CITY OF ROCKWALL

TRAFFIC SIGNAL INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS

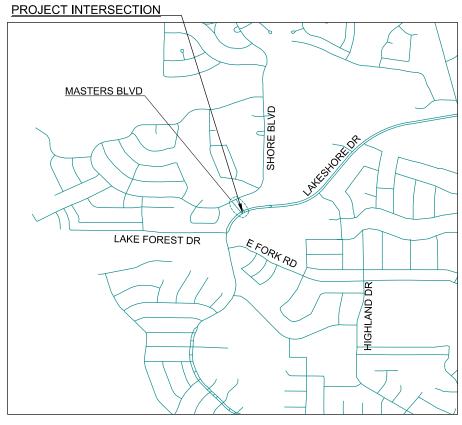
ROCKWALL COUNTY

LIMITS: N. LAKESHORE DRIVE AT MASTERS DRIVE

TYPE OF WORK: FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A TRAFFIC SIGNAL

AND PEDESTRIAN CROSSING IMPROVEMENTS

ROCKWALL COUNTY N.T.S. TXDOT DALLAS DISTRICT





FOR THE CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT CIP2015-015

CITY CONTACT: JEREMY WHITE, P.E. EMAIL: JWHITE@ROCKWALL,COM PHONE: 972-771-7746



MAY 2016 FINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS

REVISIONS

RECORD DRAWINGS:

SEALED FINAL PLANS: 5/4/2016

REVISION 1: 8/8/2016 - ELECTRICAL SERVICE REVISION & ADD SIGN

2/20/2017 - RECORD DRAWINGS

S P. GRANT, P.E., KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC

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ED(2)-14

* 32

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* THE STANDARD SHEETS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED IN THIS INDEX OF SHEETS, HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE SUPERVISION AS BEING APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT.

THOMAS P. GRANT, P.E.

DATE

, P.E.

RECORD DRAWING

INESS. RECORD DIRAMINGS HAVE GEEN PREPARED TO REFLECT ANY CHANGES AND/OR MODIFICATIONS MADE TO THE DESIGN PLANS, PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE CITY SUSPECTOR. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, THE PROJECT HAS BEEN CONSTRUCTED IN SUBSTANTIAL CONFORMANCE WITH THE DESIGN DRAWNS. THE ENGINEERING CONSULTANT IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS EXCEPT FOR WHAT WAS PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE PLAN SET USED FOR BIDDING ORIGINALLY SEALED 5/4/2016 AND REVISED 8/8/2016.

Homas P. Haat, P.E. 2/20/2017
SIGNATURE DATE

MAS P. GRANT, P.E., KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

Kimley » Horn
zon west royal lawe, surte 275, IRVMG, TX 75063
PHONE: 214-420-8500
@ 2017 KIMLEY CHORN CONTROLLING.

FEBRUARY 20, 2017
SCALE AS SHOWN
DESIGNED BY LAS

CITY OF ROCKWALL AKESHORE AT MASTERS

SHEET INDEX

GENERAL NOTES:

Repair or replace any structures and utilities that might have been damaged by negligence or a failure to have utility locates performed.

Perform all electrical work in accordance with the National Electrical Code and Texas Department of Transportation Specifications Consult with appropriate electric company representatives according to their respective area to coordinate electrical services installations.

Provide a formed smooth finish for all portions of drill shafts extending above proposed ground. Include cost for this work in the unit bid price for this item.

Traffic signal pole foundations will be paid for once regardless of extra work caused by obstructions.

Install a 5/8"x10" copper clad ground rod in each traffic signal pole foundation. The ground rod for each foundation will protrude above the finish grade of the foundation a minimum of 1" and a maximum of 2".

Concrete removal required for installation of drilled shafts will be subsidiary to Item 416.

Provide sulfate resistant concrete for all drilled shafts

Material On Hand (MOH) will not be used in calculating partial payments for Mobilization.

Provide grooved joints at 10-foot intervals and % inch expansion joint material for doweled curb at the same locations as on the existing pavement.

For Curb and Gutter sections, provide grooved joints at 10-foot intervals and 3/4 inch expansion joint material at a maximum of 50-foot centers and at all radius points and inlets.

Curb and Gutter transitions will be paid for by the foot at the unit price for the corresponding curb or curb and gutter section. Saw joints at the same location as on the existing pavement.

Form a 3/4-inch chamfer on the top edge of each pedestal pole foundation.

Furnish one type of post throughout the project except as specifically noted in the plans.

Probe for utilities and underground structures prior to drilling foundations. Foundations shall be paid for once regardless of extra work caused by obstructions.

Provide submittal literature for all traffic signal equipment before installation

Furnish and install a new controller (eight phase NEMA TS 2 Type 2) and cabinet (NEMA TS 2 Size 6, 16 position load bay), meeting the requirements of Departmental Materials Specifications DMS-11170. Provide the cabinet with an "A" connector harness for NEMA TS 2 Type 2 controllers. Provide detector panel toggle switches with a fixed position that additionally permit the user to disconnect the detector. Provide a pole-mounted cabinet that has three brackets for pole mounting.

Provide three (4) cameras for this project, including one (1) spare camera

Provide a set-up system. Load required set-up software onto all of the City Signal Shop's notebook computers and provide all necessary licensing. The Contractor does not provide computers as part of the set-up system.

Ensure the C/VPU operational software is stored internally in flash memory and capable of being updated without the removal and replacement of memory devices.

Install the VIVDS detection zones as directed. Have qualified personnel on site at the time of the signal turn-on to assist with the installation of VIVDS detection zones.

If the camera locations shown in the plans do not allow for proper sight of the proposed detection zones, relocate the cameras as needed and as directed. This labor and material cost will not be paid separately, but is subsidiary to this item.

Item 502:

Access will be provided to all business and residences at all times.

Provide written proposed lane closure information by 1:00 pm on the business day prior to the proposed closures. Do not close lanes when this requirement is not met.

Place barricades and signs in locations that do not obstruct the sight distance of drivers

Do not commence work on the road before sunrise and adhere to the Freeway Lane Closure Table. Do not operate or park any equipment/machinery closer than 30 feet from the traveled roadway after sunset unless authorized by the City.

When moving unlicensed equipment on or across any pavement or public highways, protect the pavement from all damage using an acceptable method

Limit lane closures to the hours between 9:00 am and 3:30 pm. Work in other areas of the project is not restricted to this time frame.

Item 618:

The location of conduits and ground boxes are diagrammatic shown and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions as directed.

Secure permission and approval from the proper authority prior to cutting into or removing any sidewalks or curbs for installation of this Item. When holes are drilled through concrete structures, use a coring device. Do not use masonry or concrete drills.

Place conduit under existing pavement by an approved boring method. Do not place boring pits closer than 2 feet from the edge of the pavement unless otherwise directed. Do not use water jetting. When conduits are bored, do not exceed 18 inches in the vertical and horizontal tolerances as measured from the intended target point.

Do not use a pneumatically driven device for punching holes beneath the pavement (commonly known as a "missile").

Furnish and install a non-metallic mule tane in conduit runs in excess of 50 feet. Also furnish and install non-metallic mule tane in conduit installed for future use and can using standard weather-tight conduit caps, as approved. Furnish Garvin # PT-1250-3K, ComStar PUL 1250P3K, Ideal Part No. 31-315 or equal as approved by the Engineer. This work will not be paid for directly, but is subsidiary to this Item.

Use a colored cleaner-primer on all PVC to PVC joints before application of PVC cement.

Seal all conduit ends with a permanently soft, non-toxic duct seal. Use a duct seal that does not adversely affect other plastic materials or corrode metals.

2" Schedule 80 PVC will be used at the power pole to supply electricity to underground services.

The equipment grounding conductor shall be identified by a continuous green colored jacket insulation or bare wire. Grounded conductors (Neutral) shall be identified by a continuous white colored jacket. Ungrounded conductors (Hot) in a 120/240v or 240/480v system shall be identified by each pole or leg. For 240-volt branch circuit fed from 120/240 source and 480-volt branch circuit fed from 240/480 source, ensure one leg is identified by a continuous black colored jacket and the other leg by a continuous red colored jacket.

Slack conductors required by Standard Sheet ED(3)-14 will be subsidiary to Item 624.

Concrete removal required for installation of ground boxes will be subsidiary to Item 624.

Contact the appropriate utility company during the first three weeks of the project lead-time period to allow adequate time for any necessary utility adjustments, transformer installation, etc. Label the service enclosures indicating service address as well as all required information as shown on the Electrical Detail (ED) standard sheets. Labeling shall be silk screening or other acceptable method. This work will not be paid for directly, but is subsidiary to this Item.

A Licensed Master Electrician shall be required to install all electrical services

Item 644:

Prior to taking elevations to determine lengths for fabrication of sign posts, obtain verification of all proposed locations.

All sign mounts shall have a clamp base system for all small roadside sign assemblies.

A water blasting method approved by the Engineer will be the only method allowed for the removal of permanent and temporary pavement markings except on a sealcoat surface. A 2 foot wide sealcoat will be required on sealcoat surfaces to eliminate permanent and temporary pavement markings.

Item 680:

Requirements for this Item include the following work, all of which are subsidiary to this Item:

- 1. Provide submittal literature for all traffic signal equipment before installation.
 2. Furnish and install a new controller (eight phase NEMA TS 2 Type 2) and cabinet (NEMA TS 2 Size 6, 16 position load bay), meeting the requirements of Departmental Materials Specifications DMS-11170. Provide the cabinet with an "A" connector harness for NEMA TS 2 Type 2 controllers. Provide detector panel toggle switches that additionally permit the user to disconnect the detector. For a pole-mount controller, provide three mounting brackets and install a 5' x 5' x 4" Class A concrete foundation under the cabinet in accordance to Items
- 3. Install the controller cabinet in an orientation as directed.
- 4. Connect all field wiring to the controller assembly, including solid state relay (SSR) coaxial cable termination into the polyphaser. The City will assist in determining how the detection cables are to be connected, and will also program the controller for operation, hook up the malfunction management unit (MMU) or conflict monitor, detector units, and other equipment, and turn on the controller. Have a qualified technician and a representative from the controller supplier on the project site to place the traffic signals in operation
- 5. Furnish and install all sign panels for mounting on signal poles, mast arms, and span wires. Fabricate the sign panels in accordance with Item 636, and mount with Astro-Sign Brac,
- Signfix aluminum channel, or equal as approved by the Engineer. Submit five (5) sets of shop drawings for street name signs.

 6. Provide 250W HPS Equivalent LED Fixtures with 240 volt electronic LED drivers as shown on the Material Producers List.
- 7. Remove the existing stop sign panels after the traffic signals are in operation.
- 8. Furnish and Install the emergency vehicle preemption equipment.
- Have a qualified technician on the project site to place the traffic signal in operation.
- 10. Use qualified personnel to respond to and diagnose all trouble calls during the thirty-day test period. Repair any malfunction to Contractor-supplied signal equipment. Provide to the Engineer a local telephone number, not subject to frequent changes and available on a 24-hour basis, for reporting trouble calls. Response time to reported calls must be less than 2 hours. Make appropriate repairs within 24 hours. Place a logbook in the controller cabinet and keep a record of each trouble call reported. Notify the Engineer of each trouble call. Do not clear the error log in the conflict monitor or MMU during the thirty-day test period without approval.
- 11. Prevent any damage to property owner's poles, fences, shrubs, mailboxes, etc. Protect all underground and overhead utilities and repair any damage. Provide access to all driveways during construction. The Contractor shall protect the existing neighborhood development walls to avoid damage. Contractor shall be responsible for any damage inflicted to the walls
- 12. The Contractor shall restore any site construction impacts to a similar or better condition subsidiary to TxDOT Item 680. This restoration includes but is not limited to turf restoration. sodding, or irrigation

Install signal head attachments so that the wiring to each signal head passes from the mast arm through the attachment hardware to the signal head. Do not leave cable or wiring exposed. Provide signal head attachments that allow for adjustment about the horizontal and vertical axis.

