: RLK	DRAWING FILE: 18108 DEMO.dwg	DRAWING SCALE: As Noted	SHEET:
P.E . 3-19	8 8		0	PROJECT NUMBER: RLK: 18108	CI.0
-19	KEK Engineering	NLN	7-00-17	KLK: 18108	• - • •





PAVING NOTES

- 1. All materials and construction shall conform to the City of Rockwall Standards and Specifications, and North Central Texas Council of Governments Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, 4th Edition.
- 2. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to protect all public and non-public utilities in the construction of this project. All manholes, cleanouts, valve boxes, fire hydrants, etc. must be adjusted to proper line and grade by the Contractor prior to and after the placing of permanent paving and/or vegetation. Utilities must be maintained to proper line and grade during construction of this project.
- 3. The Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating with all the appropriate utility companies for the location of all utilities within the construction area.
- 4. The Paving Contractor shall not place permanent pavement until all sleeving for irrigation, electric, gas, telephone, cable TV, site lighting, etc. has been installed. It shall be the Paving Contractor's responsibility to insure that all sleeving is in place prior to placing permanent paving.
- 5. All paving and earthwork operations shall conform to the recommendations in the Geotechnical Exploration Report.
- 6. All dimensions are to face of curb unless otherwise noted.
- 7. Refer to Architectural Plans for exact building and related sidewalk dimensions.
- 8. All curb return radii are 3' unless otherwise noted.
- 9. All dimensions are perpendicular to the drive centerlines and/or property lines.
- 10. Fire lanes shall be striped in accordance with the City of Rockwall requirements.
- 11. Construct barrier free ramps at all driveway and street intersections.
- 12. Refer to Landscape Plan for tree removal/preservation.

<u>LEGEND</u> 7"3,600 PSI Reinf. Conc. Pavement (Min. 6.5 Sack Mix) No. 3 Bars 18"OCEW With 6" Compacted Subgrade 5" 3,600 PSI Reinf. Conc. Pavement (Min. 6.5 Sack Mix) No. 3 Bars 18" OCEW With 6" Compacted Subgrade ----^{EJ}---- Proposed Expansion Joint

RECORD DRAWING

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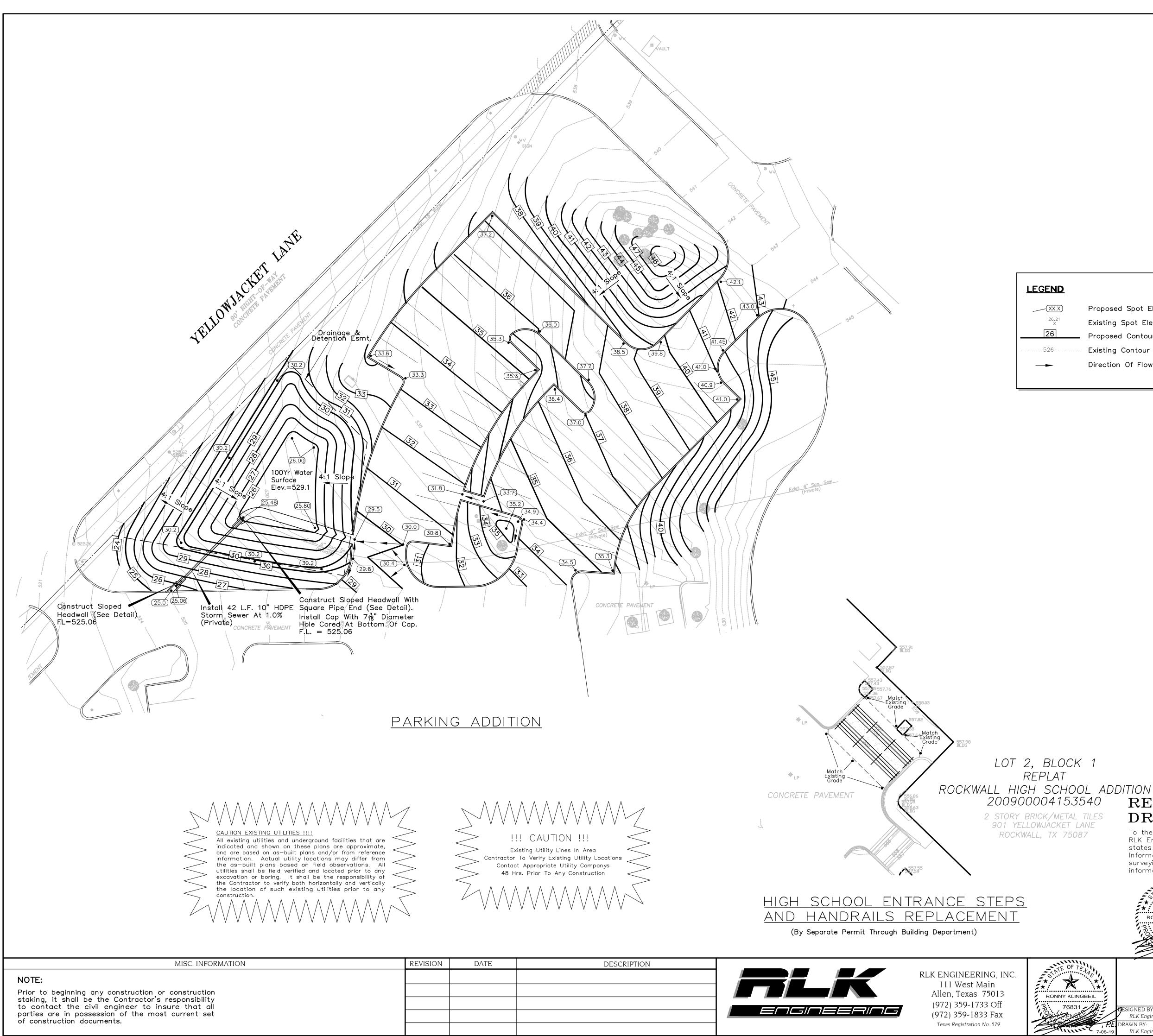


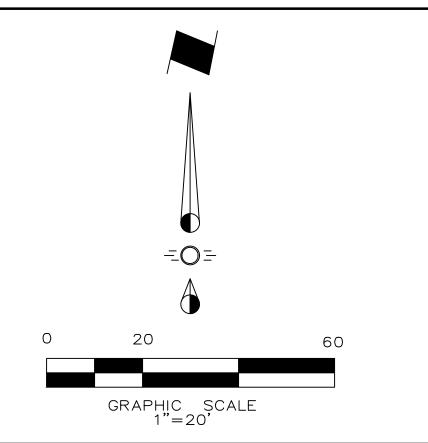


PAVING PLAN

ROCKWALL HIGH SCHOOL DOCKWALL TEVAS

			ROCKWALL, TEXAS		
	DESIGNED BY:	TECH REVIEW:	DRAWING FILE:	DRAWING SCALE:	SHEET:
	RLK Engineering	RLK	18108 PAV.dwg	As Noted	$ \bigcirc \bigcirc$
	E. DRAWN BY:	PEER REVIEW:	DRAWING DATE:	PROJECT NUMBER:	
7-08	-19 RLK Engineering	RLK	7-08-19	RLK: 18108	C2.0





GRADING NOTES

- 1. All materials and construction shall conform to the City of Rockwall Standards and Specifications, and North Central Texas Council of Governments Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, 4th Edition.
- 2. Prior to starting construction, the Contractor shall make certain that all required permits and approvals have been obtained. No construction or fabrication shall begin until the Contractor has received and thoroughly reviewed all plans and other documents approved by all of the permitting authorities.
- 3. In the event an item is not covered in the City's specs., the City Engineer's decision shall apply.
- 4. Contractor shall meet O.S.H.A requirements for trench safety.
- 5. Barricading, traffic control, and project signs shall conform To Texas Department of Transportation.
- 6. The Contractor shall verify the suitability of all existing and proposed site conditions, including grades and dimensions before commencement of any construction. In the event of any conflict, and prior to commencement of any construction, immediately notify Engineer. Minor adjustments of finish grade to accomplish spot drainage are acceptable if necessary, upon prior approval of Engineer. All paving installed shall "flush out" at any juncture with existing paving. All islands shall be crowned to allow positive drainage over top of curb,
- 7. The locations of underground utilities shown on this plan are based on field surveys and local utility company records. It shall be the Contractor's full responsibility to contact the various utility companies to locate their utilities prior to starting construction. Any damage to existing utilities is to be repaired at Contractor's expense. Contractor shall adjust all utilities (proposed and existing) to finished grade.
- 8. Proposed spot elevations are finished grade elevations.
- 9. All subgrade preparation shall be as directed in accordance with the Geotechnical Report.
- 10. All proposed grades in landscaped areas are finished grade elevations. Contractor to allow for seeding or sodding of these areas.
- 11. Any damage to adjoining property during construction shall be repaired to pre construction conditions or better at the expense of the Contractor.
- 12. Erosion control shall be in place prior to the disturbance of any existing surface.
- 13. All sidewalk slopes including crosswalks, shall not exceed the following ADA requirements 1:20 longitudinal (along the walk)
- 1:50 per foot transverse (across the walk)
- 14. All accessible parking space slopes including walks aisles, shall not exceed 2.0% or 1:50 in any direction.
- 15. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to remove excess earthwork material from the site at no additional cost to the owner.
- 16. If additional earthwork material is required to achieve the grades indicated, it shall be imported by the Contractor at no additional cost to the owner.
- 17. Maximum slope shall not exceed 4:1.
- 18. Refer to Landscape Plan for tree removal/preservation.
- 19. No paving (including slab) can be constructed until the detention system is in place and fully functioning per approved Engineering Plan, including either sodding or installing anchord, seeded Curlex on the sides and bottom of the detention pond.
- 20. All fill to be compacted to a minimum of 95% standard density using a sheep's foot roller.

To the best of our knowledge, RLK Engineering, Inc. hereby states that this plan is as built Information provided is based on surveying at the site and information provided by contractor.



RECORD

DRAWING

GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN

ROCKWALL HIGH SCHOOL DOCKWALL TEVAS

			ROCKWALL, TEXAS		
	RLK Engineering	TECH REVIEW: RLK	DRAWING FILE: 18108 GRD.dwg	DRAWING SCALE: As Noted	
7-08-19	DRAWN BY: RLK Engineering	PEER REVIEW: RLK	DRAWING DATE: 7-08-19	PROJECT NUMBER: RLK: 18108	C3.0