Provide aluminum pedestrian and vehicle signal heads in the following color: Federal Yellow #13538 of Federal Standard 595. Provide non-painted aluminum tubing. Provide back plates

and the inside of visors with a flat black finish. Provide aluminum vented back plates for all traffic signal heads.

Turn down signal heads or cover with burlap or other material, as approved, until traffic signal is placed in operation.

Mount signal heads level and plumb and aim as directed.

Item 684:

Identify each cable as shown on the plans (cable 1, etc.) with permanent marking labels (Panduit Type PLM standard single marker tie, Thomas&Betts Type 548M, or equal) at each ground box, pole base, and controller.

Item 686:

Provide 12 circuit Buchanan Type 112SN, Kulka Type 985-GP-12 CU, or equal terminal strips in the signal pole access compartment. Provide additional terminal strips of 8 circuits each when more than 12 circuits are required. The conductors for the Line and Load side of the terminal strip shall be identified with a plastic label with two straps per tag. The line side shall have each signal head, PED head, and push button identified on the tag.

Mark pole shafts and mast arms with the identification numbers from the plans to facilitate field-assembly. Identify pole shafts and mast arms by intersection for projects with multiple intersections.

Provide nuts on top and bottom (double nuts) of the base plate as shown on the plans.

Set anchor bolts for mast arm signal poles and strain poles so that two are in tension and two are in compression. Obtain approval of anchor bolt placement before placing concrete Provide vertical dearance of 17 to 19 feet from the roadway to the lowest point of the signal head or mast arm. Place signal heads 40 feet minimum and 180 feet maximum from the stop line. If the nearest signal is more than 180 feet from the stop line, place a supplemental near-side signal head. Determine the field measurements and elevations from the actual field location of the poles, considering all above and below ground utilities and existing roadway elevations.

Provide vibration dampers for mast arms 28 feet to 48 feet in length. Install as shown on MA-DPD-12.

Verify the location of the APS units and the direction of the arrows on the signs prior to installation.

TS 41

Aluminum signs shall be made according to the standards outlined in the TXDOT 'Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas' manual, 2012 edition, Revision 1 - October 2014.

ILSN Street name signs shall be double-sided. LED illuminated, and mounted from the ILSN arm provided on each traffic signal pole. Contractor shall coordinate with the City on design of ILSNS and provide shop drawings of the signs for approval to the City prior to manufacturing the signs.

TS 44, TS 45, TS46

Opticom System shall include:

- (2 EA) 3M 721 Opticom Detectors
- (1 EA) 3M 380 Card Rack
- (1 EA) 3M 762 Phase Selecto
- (2 FA) Narrow Hub Onticom Detector Brackers (418 LF) 138 Opticom Cable

TS 69

Any adjustments required to the irrigation system shall be subsidiary to this item to maintain the existing irrigation operations. No additional pay will be accepted for additional irrigation work.

Other Notes:

Follow all applicable construction notes included in the "City of Rockwall Construction Notes" Revised November, 2015. This document can be found on the City's web site.

Contractor shall protect pedestrian safety while curb ramps are being removed and reconstructed.

RECORD DRAWINGS

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B/8/2016.

Thomas P. Shart, P.E. 2/20/2017 OMAS P. GRANT, P.E., KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

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CITY OF ROCKWALL LAKESHORE AT MASTERS

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Jonas P. Jaat, P.E. 2/20/2017
SIGNATURE DATE
THOMAS P. GRANT, P.E., KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

		CONTRACTOR PROVIDED AND CONTRACTOR LABOR (TRAFFIC SIGNAL)		QUANTITIES
				LAKESHORE
BID ITEM	TxDOT#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNITS	AT MASTERS
TS 1	500 6001	MOBILIZATION	LS	1
TS 2	502 6001	BARRICADES, SIGNS, AND TRAFFIC HANDLING	LS	1
TS 3	416 6030	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (24 IN)	LF	16
TS 4	416 6032	DRILL SHAFT (TRF SIG POLE) (36 IN)	LF	39
TS 5	618 6023	CONDT (PVC) (SCHD 40) (2")	LF	585
TS 6	618 6024	CONDT (PVC) (SCHD 40) (2") (BORE)	LF	420
TS 7	618 6029	CONDT (PVC) (SCHD 40) (3")	LF	105
TS 8	618 6033	CONDT (PVC) (SCHD 40) (4")	LF	210
TS 9	618 6034	CONDT (PVC) (SCHD 40) (4") (BORE)	LF	265
TS 10	620 6012	ELEC CONDR (NO. 4) INSULATED	LF	1,714
TS 11	620 6009	ELEC CONDR (NO. 6) BARE	LF	1,656
TS 12	620 6008	ELEC CONDR (NO. 8) INSULATED	LF	2,544
TS 13	620 6004	ELEC CONDR (NO. 12) INSULATED	LF	450
TS 14	624 6008	GROUND BOXTY C (162911) W/APRON	EA	7
TS 15	628 6115	ELC SRV TY D 120 / 240 060 (NS) AL (E) PS (U)	EA	1
TS 16	680 6002	INSTALL HWY TRF SIG (ISOLATED)	EA	1
TS 17	684 6007	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (12 AWG) (2 CONDR)	LF	604
TS 18	684 6031	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (14 AWG) (5 CONDR)	LF	395
TS 19	684 6033	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (14 AWG) (7 CONDR)	LF	65
TS 20	684 6036	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (14 AWG) (10 CONDR)	LF	285
TS 21	684 6046	TRF SIG CBL (TY A) (14 AWG) (20 CONDR)	LF	524
TS 22	682 6035	BACK PLATE (12")(3 SEC)(VENTED)ALUM	EA	7
TS 23	682 6036	BACK PLATE (12")(4 SEC)(VENTED)ALUM	EA	1
TS 24	682 6001	VEH SIG SEC (12 IN) LED (GRN)	EA	7
TS 25	682 6002	VEH SIG SEC (12 IN) LED (GRN ARW)	EA	1
TS 26	682 6003	VEH SIG SEC (12 IN) LED (YEL)	EA	7
TS 27	682 6004	VEH SIG SEC (12 IN) LED (YEL ARW)	EA	2
TS 28	682 6005	VEH SIG SEC (12 IN) LED (RED)	EA	7
TS 29	682 6006	VEH SIG SEC (12 IN) LED (RED ARW)	EA	1
TS 30	686 6044	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S) 1 ARM (40') LUM & ILSN	EA	1
TS 31	686 6048	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S) 1 ARM (44') LUM & ILSN	EA	1
TS 32	686 6052	INS TRF SIG PL AM(S) 1 ARM (48') LUM & ILSN	EA	1
TS 33	687 6002	PED PUSH BUTTON STATION ASSEMBLY	EA	1
TS 34	687 6001	PED POLE ASSEMBLY	EA	2
TS 35	6002 6001	VIVDS PROCESSOR SYSTEM	EA	1
TS 36	6002 6002	VIVDS CAMERA ASSEMBLY	EA	3
TS 37	6002 6003	VIVDS SET-UP SYSTEM	EA	1
TS 38	6002 6005	VIVDS COMMUNICATION CABLE (COAXIAL)	LF	680
TS 39	682 6018	PED SIG SEC (LED)(COUNTDOWN)	EA	4
TS 40	688 6001	PED DETECT PUSH BUTTON (APS)	EA	4
TS 41		SIGNAL RELATED ALUMINUM SIGNS	EA	3
TS 42		SIGNAL RELATED LED ILSN SIGNS (DUAL SIDED)	EA	3
TS 43	690 6036	CABINET PAD AND CABINET BASE	EA	1
TS 44		OPTICOM PROCESSOR SYSTEM	EA	1
TS 45		OPTICOM CAMERA ASSEMBLY	EA	2
TS 46		OPTICOM CABLE	LF	418
TS 47		CONTROLLER CABINET AND EQUIPMENT	EA	1
TS 48	6000 6039	LED TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE LUMINAIRES	EA	3

		CONTRACTOR TO REMOVE AND/OR RELOCATE		QUANTITIES
				LAKESHORE
BID ITEM	TxDOT#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNITS	AT MASTERS
TS 49	644 6080	REMOVE AND RELOCATE EX PED CROSSING SIGN	EA	2
TS 50	677 6001	REMOVE 4" PVMT MRK (W)	LF	640
TS 51	104 6015	REMOVE 4' SIDEWALK	SY	41
TS 52	677 6005	REMOVE 12" PVMT MRKG (W) STOP BAR	LF	25
TS 53	104 6022	REMOVE CONC CURB	LF	94
TS 54	104 6015	REMOVE WHEEL CHAIR RAMP	SY	15
TS 55	610 2072	REMOVE RDWY ILL ASSEM	EA	1

		CONTRACTOR PROVIDED AND CONTRACTOR LABOR (PAVEMENT AND STRIPING)		QUANTITIES
				LAKESHORE
BID ITEM	TxDOT#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	UNITS	AT MASTERS
TS 56	531 6018	INSTALL CURB RAMP (TY 1)	EA	1
TS 57	531 6014	INSTALL CURB RAMP (TY 11)	EA	2
TS 58	531 6016	INSTALL CURB RAMP (TY 21)	EA	2
TS 59	531 6019	INSTALL CURB RAMP (TY 2)	EA	1
TS 60	536 6004	INSTALL CONC DIRECTIONAL ISLAND	SY	6
TS 61	536 6005	INSTALL CONC MEDIAN NOSE	SY	6
TS 62	529 6002	INSTALL CONC CURB (TY II)	LF	135
TS 63	531 6001	INSTALL CONC SIDEWALK (4')	SY	35
TS 64	668 6085	INSTALL PV MRK TY C (W) (ONLY)	EA	3
TS 65	668 6077	INSTALL PV MRK TY C (W) (ARROW)	EA	3
TS 66	668 6064	INSTALL PV MRK TY C (W) (4") (SLD)	LF	100
TS 67	668 6076	INSTALL PV MRK TY C (W) (24") (SLD) - STOP BAR	LF	82
TS 68	668 6076	INSTALL PV MRK TY C (W) (24") (SLD) - INTERSECTION CROSSWALKS	LF	160
TS 69		IRRIGATION SYSTEM ADJUSTMENTS FOR ENTIRE INTERSECTION	LS	1