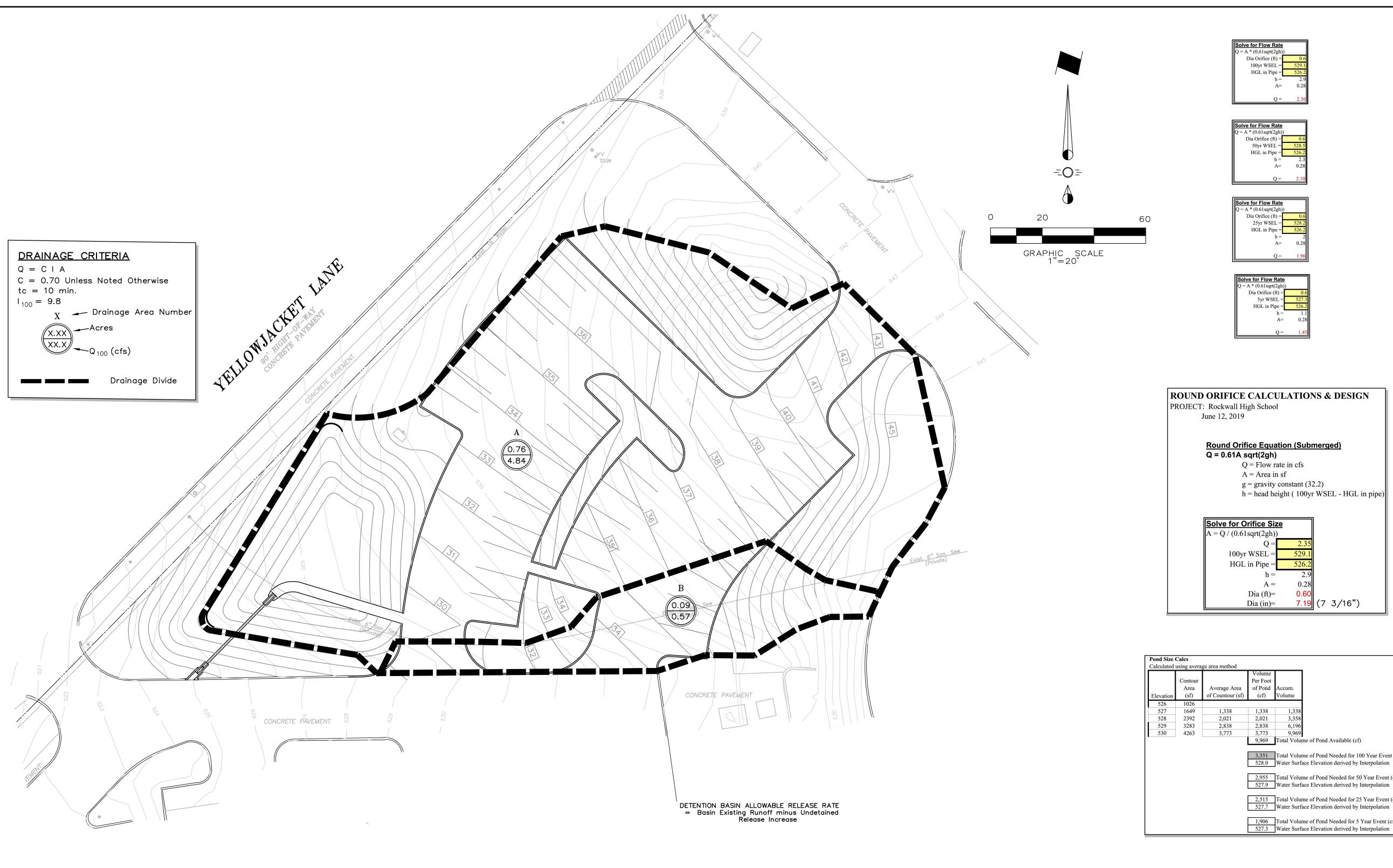
Proposed Spot Elevation

Existing Spot Elevation

Proposed Contour

Existing Contour

Direction Of Flow



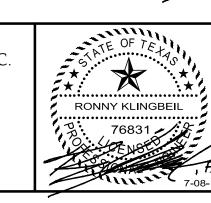
AREA B (Undetained Basin)				AREA	Allowable Detention Basin Disch		
BASIN PROPOSED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT Total Basin Area = 0.09 Acres Pervious Area = 0.041 Acres C = 0.35	BASIN EXISTING RUNOFF Total Basin Area = 0.09 Acres C = 0.35 Tc = 10 min.	BASIN PROPOSED RUNOFF Total Basin Area = 0.09 Acres C = 0.65 Tc = 10 min.	ADDITIONAL UNDETAINED FLOWRATE (Proposed-Existing)	BASIN PROPOSED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT Total Basin Area = 0.76 Acres Pervious Area = 0.35 Acres C = 0.35		BASIN PROPOSED RUNOFF s Total Basin Area = 0.76 Acres C = 0.65 Tc = 10 min.	BASIN EXISTING RUNOFF MINUS ADDITIONAL UNDETAINED FLOWRATE
Impervious Area = 0.049Acres C = 0.90 Drainage Basin Proposed Weighted Runoff Coefficient = = (0.35)(0.041)+(0.049)(0.90)	1 100 = 9.8 in/hr. Q100 = 0.31cfs 1 50 = 9.0 in/hr. Q50 = 0.28cfs	$1 \ 100 = 9.8 \ in/hr.$ Q100 = 0.57cfs $1 \ 50 = 9.0 \ in/hr.$ Q50 = 0.53cfs	Q100 = 0.26cfs Q50 = 0.25cfs	Impervious Area = 0.41 Acres C = 0.90 Drainage Basin Proposed Weighted Runoff Coefficient = = (0.35)(0.35)+(0.41)(0.90)	$100 = 9.8$ in/hr. Q100 = 2.61cfs $50 = 9.0$ in/hr. Q50 = 2.39cfs	100 = 9.8 in/hr. Q100 = 4.84 cfs 150 = 9.0 in/hr. Q50 = 4.45 cfs	Q100 = 2.61cfs - 0.26cfs = 2.4cfs Q50 = 2.39cfs - 0.25cfs = 2.1cfs
$\frac{(0.09)}{(0.09)}$ C = 0.65	125 = 8.3 in/hr. Q25 = 0.26cfs 15 = 6.1 in/hr. Q5 = 0.19cfs	1 25 = 8.3 in/hr. Q25 = 0.49cfs 1 5 = 6.1 in/hr. Q5 = 0.36cfs	Q25 = 0.23cfs Q5 = 0.17cfs	0.76 C = 0.65	125 = 8.3 in/hr. Q25 = 2.21cfs 15 = 6.1 in/hr. Q5 = 1.62cfs	125 = 8.3 in/hr. Q25 = 4.10cfs 15 = 6.1 in/hr. Q5 = 3.01cfs	Q25 = 2.21cfs - 0.23cfs = 2.0cfs Q5 = 1.62cfs - 0.17cfs = 1.5cfs

DESCRIPTION

MISC. INFORMATION REVISION DATE NOTE: Prior to beginning any construction or construction staking, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact the civil engineer to insure that all parties are in possession of the most current set of construction documents.



RLK ENGINEERING, INC. 111 West Main Allen, Texas 75013 (972) 359-1733 Off (972) 359-1833 Fax Texas Registration No. 579



Discharge

ve for Flow Rate	
A * (0.61sqrt(2gh))
Dia Orifice (ft) =	0.6
5yr WSEL =	527.3
HGL in Pipe =	526.2
h =	1.1
A=	0.28
Q =	1.45

Orifice Siz			
61sqrt(2gh))			
Q =	2.35		
yr WSEL =	529.1		
L in Pipe =	526.2		
h =	2.9		
A =	0.28		
Dia (ft)=	0.60		
Dia (in)=	7.19	(7	3/16'

	Volume		
	Per Foot		
	of Pond	Accum.	
)	(cf)	Volume	
	1,338	1,338	
	2,021	3,358	
	2,838	6,196	
	3,773	9,969	
	9,969	Total Volu	me of Pond Available (cf)
		-	
	3,351	Total Volu	me of Pond Needed for 100 Year Event (cf)
	528.0	Water Surfa	ace Elevation derived by Interpolation
	2,955	Total Volu	me of Pond Needed for 50 Year Event (cf)
	527.9	Water Surfa	ace Elevation derived by Interpolation
	2,515	Total Volu	me of Pond Needed for 25 Year Event (cf)
	527.7	Water Surfa	ace Elevation derived by Interpolation
		_	
	1,906	Total Volu	me of Pond Needed for 5 Year Event (cf)
	527.3	Water Surf	ace Elevation derived by Interpolation

RECORD DRAWING
To the best of our knowledge, RLK Engineering, Inc. hereby states that this plan is as built.

Information provided is based on



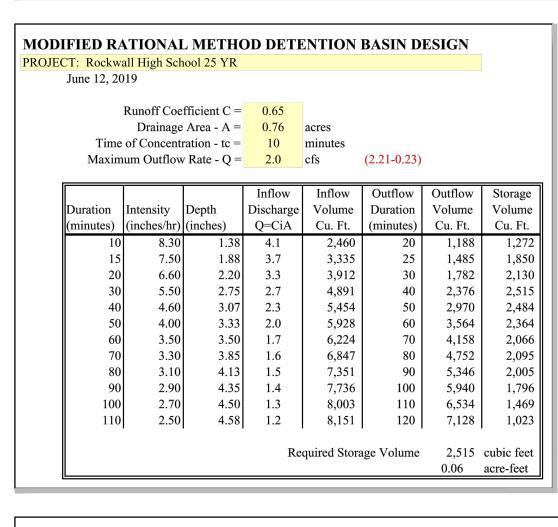
PROJECT: Roc	kwall High Scl	nool 100 YF	<u>د</u>				
June 12	, 2019						
	Runoff Coe Drainage ne of Concent imum Outflow	Area - $A =$ ration - tc =	0.76 10	acres minutes cfs	(2.61-0.26)		
			Inflow	Inflow	Outflow	Outflow	Storage
Duratio	n Intensity	Depth	Discharge	Volume	Duration	Volume	Volume
(minute	s) (inches/hr)	(inches)	Q=CiA	Cu. Ft.	(minutes)	Cu. Ft.	Cu. Ft.
	9.80	1.63	4.8	2,905	20	1,410	1,495
	9.00	2.25	4.4	4,001	25	1,763	2,239
	8.30	2.77	4.1	4,920	30	2,115	2,805
	6.90	3.45	3.4	6,135	40	2,820	3,315
	40 5.80	3.87	2.9	6,876	50	3,525	3,351
	50 5.00	4.17	2.5	7,410	60	4,230	3,180
	50 4.50	4.50	2.2	8,003	70	4,935	3,068
,	70 4.00	4.67	2.0	8,299	80	5,640	2,659
	30 3.70	4.93	1.8	8,773	90	6,345	2,428
	3.50	5.25	1.7	9,337	100	7,050	2,287
1	3.40	5.67	1.7	10,078	110	7,755	2,323
1	3.20	5.87	1.6	10,433	120	8,460	1,973
			Re	equired Stor	age Volume	3,351	cubic feet

MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD DETENTION BASIN DESIGN

MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD DETENTION BASIN DESIGN PROJECT: Rockwall High School 50 YR June 12, 2019 Runoff Coefficient C = 0.65Drainage Area - A = 0.76 acres Time of Concentration - tc = 10 minutes Maximum Outflow Rate - Q = 2.1 cfs (2.39-.25) Inflow Outflow Outflow Inflow Storage Discharge Volume Duration /olume)epth Volume Duration Q=CiA Cu. Ft. nutes) (inches/hr)(inches) Cu. Ft. Cu. Ft. 1.384 1,996 8.10 3,601 1,605 4.0 7.50 1,926 2,520 3.7 4,446 2.50 5,424 2,568 2,856 6.10 3.0 3.05 40 5.20 3,210 2,955 2.6 6,165 50 40 3.47 4.50 2.2 6,669 3,852 2,817 60 3.75 3.90 6,936 4,494 2,442 1.9 70 60 3.90 2,541 3.70 7,677 5,136 1.8 4.32 80 3.50 5,778 2,521 1.7 8,299 80 4.67 90 3.30 8,803 6,420 2,383 90 1.6 100 4.95 100 3.00 1.5 8,892 110 7,062 1,830 5.00 2.90 1,751 9,455 120 7,704 110 5.32 1.4

> Required Storage Volume 2,955 cubic feet 0.07 acre-feet

0.08 acre-feet



MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD DETENTION BASIN DESIGN PROJECT: Rockwall High School 5 YR June 12, 2019

	0.45	
Runoff Coefficient C =	0.65	
Drainage Area - A =	0.76	acres
Time of Concentration - $tc =$	10	minutes
Maximum Outflow Rate - Q =	1.5	cfs
	Inflow	Inflow

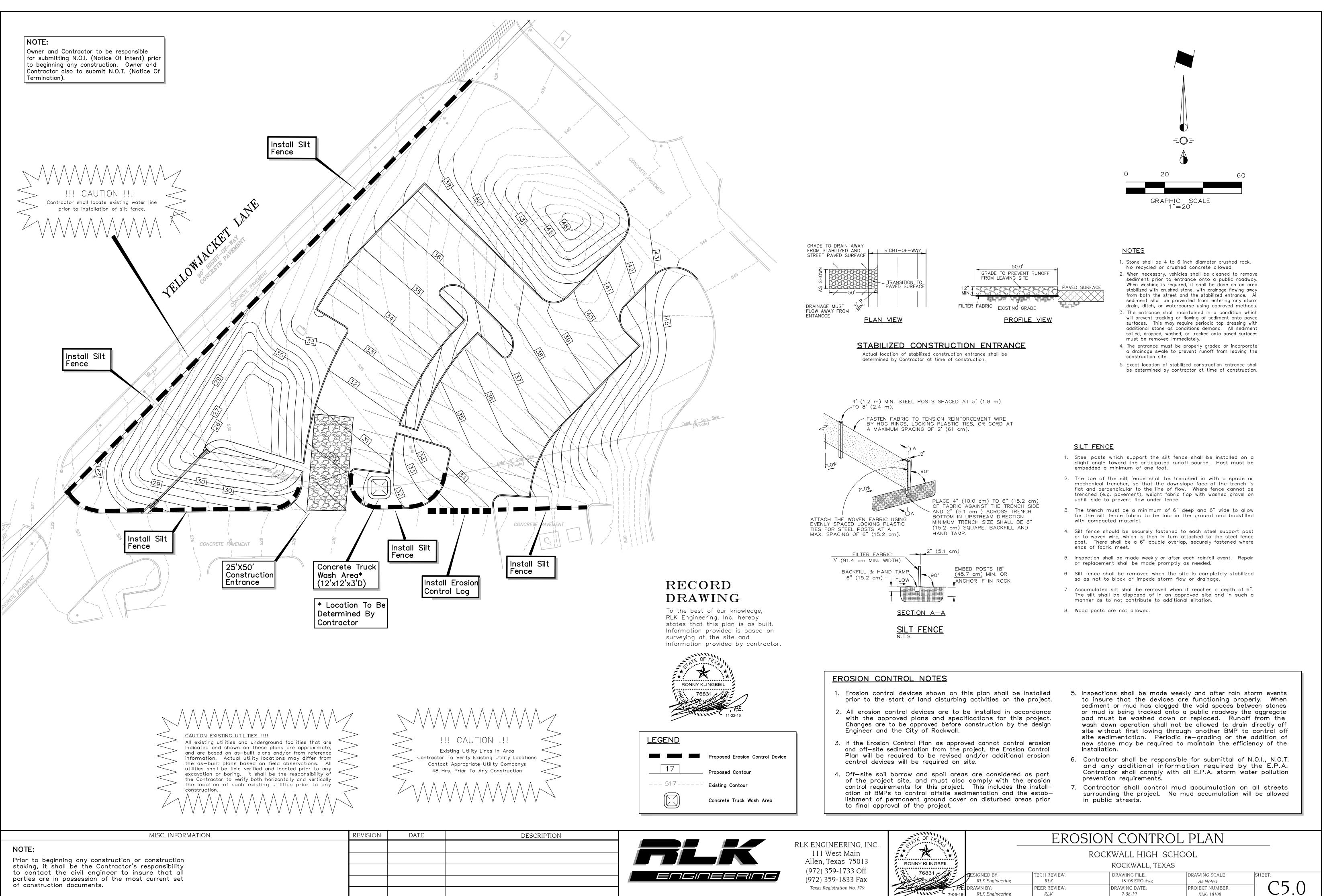
			Inflow	Inflow	Outflow	Outflow	Storage
Duration	Intensity	Depth	Discharge	Volume	Duration	Volume	Volume
(minutes)	(inches/hr)	(inches)	Q=CiA	Cu. Ft.	(minutes)	Cu. Ft.	Cu. Ft.
10	6.10	1.02	3.0	1,808	20	870	93
15	5.50	1.38	2.7	2,445	25	1,088	1,35
20	4.90	1.63	2.4	2,905	30	1,305	1,60
30	4.10	2.05	2.0	3,646	40	1,740	1,90
40	3.40	2.27	1.7	4,031	50	2,175	1,85
50	2.80	2.33	1.4	4,150	60	2,610	1,54
60	2.60	2.60	1.3	4,624	70	3,045	1,57
70	2.40	2.80	1.2	4,980	80	3,480	1,50
80	2.30	3.07	1.1	5,454	90	3,915	1,53
90	2.10	3.15	1.0	5,602	100	4,350	1,25
100	1.90	3.17	0.9	5,632	110	4,785	84
110	1.80	3.30	0.9	5,869	120	5,220	64
					-		
			Re	quired Stora	ige Volume	1,906	cubic fee
						0.04	acre-feet