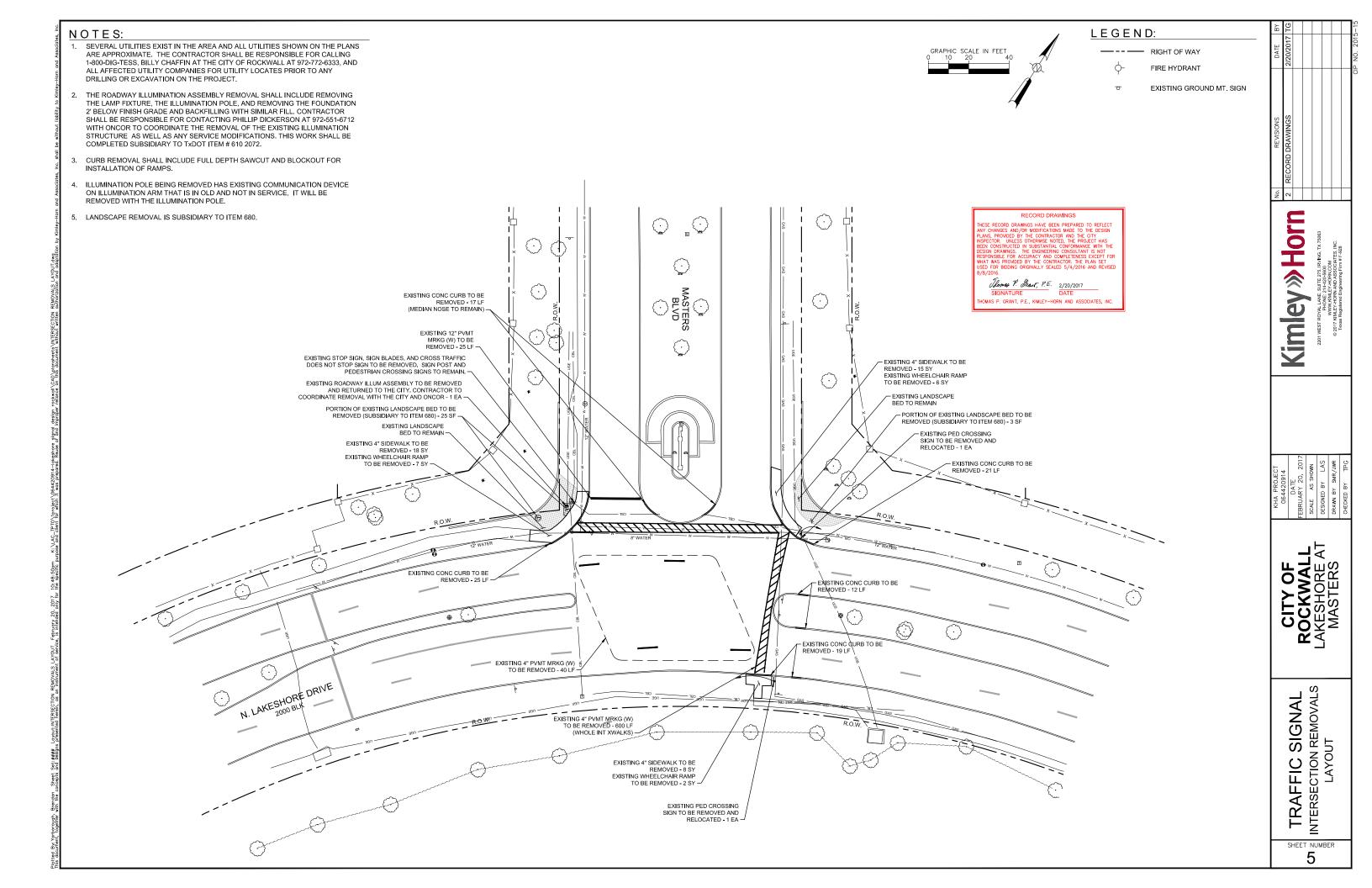
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REVISIONS	SIGNAGE AND ELECT SERVICE	RECORD DRAWINGS			
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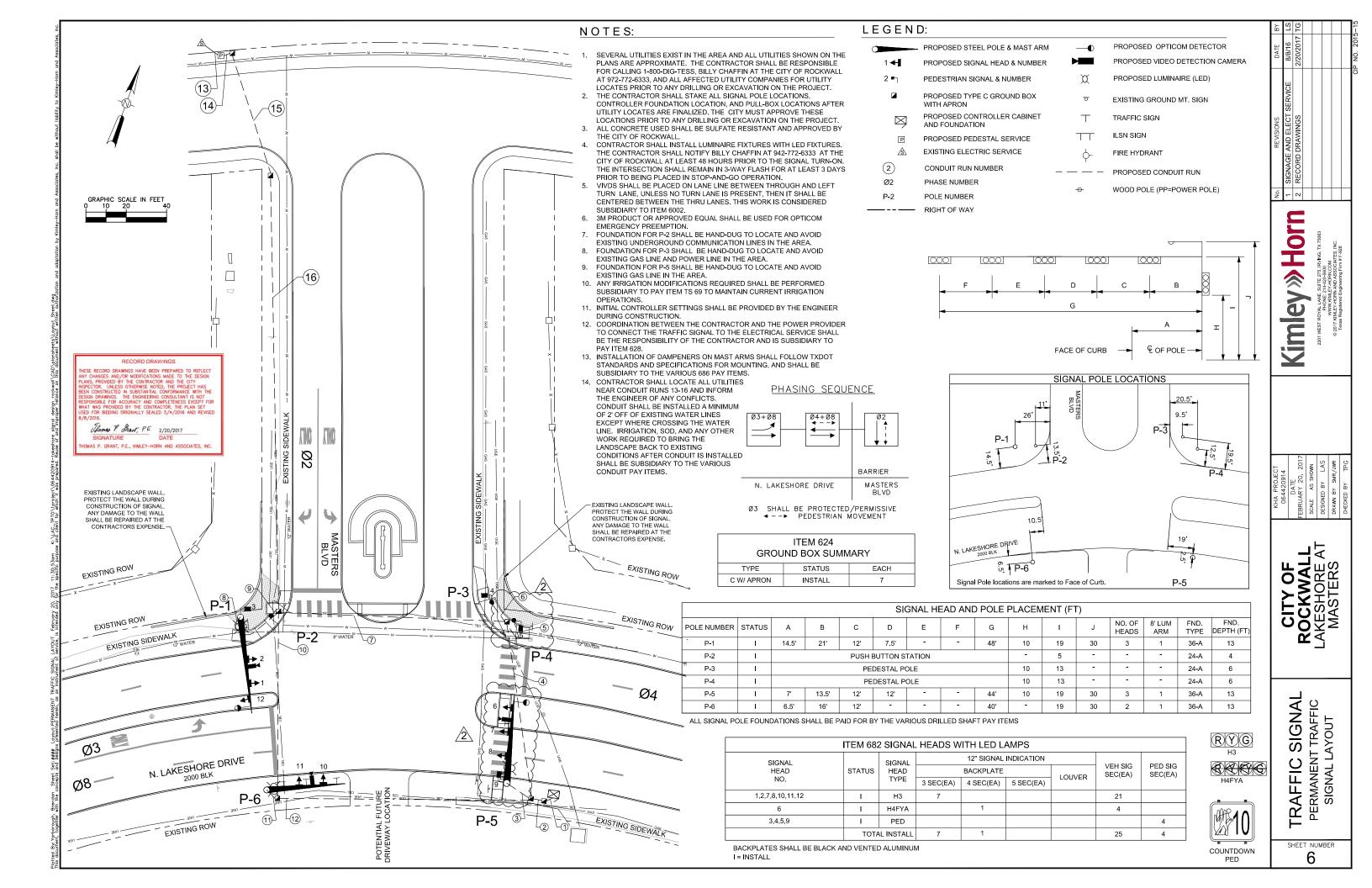


064420914	DATE	FEBRUARY 20, 2017	SCALE AS SHOWN	DESIGNED BY LAS	GWI/ GWS YS NWAGO

CITY OF ROCKWALL LAKESHORE AT MASTERS

QUANTITY SUMMARY





							SUI	MM	ARY C	F COI	NDUIT	AND C	ABLES							
	Sn	ITEN			PE CO				ITEM 620 ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS				4	ITEM 684 ELECTRICAL			z			
RUN NUMBER	CONDUIT STATUS	2" PVC (TRENCH)	2" PVC (BORE)	3" PVC (TRENCH)	3" PVC (BORE)	4" PVC (TRENCH)	4" PVC (BORE)	CABLE STATUS	NO. 4 XHHW WIRE	NO. 6 BARE WIRE	NO. 8 XHHW WIRE (LUM)	NO. 8 XHHW WIRE (ILSN)	VIVDS COAXIAL CABLE	VIVDS COAXIAL CABLE OPTICOM CABLE	2 COND. #12 AWG	10 COND. #14 AWG	20 COND. #14 AWG	LENGTH OF RUN	RUN NUMBER	
1A	1					10		-1		1			1		4	2	3	10	1A	
1B	1					10		1		1			2	2				10	1B	
1C	1	10						1	3	1								10	1C	
1D	 *	10						-1		1								10	1D	
2A	Ţ					10		Ţ		1			1		4	2	3	10	2A	
2B	I					10		1		1			2	2				10	2B	
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8	I			35				I		1	4	4	1	1			1	_35_	8	
9	I			10				I		1					1			10	9	
10A	I					20	75	ı		1								95	10A	
10B	I *	20	75					I		1								95	10B	
10C	1	20	75					1	3	1	2	2						95	10C	
11	ı			10				ı		1	4	4	1				1	10	11	
12A	1					110	20	1		1	2	2	1				1	130	12A	
12B	*	110	20					- 1		1								130	12B	
12C	ı	110	20					ı	3	1								130	12C	
13	1	15						1	3									15	13	
14	I	10						- [3	1	2	2						10	14	
15	1	erante:	60					1	3	1	2	2						60	15	
16	I	220							3	1	2	2	The Control of the					220	16	
				CA	BLE T	OTAL	S (LF)		1714	1,656	1,272	1,272	520	328	584	285	524			
NOTES	3.																			

1.) STATUS IS "I" NSTALL OR "E" XISTING OR "*" FUTURE

2) WIRE QUANTITIES IN THE ABOVE TABLES ARE INCREASED 8' PER RUN FOR CONDUIT AND 8' PER RUN TO ACCOUNT FOR STUB UP REQUIREMENTS AND TO PROVIDE 2' SPARE CABLE AT EACH END.
3.) OPTICOM AND VIVDS WIRING IS SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

SIGNAL POLE LOCATIONS Ø2 MASTERS BLVD P-3 P-2 **−** Ø4 N. LAKESHORE DRIVE POTENTIAL DRIVEWAY P-5

RECORD DRAWINGS

CORD DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN PREPARED TO REFLECT
NGES AND/OR MODIFICATIONS MADE TO THE DESIGN
ROWDED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE CITY
R. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, THE PROJECT HAS
STRUCTED IN SUBSTANTIAL CONFORMANCE WITH THE
RAWS. THE PROMEERING CONDUCTIONS DAYS
FOR THE PROMEERING CONDUCTIONS EXACT FOR
SERVOYED, BY THE CONTRACTOR THE FLAX ST FOR
SERVOYED, BY THE CONTRACTOR THE FLAX ST

Thomas P. Shant, P.E. 2/20/2017
SIGNATURE
DATE MAS P. GRANT, P.E., KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.

- CONDUIT LENGTHS ADJUSTED TO MATCH ADJUSTED GROUND BOX LOCATION. NO FINAL QUANTITIES HAVE BEEN ADJUSTED.