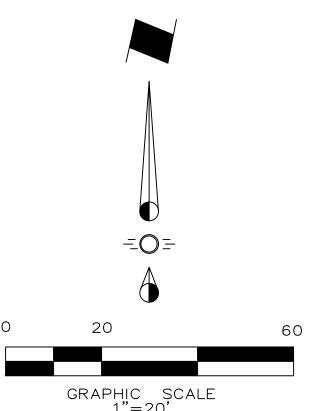
(1.62-.17)

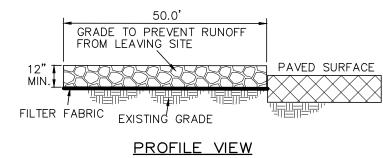
DRAINAGE AREA MAP & CALCULATIONS ROCKWALL HIGH SCHOOL

ROCKWALL, TEXAS

1° 0- 14			ROCKWIEL, ILMO		
	D ESIGNED BY:	TECH REVIEW:	DRAWING FILE:	DRAWING SCALE:	SHEET:
	RLK Engineering	RLK	18108 DAMAP.dwg	As Noted	$\bigcirc \land \land \bigcirc$
, P.E.	DRAWN BY:	PEER REVIEW:	DRAWING DATE:	PROJECT NUMBER:	
- C 7-08-19	RLK Engineering	RLK	7-08-19	RLK: 18108	$\nabla \tau . 0$







SANDBLASTING WASTE MANAGEMENT

DESCRIPTION

The objective of the management program is to minimize the potential of storm water quality degradation from sandblasting activities at construction sites. The key issues in this program are prudent handling and storage of sandblast media, dust suppression, and proper collection and disposal of spent media. It is not the intent of this program to outline all of the worker safety issues pertinent to this practice. Safety issues should be addressed by construction safety programs as well as local, state, and and federal regulations utilized at sites in which Sandblasting waste is present.

INSTALLATION/APPLICATION CRITERIA

Since the media consists of fine abrasive granules, it can be easily transported by running water. Sandblasting activities typically create a significant dust problem which must be contained and collected to prevent off-site migration problem which must be contained and collected to to prevent off-site migration or fines.

Operational Procedures

Use only inert, non-degradable sandblast media.

Use appropriate equipment for the job, do not over-blast. Wherever possible, blast in a downward direction.

Install a wind sock or other wind direction instrument.

Cease blasting activities in high winds or if wind direction could transport grit to drainage facilities.

Install dust shielding around sandblasting areas. Collect and dispose of all spent sandblast grit, use dust containment fabrics and dust collection hoppers and barrels. Non-hazardous sandblast grit may be disposed in permitted construction

debris landfills or permitted sanitary landfills. If sandblast media cannot be fully contained, construct sediment traps downstream from blasting area where appropriate. Use sand fencing where appropriate in areas where blast media cannot be fully contained.

If necessary, install misting equipment to remove sandblast grit from the air — prevent runoff from misting operations from entering drainage svstems.

Use vacuum grit collection systems where possible. Keep records of sandblasting materials, procedures, and weather conditions on a daily basis. Take all reasonable precautions to ensure that sandblasting grit is

contained and kept away from drainage structures.

Educational Issues

Educate all on-site employees of potential dangers to humans and the environment from sandblast grit. Instruct all on-site employees of the potential hazardous nature of sandblast grit and possible symptoms of overexposure to sandblast grit. Instruct operators of sandblasting equipment on safety procedures and personal protection equipment. Instruct operators on proper procedures regarding storage, handling, and containment of sandblast grit.

Instruct operators to recognize unfavorable weather conditions regarding sandblasting activities. Instruct operators and supervisors on current local, state, and federal

regulations regarding fugitive dust and hazardous waste from sandblast Have weekly meetings with operators to discuss and reinforce proper

operational procedures. Establish a continuing education program to indoctrinate new employees.

Material Handling Recommendations

Sandblast media should always be stored under cover away from drainage structures. Ensure that stored media or grit is not subject to transport by wind. Ensure that all sandblasting equipment as well as storage containers comply with local, state, and federal regulations. Refer to Hazardous Waste BMP fact sheet if sandblast grit is known or or suspected to contain hazardous components. Capture and treat runoff which comes into contact with sandblasting material or waste.