			ABLE TERMINA	ATION CHART		
	CNDR COLOR	CABLE 1 FROM P-1 TO CNTRL 20 CNDR	CABLE 2 FROM P-3 TO CNTRL 10 CNDR	CABLE 3 FROM P-4 TO CNTRL 10 CNDR	CABLE 4 FROM P-5 TO CNTRL 20 CNDR	CABLE 5 FROM P-6 TO CNTRL 20 CNDR
1	BLACK	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SH 6 ← Y	SPARE
2	WHITE	S. COMMON				
3	RED	SH 1,2 R	SPARE	SPARE	SH 7,8 R	SH 10,11 R
4	GREEN	SH 1,2 G	SPARE	SPARE	SH 7,8 G	SH 10,11 G
5	ORANGE	SH 1,2 Y	SPARE	SPARE	SH 7,8 Y	SH 10,11 Y
6	BLUE	SPARE	SH 4 DW	SPARE	SH 6 ← G	SPARE
7	WHITE/ BLACK	SPARE	SH 4 W	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE
8	RED/ BLACK	SPARE	SPARE	SH 5 DW	SH 9 DW	SPARE
9	GREEN/ BLACK	SPARE	SPARE	SH 5 W	SH 9 W	SPARE
10	ORANGE/ BLACK	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE
11	BLUE/BLACK	SPARE			SPARE	SPARE
12	BLACK/WHITE	SPARE			SPARE	SPARE
13	RED/WHITE	SPARE			SH 6 ← R	SPARE
14	GREEN/WHITE	SH 3 W			SPARE	SPARE
15	BLUE/WHITE	SH 4 DW			SPARE	SPARE
16	BLACK/RED	SH 12 Y			SPARE	SPARE
17	WHITE/RED	SPARE			SPARE	SPARE
18	ORANGE/RED	SPARE			SH 6	SPARE
19	BLUE/RED	SH 12 G			SPARE	SPARE
20	RED/GREEN	SH 12 R			SPARE	SPARE

NOTE: 2 CONDUCTOR 12 AWG TO BE RUN TO EACH APS PUSH BUTTON STATION NOTE: POLE P-2 NOT SHOWN ON CHART, POLE P-2 ONLY HAS 2 CONDUCTOR INSIDE IT FOR THE **PUSH BUTTON**

ELECTRICAL SERVICE DATA													
ELECTRICAL SERVICE	ELECTRICAL SERVICE DESCRIPTION SEE ED(4)	SERVICE CONDUIT SIZE (RMC)	SERVICE CONDUCTORS NO./SIZE	MAIN DISCONNECT CKT. BKR. POLE/AMP	TWO-POLE CONTACT AMPS	PANELBD/ LOADCENTER AMP RATING (MIN.)	CIRCUIT NO.	BRANCH CKT. BRK. POLE/AMPS	KVA LOAD				
1	TY D (120/240) 060 (NS) AL (E) PS (U)	2"	3/#4	2P/60	30	100	T.S LUM ILSN	1P/50 2P/15 2P/15	<9.4				

CABLE/WIRE INSIDE POLE (FT)										
POLE NUMBER	ITEM 620	ITEM 684 ITEM 684 TY-A CABLE TY-C			OS ILE	OM				
	NO. 12 XHHW	5 CNDR 14 AWG	7 CNDR 14 AWG	2 CNDR 12 AWG	VIVDS	OPTICOM				
P-1	150	180			50	45				
P-2				5						
P-3		10		5						
P-4		10		5						
P-5	150	100	65	5	60	45				
P-6	150	95			50					
TOTALS	450	395	65	20	160	90				

2 CNDR 12 AWG TO BE RUN TO EACH APS PUSH BUTTON STATION	
---	--

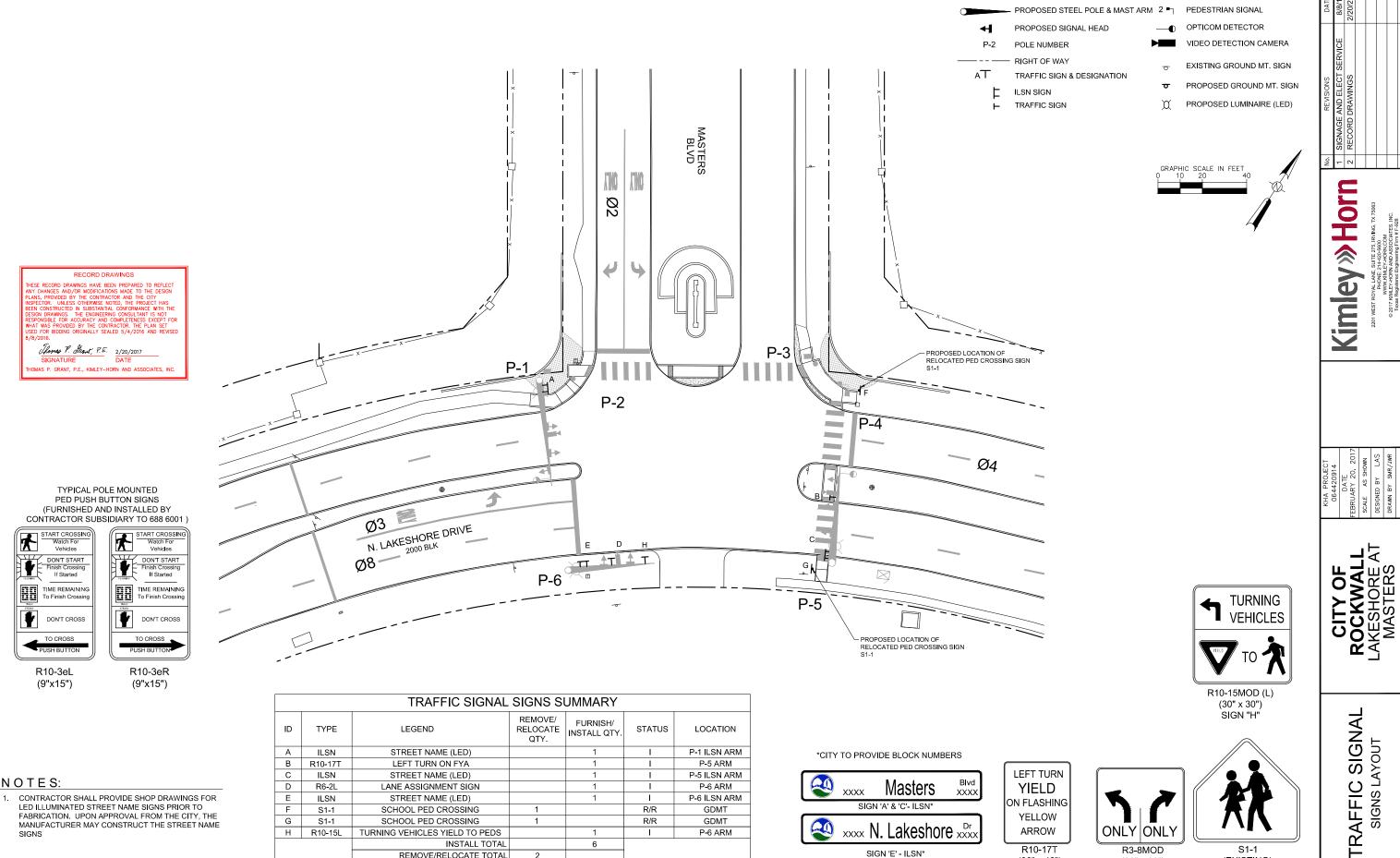
CONDUIT T	OTALS (LF)	
2" TRENCH	585	
2" BORE	420	
3" TRENCH	105	
3" BORE	0	
4" TRENCH	210	
4" BORE	265	

PEDESTRIAN DETAILS										
PED INDICATION	LOCATION	STATUS	APS UNITS (EA)							
Ø4	P-2, P-3	INSTALL	2							
Ø2	P-4, P-5	INSTALL	2							
		TOTAL	4							

Kimley » Horn

CITY OF ROCKWALL LAKESHORE AT MASTERS

TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUMMARY CHARTS



P-6 ARM

NOTES:

START CROSSING
Watch For
Vehicles

DON'T START
Finish Crossing
If Started

TIME REMAINING To Finish Crossing

R10-3eL

(9"x15")

DON'T CROSS

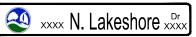
LED ILLUMINATED STREET NAME SIGNS PRIOR TO FABRICATION. UPON APPROVAL FROM THE CITY, THE MANUFACTURER MAY CONSTRUCT THE STREET NAME

> REMOVE/RELOCATE TOTAL I - INSTALL R/R = REMOVE AND RELOCATE GDMT = GROUND MOUNTED POLE

R10-15L

TURNING VEHICLES YIELD TO PEDS

INSTALL TOTAL



SIGN 'E' - ILSN*

YELLOW ARROW

LEGEND:

R10-17T (36" x 42") SIGN "B"

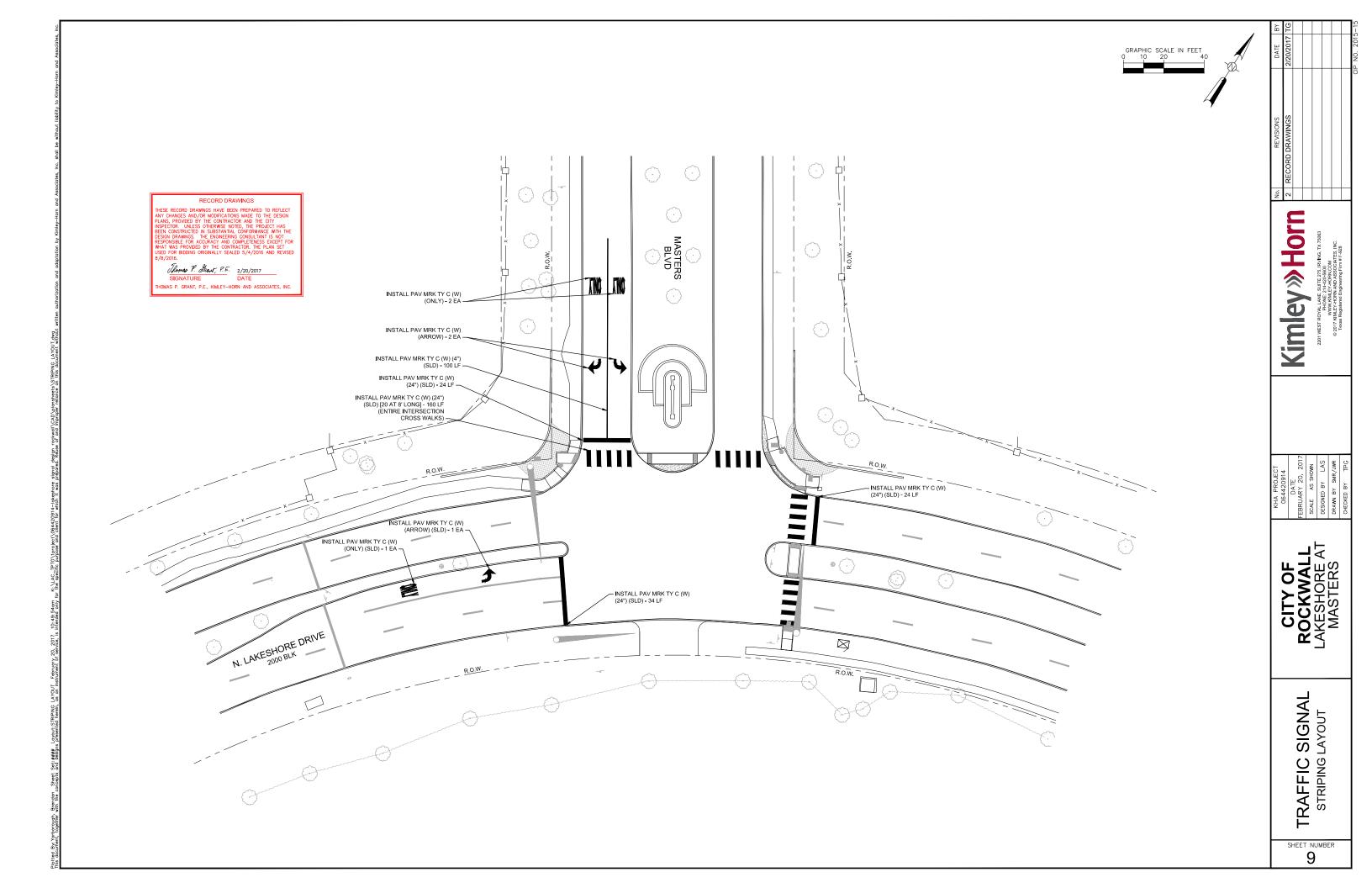


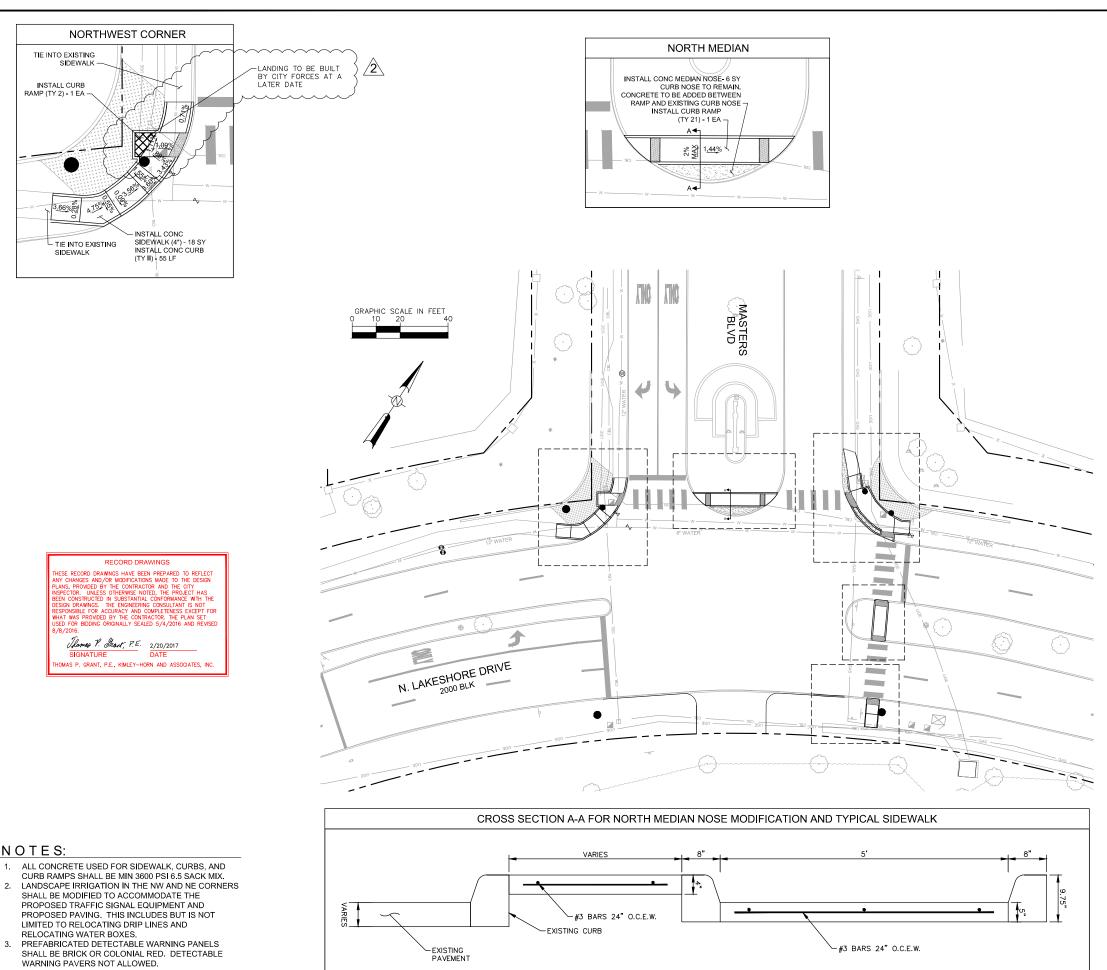
R3-8MOD (36" x 30") SIGN "D"

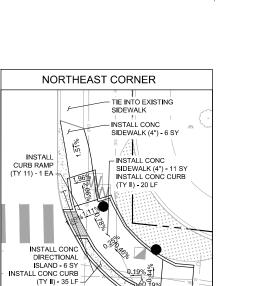




(EXISTING) SIGN "F" & "G"







FOR RAMP DETAILS

GRAPHIC SCALE IN FEET 0 5 10 2

EAST MEDIAN INSTALL CURB RAMP (TY 21) - 1 EA 2% <u>MAX</u>

INSTALL CURB RAMP (TY 11) - 2 EA -

TIE INTO EXISTING

SIDEWALK

CITY OF ROCKWALL LAKESHORE AT MASTERS 2

TRAFFIC SIGNAL PAVING LAYOUT

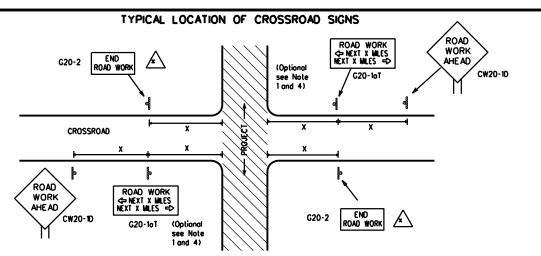
Kimley» Horn

SHEET NUMBER 10

SOUTHEAST CORNER INSTALL CURB RAMP (TY 1) - 1 EA,

NOTES:

- 1. ALL CONCRETE USED FOR SIDEWALK, CURBS, AND



May be mounted on back of "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK"(G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"(G20-10T) sign shall be required at high volume crossroads to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- 5. Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
 6. When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in
- When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

ROAD WORK ROAD WORK NEXT X NALES ⇒ INTERSECTED 1000'-1500' - Hwy 1 Block - City 1000'-1500' - Hwy ROADWAY 1 Block - City ➾ WORK 80. G20-5aP WORK G20-5aP ZONE TRAFFIC TRAFFIC G20-51 R20-51 FINES R20-5T FINES DOUBLE IDOUBLE R20-5oTP G20-6T R20-5aTP END ROAD WORK G20-2

T-INTERSECTION

CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME"(G20-6T) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING

SIZE

Sign onventional Expressway/ Number Freeway or Series CW204 CW21 48" × 48" 48" × 48" CW22 CW23 CW25 CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, 36" x 36" 48' x 48" CW9, CW11, CW14 CW3, CW4. 48" × 48" CW5, CW6, 48" x 48" CW8-3, CW10, CW12

Posted Speed	Sign Spacing "X"
MPH	Feet (Apprx.)
30	120
35	160
40	240
45	320
50	400
55	500 ²
60	600 ²
65	700 ²
70	800 ²
75	900 ²

1000 2

Division Standard

SPACING

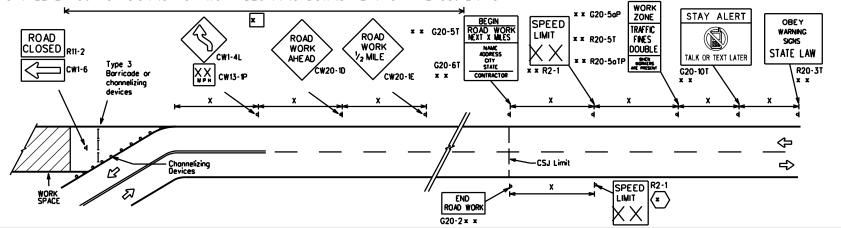
- For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet advance warning.
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 4. 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-iD)signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCO", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS BEGIN WORK ZONE G20-9TP* * SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 DO NOT PASS ROAD WORK LIMIT TRAFFIC R20-5T* * ROAD WORK WARNING * * G20-5T CW1-4L SIGNS DOUBLE CW20-10 ROAD STATE LAW R20-5oTP× TALK OR TEXT LATER × × R2-1 CW13-1P ROAD × × G20-6T WORK R20-31× × (1) WORK G20-101 x x AHEAD Type 3 Barricade or WPH CW13-1P CW20-1D channelizing devices ✧ \Diamond \Leftrightarrow \diamondsuit \Rightarrow ➾ \Rightarrow ➾ Beginning of NO-PASSING R2-1 LIMIT END X WORK ZONE G20-26T * * line should CSJ Limit coordinate ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimalwork spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign "ROAD WORK AHEAD"(CW20-1D)signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 × × location NOTES within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES"G20-5T)sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer. No decimals shall be used.

- (a) The "BEGIN WORK ZONE"(G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT) shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

	LEGEND				
⊢—ı Туре 3 Barricade					
000	Channelizing Devices				
4	Sign				
x	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.				

SHEET 2 OF 12



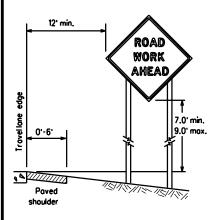
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

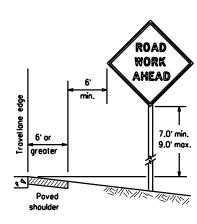
BC(2)-14

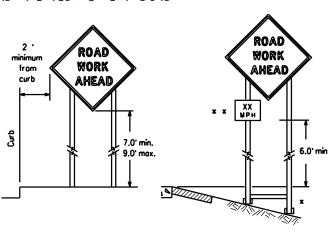
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© TxDOT №	lovember 2002	CONT	CONT SECT JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
	REVISIONS						
0 0.			T COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
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ATE:

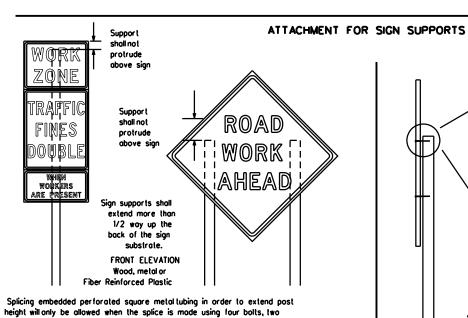
TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS

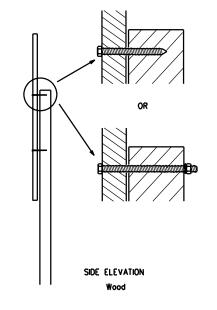






- * When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.
 - x x When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travellane. Supplemental plaques (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.





Attachment to wooden supports will be by bolts and nuts or screws. Use TxDOT's or manufacturer's recommended procedures for attaching sign substrates to other types of sign supports

> Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sian shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be extended or repaired by splicing or other means.

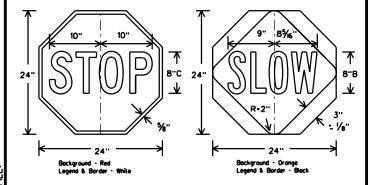
STOP/SLOW PADDLES

above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind

the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths

should be at least 5 times nominal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by flaggers. The STOP/SLOW paddle size should be 24" x 24"
- 2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- 3. STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6 to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW paddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the TMUTCD.



CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- 1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route quidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- 2. When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permonent signs until the permonent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on croshworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary

GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- 1. Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and quide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
- The Contractor may lurnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMÚTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's
- Responsible Person. Alchanges must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.

 6. The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the manufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer can verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- 7. The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- 8. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- 9. The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- 1. The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets manufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
 - a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days.
 - b. Intermediate term stationary work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work losting more than one hour.
 - c. Short-term stationary daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour in a single daylight period.
- d. Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- e. Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stapping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- 2. The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the pavement surface but no more than 2 feet above
- 3. Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing
- 4. Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- 5. Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the payed surface regardless of work duration.

SIZE OF SIGNS

1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

SIGN SUBSTRATES

- 1. The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
- "Mesh" type moterials are NOT on approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- 3. All wooden individual sign panels (abricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6" centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1).