Foreman and/or construction supervisor should monitor all sandblasting activities and safety procedures.

Quality Assurance

Educate, and if necessary, discipline workers who violate procedures. Take all reasonable precautions to ensure that sandblast grit is not transported off-site or into drainage facilities.

Requirements

Education and awareness program for all employees regarding control of sandblasting and potential dangers to human's and the environment. Operator and supervisor education program for those directly involved in sandblasting activities - instructions on material handling, proper equipment operation, personal protective equipment, fugitive dust control, record keeping and reporting. Proper sandblast equipment for the job.

Site-specific fugitive dust control and containment equipment. Site-specific fugitive dust control procedure. Compliance by supervisors and workers.

Costs

Minimal cost for training and monitoring. Potential for significant cost for containment procedures on large jobs. Potential for significant costs associated with cleanup, correction and remediation if containment occurs.

LIMITATIONS

Site specific solutions to sandblasting problems may be required. Sandblasting operations on structures known to contain hazardous materials require special procedures not specifically outlined above including professional hazardous waste specialists. Where hazardous materials are known or suspected, a site assessment and remediation plan may be necessary.

DESCRIPTION

The hazardous waste management BMP addresses the problem of storm water polluted with hazardous waste through spills or other forms of contact. The objective of the Management Program is to minimize the potential of storm water contamination from common construction site hazardous wastes through appropriate recognition, handling, storage, and disposal practices.

It is not the intent of this Management Program to supersede or replace normal site assessment and remediation procedures. Significant spills and/or contamination warrant immediate response by trained professionals. Suspected job-site contamination should be immediately reported to regulatory authorities and protective actions taken. The General Permit requires reporting of significant spills to the National Response Center (NRC) at (800)424-8802.

PRIMARY USE These management practices along with applicable OSHA and EPA guidelines should be incorporated at all construction sites which use or generate hazardous wastes. Many wastes such as fuel, oil, grease, fertilizer, and pesticide are present at most construction sites.

Paints

Solvents Stains Wood preservatives Cutting oils Greases Roofing tar Pesticides Fuel and lube oils

Storage Procedures Wherever possible, minimize use of hazardous materials. Minimize generation of hazardous wastes on the job-site. Segregate potentially hazardous waste from non-hazardous construction site debris. handling procedures. (closed drums or similar) and under cover. for spills is high. the container.

Disposal Procedures Regularly schedule hazardous waste removal to minimize on-site storage. Use only reputable, licensed hazardous waste haulers.

Education hazardous wastes.

Quality Assurance

Requirements Job-site waste handling and disposal education and awareness program. Commitment by management to implement hazardous waste management practices. Compliance by workers. Sufficient and appropriate hazardous waste storage containers. Timely removal of stored hazardous waste materials.

Costs

LIMITATIONS contamination. Contaminated soils are not addressed.

DATE

MISC. INFORMATION	REVISION
NOTE:	
Prior to beginning any construction or construction staking, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to contact the civil engineer to insure that all	
parties are in possession of the most current set of construction documents.	

HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

INSTALLATION. APPLICATION AND DISPOSAL CRITERIA

The hazardous waste management techniques presented here are based on proper recognition, handling, and disposal practices by construction workers and supervisors. Key elements of the management program are education, proper disposal practices, as well as provisions for safe storage and disposal. Following are lists describing the targeted materials and recommended procedures: Targeted Hazardous Waste Materials

Lead based paints (Demolition)

- Designate a foreman or supervisor to oversee hazardous materials
- Keep liquid or semi-liquid hazardous waste in appropriate containers
- Store waste materials away from drainage ditches, swales, and catch basins. Use containment berms in fueling and maintenance areas and where the potential
- Ensure that adequate hazardous waste storage volume is available. Ensure that hazardous waste collection containers are conveniently located.
- Do not allow potentially hazardous waste materials to accumulate on the ground. Enforce hazardous waste handling and storage procedures. Clearly mark on all hazardous waste containers which materials are acceptable for

Instruct workers in identification of hazardous waste. Educate workers of potential dangers to humans and the environment from

Instruct workers on safety procedures for common construction site hazardous wastes. Educate all workers on hazardous waste storage and disposal procedures. Have regular meetings to discuss and reinforce identification, handling and disposal procedures (incorporate in regular safety seminars). Establish a continuing education program to indoctrinate new employees.

Foreman and/or construction supervisor shall monitor on-site hazardous waste storage and disposal procedures. Educate, and if necessary, discipline workers who violate procedures. Ensure that the hazardous waste disposal contractor is reputable and licensed.

Possible modest cost impact for additional hazardous storage containers. Small cost impact for training and monitoring. Potential cost impact for hazardous waste collection and disposal by licensed hauler - actual cost depends on type of material and volume.

This practice is not intended to address site-assessments and pre-existing

Major contamination, large spills and other serious hazardous waste incidents require immediate response from specialists. Demolition activities and potential pre-existing materials, such as asbestos, are not addressed by this program. Site specific information on plans is necessary.

DESCRIPTION

One part of a comprehensive construction site waste management program.

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

DESCRIPTION

Large volumes of solid waste are often generated at construction sites including: packaging, pallets, wood waste, concrete waste, soil, electrical wiring, cuttings, and a variety of other materials. The solid waste management practice lists techniques to minimize the potential of storm water contamination from solid waste through appropriate storage and disposal practices.

PRIMARY USE

These practices should be a part of all construction practices. By limiting the trash and debris on site, storm water quality is improved along with reduced clean up requirements at the completion of the project.

APPLICATIONS

The solid waste management practice for construction sites is based on proper storage and disposal practices by construction workers and supervisors. Key elements of the program are education and modification of improper disposal habits. Cooperation and vigilance is required on the part of supervisors and workers to ensure that the recommendations and procedures are followed. Following are lists describing the targeted materials and recommended procedures:

Targeted Solid Waste Materials Paper and cardboard containers Plastic packaging Styrofoam packing and forms Insulation materials (non-hazardous) Wood pallets Wood cuttings Pipe and electrical cuttings Concrete, brick, and mortar waste Shingle cuttings and waste Roofing tar Steel (cuttings, nails, rust residue) Gypsum board cuttings and waste Sheathing cuttings and waste Miscellaneous cutting and waste

Food waste Demolition waste Storage Procedures

Wherever possible, minimize production of solid waste materials. Designate a foreman or supervisor to oversee and enforce proper solid waste procedures. Instruct construction workers in proper solid waste procedures. Segregate potentially hazardous waste from non-hazardous construction site debris. Keep solid waste materials under cover in either a closed dumpster or other enclosed trash container that limits contact with rain and runoff. Store waste materials away from drainage ditches, swales and catch basins. Do not allow trash containers to overflow. Do not allow waste materials to accumulate on the ground. Prohibit littering by workers and visitors. Police site daily for litter and debris. Enforce solid waste handling and storage procedures.

Disposal Procedures

If feasible, segregate recyclable wastes from non-recyclable waste materials and dispose of properly. General construction debris may be hauled to a licensed construction debris landfill (typically less expensive than a sanitary landfill).

Use waste facilities approved by local jurisdiction. Runoff which comes into contact with unprotected waste shall be directed into structural treatment such as silt fence to remove debris.

Education

Educate all workers on solid waste storage and disposal procedures. Instruct workers in identification of solid waste and hazardous waste. Have regular meetings to discuss and reinforce disposal procedures (incorporate in regular safety seminars). Clearly mark on all solid waste containers which materials are acceptable.

Quality Control

Foreman and/or construction supervisor shall monitor on-site solid waste storage and disposal procedures. Discipline workers who repeatedly violate procedures.

Requirements

Jobsite waste handling and disposal education and awareness program. Commitment by management to implement and enforce Solid Waste Management Program. Compliance by workers. Sufficient and appropriate waste storage containers. Timely removal of stored solid waste materials. Possible modest cost impact for additional waste storage containers. Small cost impact for training and monitoring.

LIMITATIONS

Minimal overall cost impact.

Only addresses non-hazardous solid waste. One part of a comprehensive construction site management program.



RLK ENGINEERING, INC. 111 West Main Allen, Texas 75013 (972) 359-1733 Off (972) 359-1833 Fax Texas Registration No. 579

OR THE PURPOSE OF INTERIM REVIEW UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF RONNY KLINGBEIL, P.E. NO. 76831 ON April 2, 2019. IT IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION, BIDDING, OF

CONCRETE WASTE MANAGEMENT

DESCRIPTION

Concrete waste at construction sites comes in two forms; 1) excess fresh concrete mix including truck and equipment washing, and 2) concrete dust and concrete debris resulting from demolition and sawing. Both forms have the potential to impact water quality through storm water runoff contact with the waste. PRIMARY USE

Concrete waste is present at most construction sites. This BMP should be utilized at sites in which concrete waste is present.

APPLICATIONS

A number of water quality parameters can be affected by introduction of concrete - especially fresh concrete. Concrete affects the pH of runoff, causing significant chemical changes in water bodies and harming aquatic life. Suspended solids in the form of both cement and aggregate dust are also Generated from both fresh and demolished concrete waste:

Current Unacceptable Waste Concrete Disposal Practices Dumping in vacant areas on the job-site. Illicit dumping off-jobsite.

Dumping into ditches or drainage facilities.

Recommended Disposal Practices Avoid unacceptable dumping practices listed above. Develop predetermined, safe concrete disposal areas. Provide a washout area with a minimum of 6 cubic feet of containment area volume for every 10 cubic yards of concrete poured. Never dump waste concrete illicitly or without property owners knowledge and consent. Treat runoff from storage area through the use of structural controls as required.

Education

Drivers and equipment operators should be instructed on proper disposal and equipment washing practices (see above). Supervisors must be made aware of the potential environmental consequences of improperly handling concrete waste.

Enforcement

The construction site manager or foreman must ensure that employees and pre-mix companies follow proper procedures for concrete disposal and equipment washing. Employees violating disposal or equipment cleaning directives must be reeducated or disciplined if necessary.

Demolition Practices

Monitor weather and wind direction to ensure concrete dust is not entering drainage structures and surface waters. Where appropriate, construct sediment traps or other types of sediment detention devices downstream of demolition activities.

Requirements

Use predetermined disposal for waste concrete. Prohibit dumping waste concrete anywhere but predetermined areas. Assign predetermined truck and equipment washing areas. Educate drivers and operators on proper disposal and equipment cleaning procedures.

Costs

Minimal cost impact for training and monitoring. Concrete disposal cost depends on availability and distance to suitable disposal

Additional costs involved in equipment washing could be significant.

LIMITATIONS

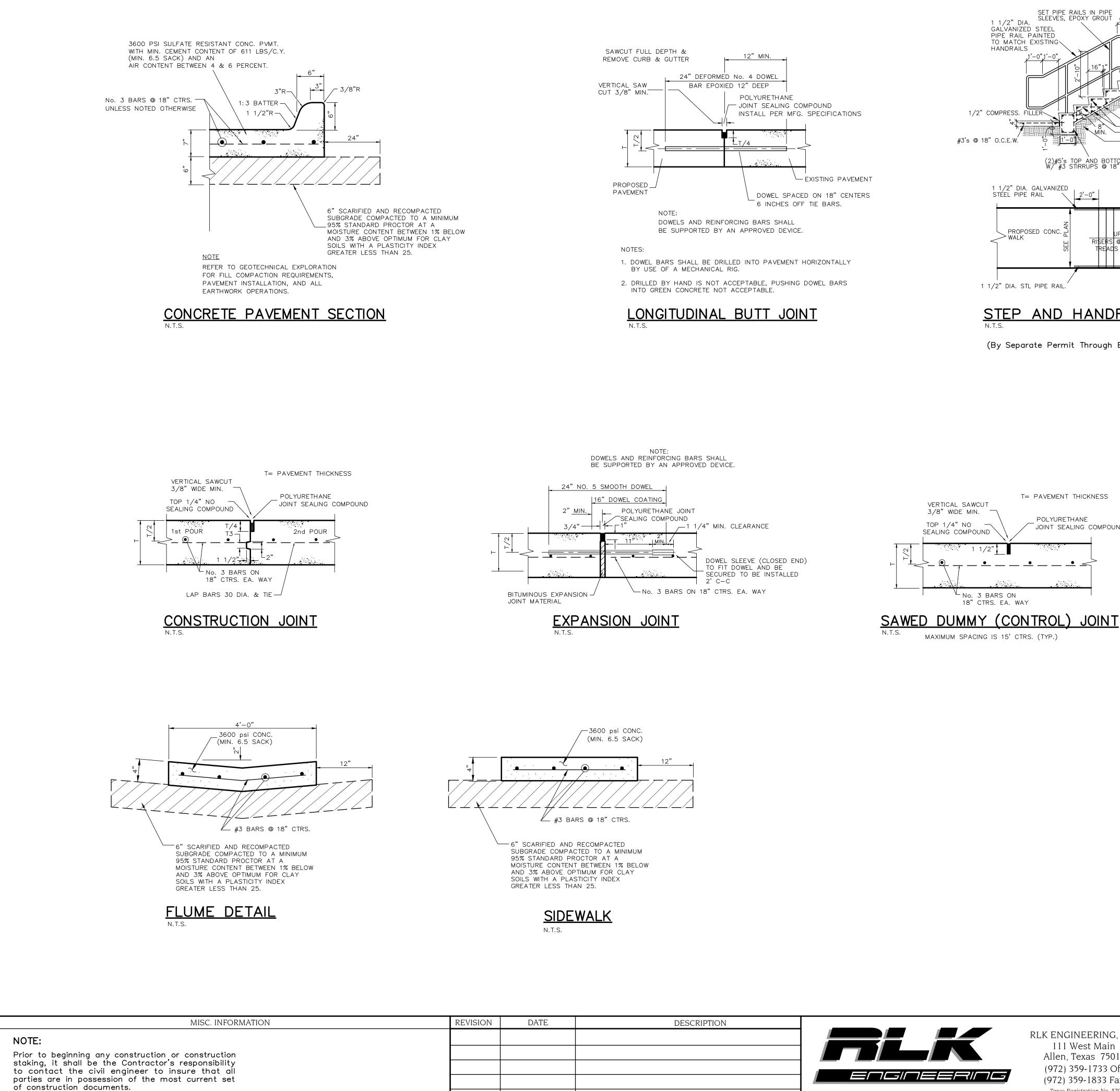
This concrete waste management program is one part of a comprehensive construction site management program.