 2. White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A shall be used for signs with a white background.
- 3. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type B or Type GL, shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.
 Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- 3. Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy milblack plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- 5. Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- 6. Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- 7. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- 1. Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. 2. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to
- maintain a constant weight. 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- 5. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- 6. Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured
- with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list. 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above around level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed
- along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support. 8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

Flogs may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be arrange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of

SHEET 4 OF 12

Operation

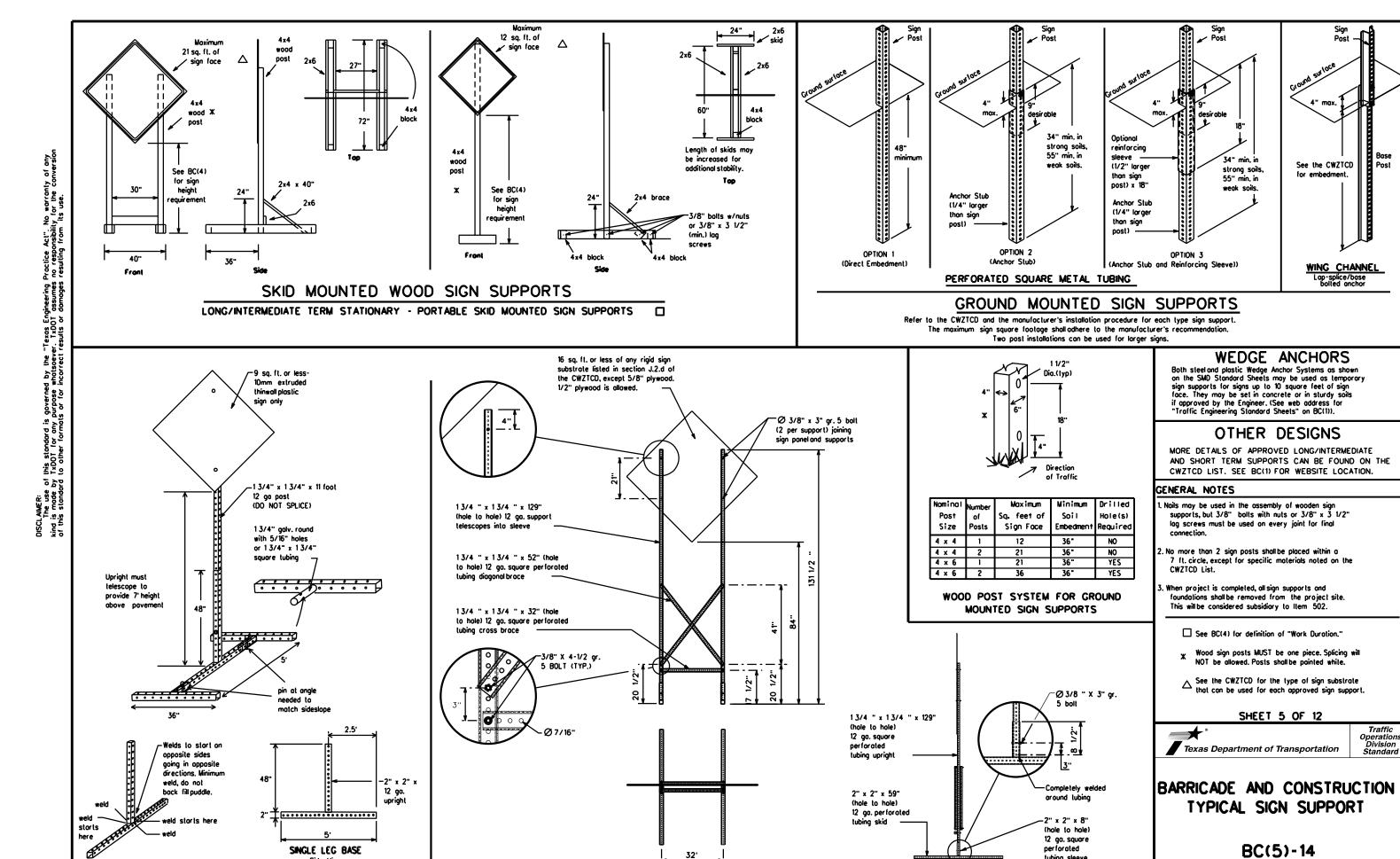
Division Standard



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4)-14

7-13							12
9-07 8-14	8-14	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
REVISIONS							
© TxD0T	November 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
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SKID MOUNTED PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL TUBING SIGN SUPPORTS

tubing sleeve

welded to skid

DN: TxDOT CK: TxDOT DW: TxDOT CK: TxDO

SHEET NO.

JOB ---

COUNTY

CONT SECT

DIST

bc-14.dgn CTxDOT November 2002

7-13

GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by verticalpanels, or 42" two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- 3. For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

- Plostic drums shall be a two-piece design: the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "bose" shall be the bottom.
- 2. The body and base shall lock together in such a manner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by possing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sian.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in width.
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- 8. Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- Drum body shall have a maximum unballasted weight of 11 lbs.
 10,0rum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

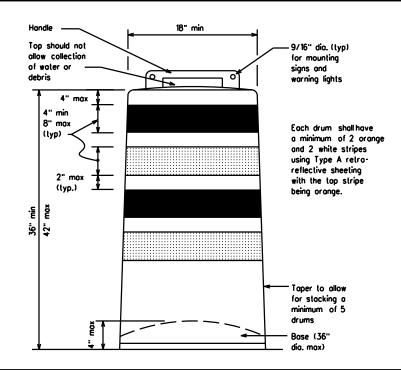
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

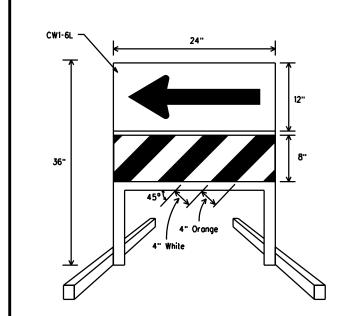
- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Boses with built-in bollost shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs.
 Built-in bollost can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- a solid rubber base.

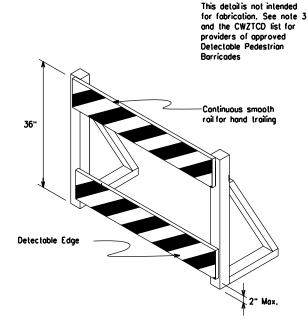
 3. Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballost on drums approved for this type of ballost on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. The ballost shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.





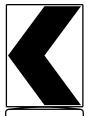
DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional auidance to drivers is necessary.
- If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travellane.
- 3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CW1-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B op_Type C Orpnge retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- 4. Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be
- Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List.
 Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include occessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
 Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the
- Where pedestrions with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cone shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured above, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- 4. Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- 5. Warning lights shall not be attached to detectable pedestrian barriages
- Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade roils as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no spiriters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



12" x 24"

Vertical Panel

mount with diagonals
sloping down towards

travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an arange background shall be manufactured with Type B or Type C Orange, sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with aronge and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lone.
- 4. Other sign messages (lext or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (nominal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection
- Mounting botts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12

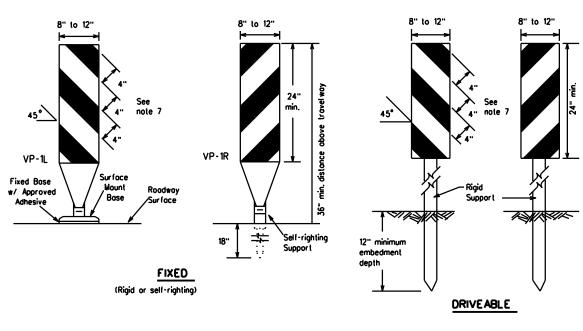


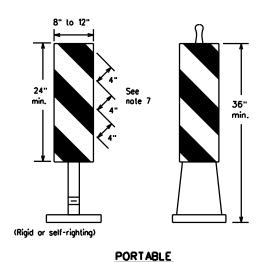
Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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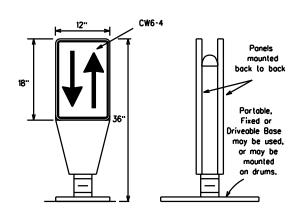




 Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lanes of traffic.

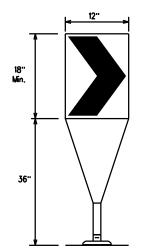
- VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- 3. VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travellane.
- VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area lacing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
 See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the VP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical panel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the pavement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- 2. The OTLD may be used in combination with 42"
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shallbe orange with a black non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retrareflective Type B or Type C configming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



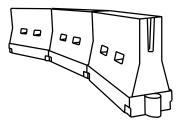
Fixed Bose w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveoble Bose, or Flexible Support con be used)

- 1. The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- 5. Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B or Type C configring to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on lapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

CHEVRONS

GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices on self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by errant vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, faded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a manner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final povement surfaces, including povement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveable bases shall not be permitted on final povement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- LCDs are croshworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected together. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- 2. LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
- LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective defineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travellanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricades placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricade rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nightlime visibility. They may also be supplemented with povement markings.
- Water ballosted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 MPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize road user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flared to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballosted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Posted Speed	Formula	0	esiroble er Lengi x x		Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
×		10 [.] Offset	11 [.] Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30.	60'	
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205'	225'	245'	35'	70'	
40	00	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	
45		450'	495	540'	45'	90'	
50		500	550'	600.	50'	100'	
55	L-WS	550	605'	660,	55'	110'	
60] " " " "	600.	660'	720'	60.	120'	
65		650 [.]	715'	780	65'	130'	
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	
75		750'	825'	900.	75'	150 ⁻	
80		800'	880	960'	80'	160'	

* * Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L-Length of Toper (FT.) W-Width of Offset (FT.)
S-Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF
CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND
MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



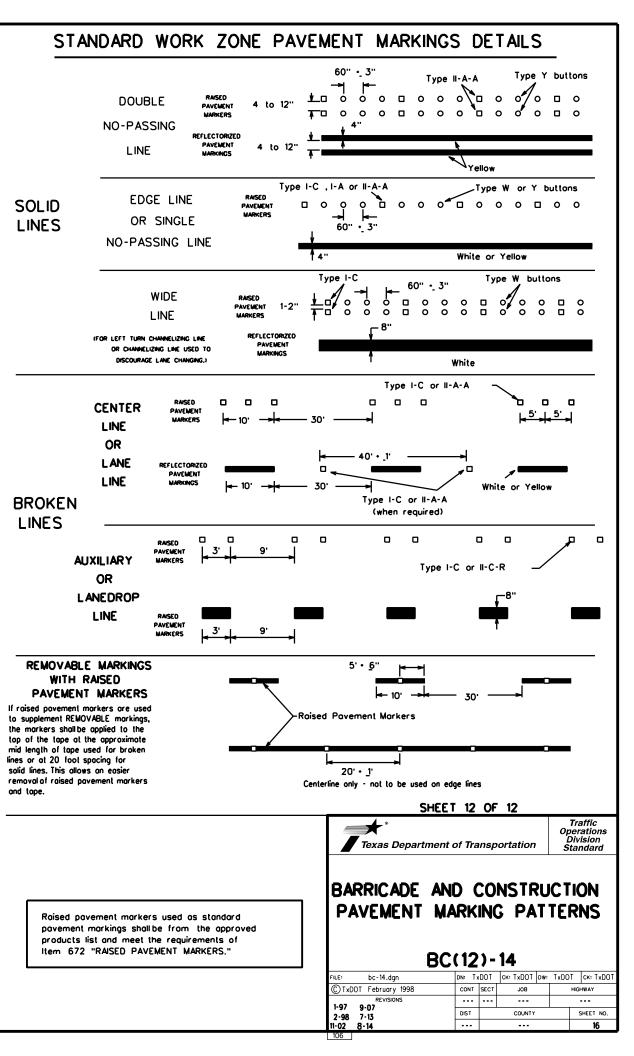
Traffic Operations Division Standard

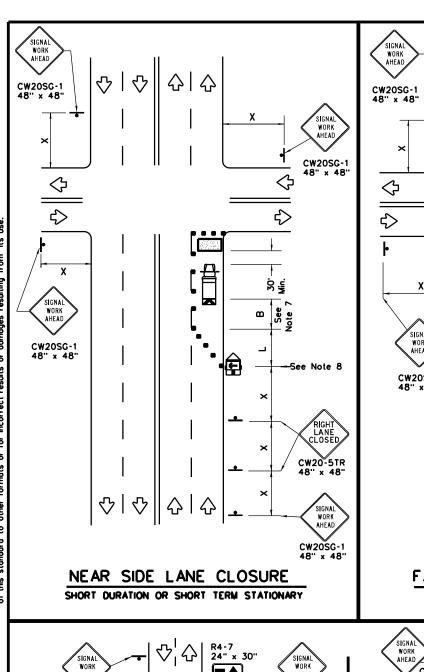
BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