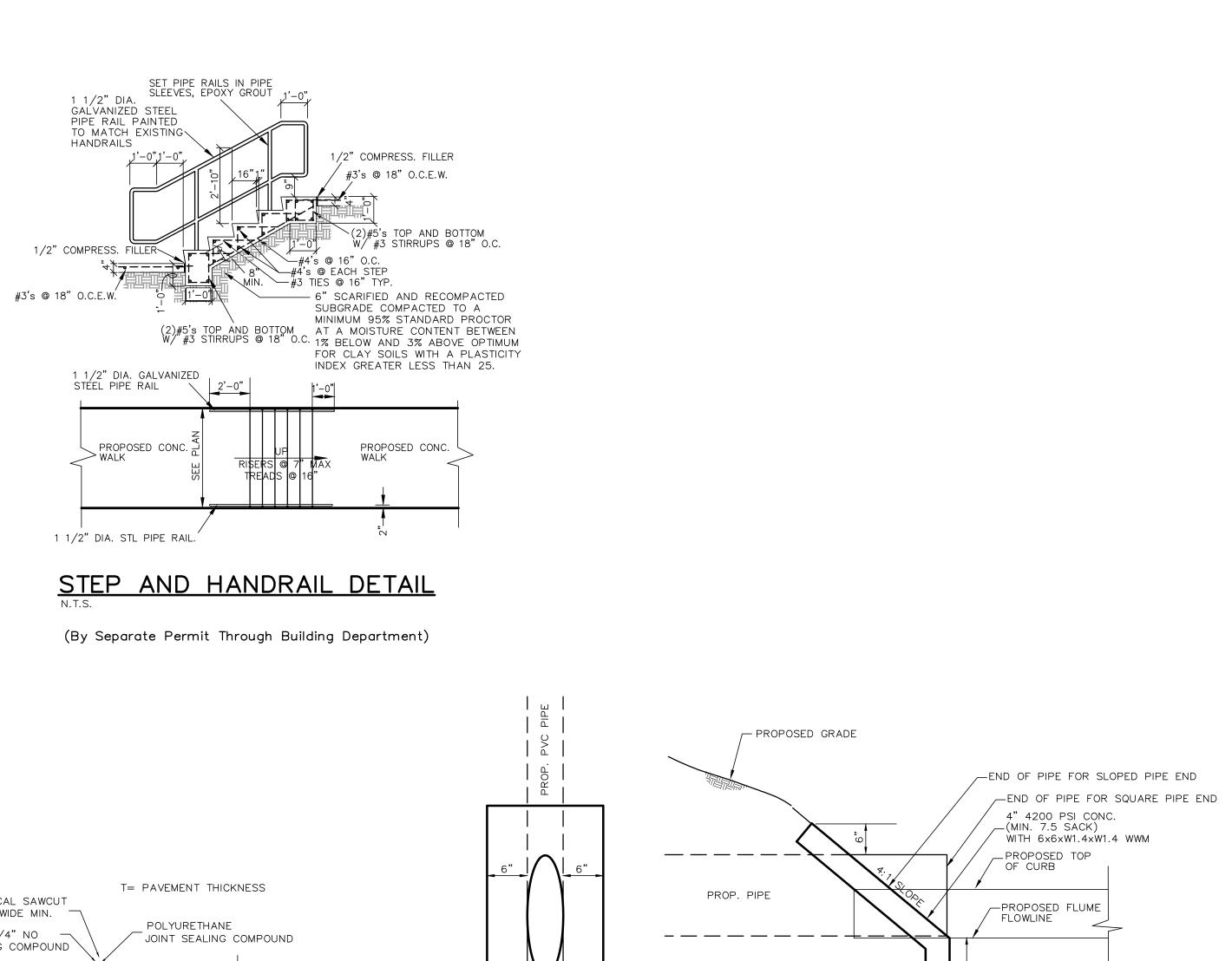
RECORD

To the best of our knowledge, RLK Engineering, Inc. hereby states that this plan is as built. Information provided is based on surveying at the site and information provided by contractor.



DRAWING





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SLOPED HEADWALL DETAIL

SECTION A-A

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3'-0"

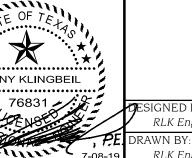
N.T.S.

RECORD DRAWING

To the best of our knowledge, RLK Engineering, Inc. hereby states that this plan is as built. Information provided is based on surveying at the site and information provided by contractor.



NOTE: CITY DETAILS TAKE PRECEDENCE IN CITY R.O.W.



SITE DETAILS					
ROCKWALL HIGH SCHOOL					
		ROCKWALL, TEXA	S		
ESIGNED BY: RLK Engineering	TECH REVIEW: RLK	DRAWING FILE: 18108 DTL.dwg	DRAWING SCALE: As Noted	SHEET:	
DRAWN BY: RLK Engineering	PEER REVIEW: RLK	DRAWING DATE: 7-08-19	PROJECT NUMBER: RLK: 18108	\neg C6.0	