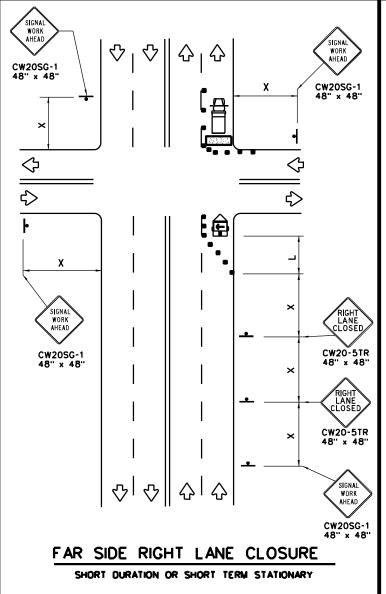
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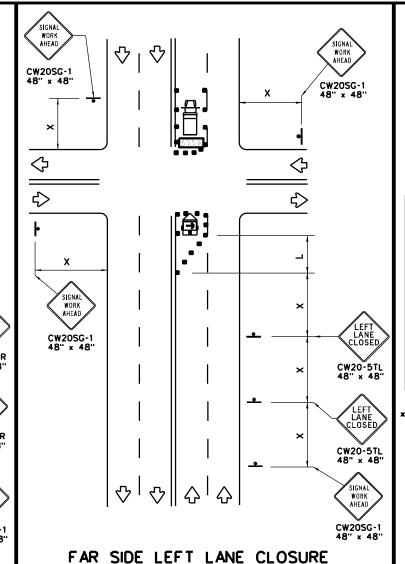
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	LEGEND										
•	Type 3 Barricade	• •	Channelizing Devices								
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)								
Ê	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	(M	Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)								
-	Sign	♦	Traffic Flow								
\triangle	Flag	4	Flogger								

Posted Speed	Formula	0	Minimum esirable er Lengl x x		Suggested Spocing Channeli Devi	g of zing	Minimum Sign Spacing "x"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
×		10 [.] Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	"8"
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30,	60,	120'	90,
35	L. <u>ws²</u>	205	225	245'	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	80	265'	295'	320	40'	80.	240'	155'
45		450	495'	540'	45'	90.	320'	195'
50	1	500	550'	600,	50.	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550	605'	660'	55'	110'	500'	295'
60	- " -	600 [,]	660,	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65]	650'	715'	780'	65'	130'	700'	410'
70]	700 [.]	770 [.]	840 ⁻	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750 [.]	825'	900.	75'	150 ⁻	900.	540'

- Conventional Roads Only
- Taper lengths have been rounded off.
 L-Length of Taper(FT) W-Width of Offset(FT) S-Posted Speed(MPH)

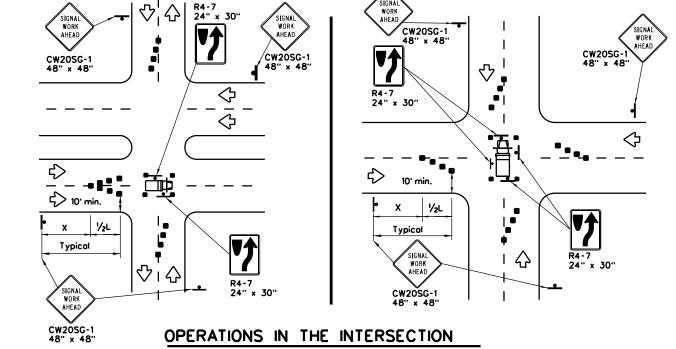
WORKERS IN BUCKET TRUCKS SHALL NOT WORK ABOVE OPEN LANES OF TRAFFIC.



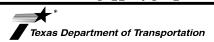
 The minimum size channelizing device is the 28" cone. 42" Two-piece cones, drums, vertical panels or barricades will be required when the device must be left unattended at night.

SHORT DURATION OR SHORT TERM STATIONARY

- 2. Obstructions or hazards at the work area shall be clearly marked and delineated at all times.
- Flaggers and Flagger Symbol (CW20-7) signs may be required according to field conditions.
- Vehicles parked in roadway shall be equipped with at least two high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe type lights.
- High level warning devices (flag trees) may be used at corners of the vehicle.
- 6. When work operations are performed on existing signals, the signals may be placed in flashing red made when approved by the engineer. If existing signals do not have power, All-Way Stop (R1-1 and R1-3P) signs may be implemented when approved by the engineer.
- 7. For Short-Term Stationary work the buffer space "B" from the above table should be used if field conditions permit. For Short Duration (less than 1 hour) any buffer space provided will enhance the safety of the setup.
- 8. The arrow board at this location may be omitted for Short Duration work if the work vehicle has an arrow board in operation. As an option, the arrow board may be placed at the end of the taper in the closed lane if space is not available at the beginning of the taper.
- Signs and devices for the NEAR SIDE LANE CLOSURE may be altered for a left lane closure by using a LEFT LANE CLOSED (CW20-5TL) and adding channelizing devices on the centerline to protect the work space from apposing traffic.



SHEET 1 OF 2



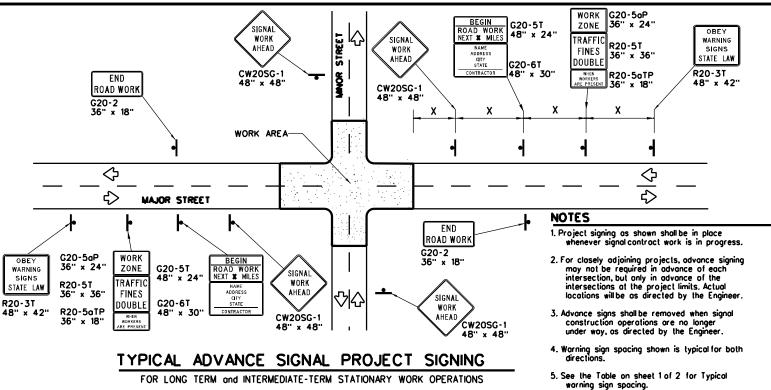
Traffic Operations Division Standard

TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK
TYPICAL DETAILS

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GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- 1. Signs shall be installed and maintained in a straight and plumb
- 2. Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- 3. Borricodes shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- 4. Nails shall NOT be used to attach signs to any support.
- 5. All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer.
- The Contractor shall furnish the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports and substrates listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD), installed as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- Temporary signs that have damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting shall be replaced as
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- Domoged wood posts shall be replaced. Splicing wood posts will not be allowed.

DURATION OF WORK

Work zone durations are defined in Part 6, Section 6G.02 of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD).

SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- Sign height of Long-term/Intermediate-term warning signs shall be as shown on Figure 6F-1 of the TMUTCD.
- Sign height of Short-term/Short Duration warning signs shallbe as shown on Figure 6F-2 of the TMUTCD.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.

REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.
- 2. When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night without damaging the sign sheeting. Burlap, or heavy materials such as plywood or alluminum shall not be used to cover signs.
- Duct tope or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face.
- Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of the work.

REFLECTIVE SHEETING

All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the requirements of the DMS and color usage table shown on this sheet.

SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Weights used to keep signs from turning over should be sandbags filled with dry, cohesionless material.
- The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- 3. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will not be permitted for use as sign support weights.
- 4. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber, such as tire inner tubes, shall not be used.
- Rubber bollosts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballost on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD
- 7. Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fastners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the
- 8. Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

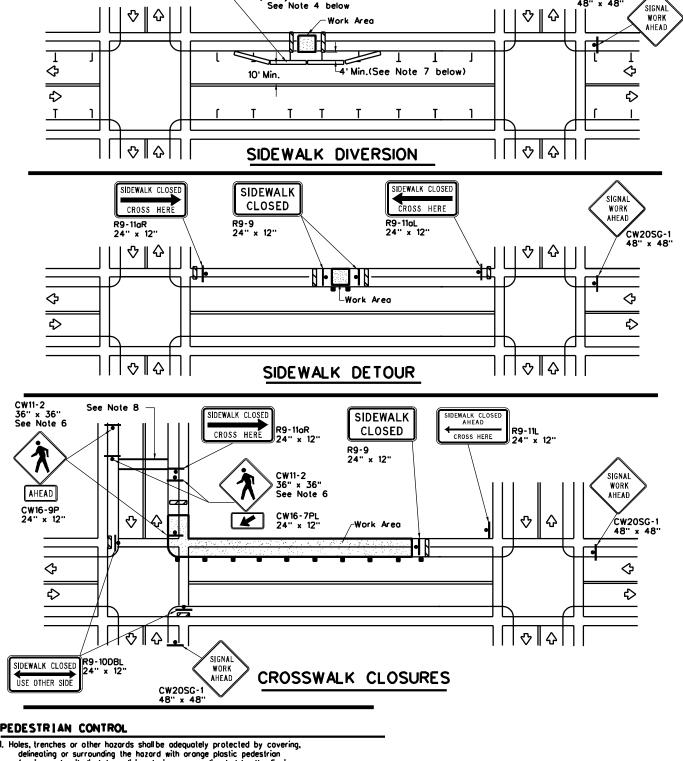
-	·						
LEGEND							
4	Sign						
•	Channelizing Devices						
	Type 3 Barricade						

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL	SPECIFICATIONS
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300
FLEXIBLE ROLL-UP REFLECTIVE SIGNS	DMS-8310

COLOR	USAGE	SHEETING MATERIAL
ORANGE	BACKGROUND	TYPE B _{FL} OR TYPE C _{FL} SHEETING
WHITE	BACKGROUND	TYPE A SHEETING
BL ACK	LEGEND & BORDERS	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE SHEETING

Only pre-qualified products shall be used. A copy of the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found at the following web address:

http://www.txdot.gov/txdot_library/publications/construction.htm



Temporary Traffic Barrier

- delineating or surrounding the hazard with arange plastic pedestrian fencing or longitudinal channelizing devices, or as directed by the Engineer.
- "CROSSWALK CLOSURES" os detailed above will require the Engineer's approval prior to installation.
- R9 series signs shown may be placed on supports detailed on the BC standards or CWZTCD list, or when fabricated from approved lightweight plastic substrates, they may be mounted on top of a plastic drum at or near the location shown. For speeds less than 45 mph longitudinal channelizing devices may be used
- instead of traffic barriers when approved by the Engineer. Attenuation of blunt ends and installation of water filled devices shall be as per BC(9) and manufacturer's recommendations.
- Location of devices are for general guidance. Actual device spacing and location must be field adjusted to meet actual conditions.
- Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk Detectable Pedestrian Barricades should be used instead of the Type 3
- The width of existing sidewalk should be maintained if practical.
- Povement markings for mid-block crosswalks shall be paid for under the appropriate bid items.
- When crosswalks or other pedestrian facilities are closed or relocated, temporary facilities shall be detectable and shall include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrion



CW20SG-1



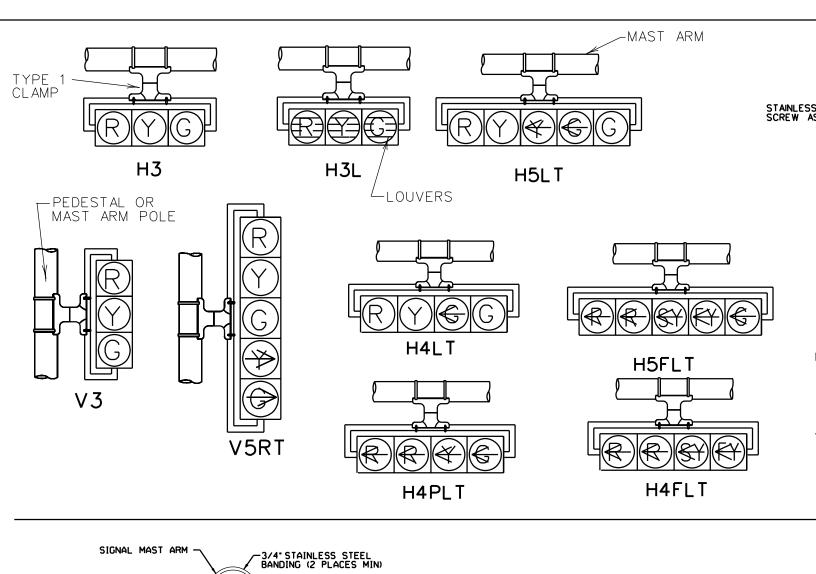
TRAFFIC SIGNAL WORK BARRICADES AND SIGNS

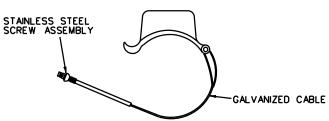
WZ(BTS-2)-13

Operation:

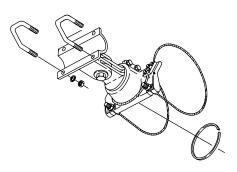
Division Standard

LE: wzbts-13.dgn	DN: Tx	DOT	ck: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
C) TxDOT April 1992	CONT	SECT	JOB	_	HIG	HWAY
REVISIONS						
2-98 10-99 7-13	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.
1-98 3-03						10





TYPE 1 AND 2 CLAMPS

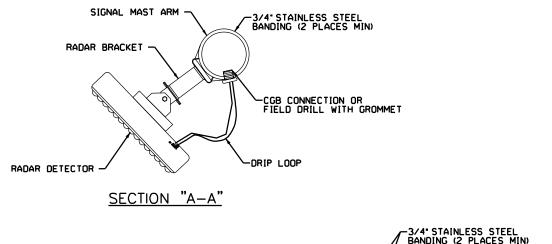


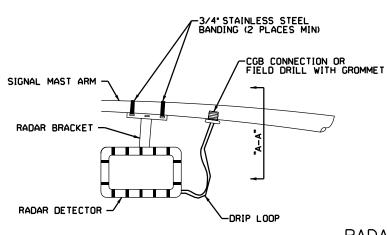
TYPE 2 CLAMP KIT

SHALL BE INSTALLED WHEN ROTATION ABOUT THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL AXES ARE NEEDED.

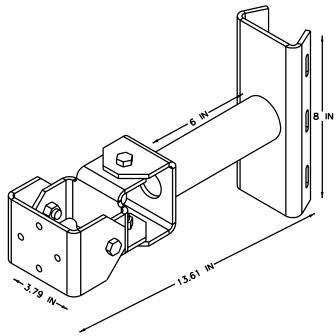
NOTES:

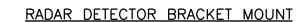
- 1. VEHICLE SIGNAL HEADS SHALL BE MOUNTED WITH TYPE 1 CLAMP AND APPROPRIATE TUBING.
- 2. ALL POLE MOUNTED VEHICLE HEADS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE AWAY-FROM-TRAFFIC SIDE OF THE PEDESTAL OR MAST ARM POLE.
- 3. THE SIGNAL HEADS SHOWN ARE NOT MEANT TO REFLECT ALL POSSIBLE SIGNAL HEADS, BUT ARE REPRESENTATIVE OF SIGNAL HEADS COMMONLY IN USE. SEE THE TRAFFIC SIGNAL LAYOUT FOR REQUIRED SIGNAL HEADS, AND THE NUMBER AND ORIENTATION OF LOUVERS.

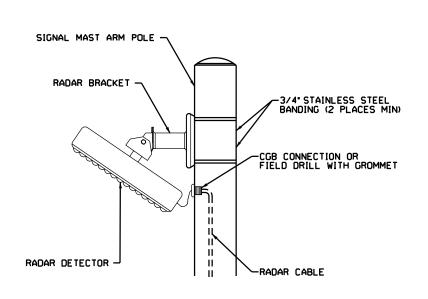




MAST ARM MOUNT





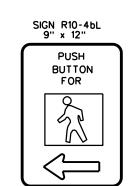


POLE MOUNT

RADAR DETECTION INSTALLATION

TRAFFIC SIGNAL HEAD AND RADAR INSTALLATION DETAILS

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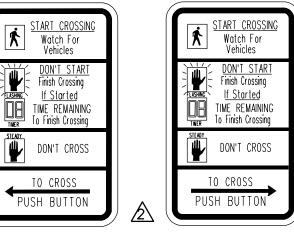
SIGN R10-4bRL 9" x 12" PUSH BUTTON FOR

TYPE 1 CLAMP PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD MOUNTING

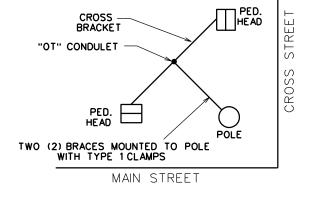
152A

PEDESTRIAN PUSHBUTTON SIGN DETAILS

SIGN R10-3eL 9" X 15"



FOR ONE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD SIGN R10-3eR 9" X 15"

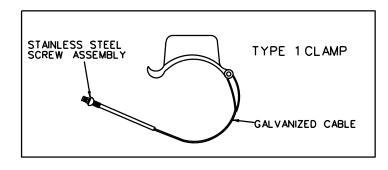


COUNTDOWN PEDESTRIAN PUSHBUTTON SIGN DETAILS

PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD MOUNTING FOR TWO PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEADS 143C

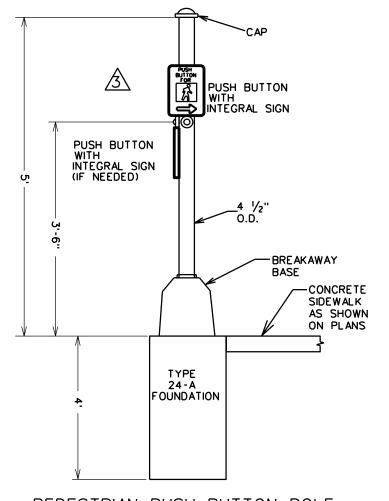


NOTE: CLAM SHELL MOUNTING HARDWARE MAY BE USED INSTEAD OF MOUNTING HARDWARE SHOWN ABOVE, AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. ICC P/N 4805 OR McCAIN QUICKMOUNT OR APPROVED EQUAL.

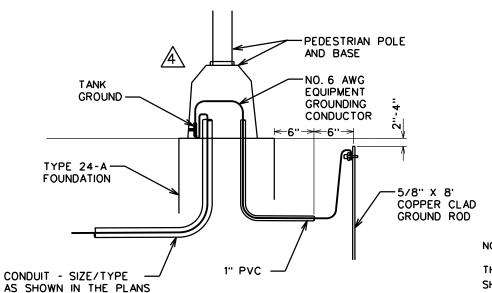




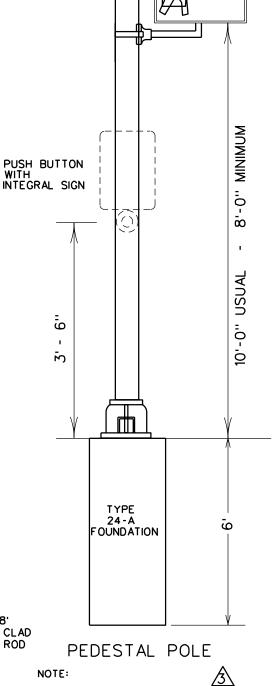
- 1. PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEADS SHALL BE MOUNTED WITH TYPE 1 CLAMPS AND APPROPRIATE TUBING.
- 2. ALL PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEADS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE AWAY-FROM-TRAFFIC SIDE OF THE PEDESTAL OR MAST ARM POLE.
- 3. ALL WIRING FOR PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS SHALL BE TOTALLY ENCLOSED WITHIN THE SIGNAL MOUNTING HARDWARE.
- 4. ALL PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEADS AND PUSH BUTTON SIGNS SHALL DISPLAY THE SYMBOLIZED MESSAGES SHOWN ABOVE.



PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON POLE



PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON POLE GROUNDING DETAILS



THE POLES ON THIS DRAWING ARE SHOWN AS AN EXAMPLE ONLY. POLES OF SIMILAR DESIGN FOR ANY CROSS SECTION WHICH MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS AND ARE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER WILL BE DEEMED ACCEPTABLE.

DALLAS DISTRICT STANDARD

	FEO.RO. DIV.NO.		PRO	JECT NO.	SHEET NO.
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T	STATE		STATE OST.	CO	UNITY
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INC	CONT.		SCC1.	,08	нерникач МО.
/ I N					

ALTERNATIVE MOUNTING METHOD 12-92 revised

ALTERNATIVE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEAD AND SIGNING revised 10-08

PEDESTRIAN PUSH 3 BUTTON POLE revised 01-11

PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON POLE GROUNDING DETAILS revised 09-15

PEDESTRIAN SIGNA HEAD IDENTIFICATION

Arm		ROUND POLES					POLYGONAL POLES				
Length	DB	D19	D ₂₄	D 30	1) thk	De	D19	D ₂₄	D 30	① thk	Foundation Type
ft.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in,	in.	
20	10.5	7.8	7,1	6.3	.179	11.5	8.5	7.7	6.8	.179	30-A
24	11.0	8.3	7.6	6.8	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.179	30-A
28	11.5	8.8	8.1	7.3	.179	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.179	30-A
32	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.179	12.0	9.0	8.2	7.3	.239	30-A
36	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	12.5	9.5	8.7	7.8	.239	36-A
40	12.0	9.3	8.6	7.8	.239	13.5	10.5	9.7	8.8	.239	36-A
44	12.5	9.8	9.1	8.3	.239	14.0	11.0	10.2	9.3	.239	36-A
48	13.0	10.3	9.6	8.8	.239	15.0	12.0	11.2	10.3	.239	36-A
Arm		ROUND	ARMS				POLY	GONAL AR	MS		

Arm		ROUND	ARMS				POLYG	ONAL ARM	S	
Length	L	D,	D ₂	1) thk	Rise	L ₁	D,	② D ₂	1) thk	Dia.
ft.	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Nise	ft.	in.	in.	in.	Rise
20	19.1	6.5	3.8	.179	1'-9"	19.1	7.0	3.5	.179	1'-8"
24	23.1	7.5	4.3	.179	1'-10''	23.1	7.5	3.5	.179	1'-9"
28	27.1	8.0	4.2	.179	1'-11"	27.1	8.0	3.5	.179	1'-10"
32	31.0	9.0	4.7	.179	2'-1"	31.0	9.0	3.5	.179	2'-0"
36	35.0	9.5	4.6	.179	2'-4"	35.0	10.0	3.5	.179	2'-1"
40	39.0	9.5	4.1	.239	2'-8"	39.0	9.5	3.5	.239	2'-3"
44	43.0	10.0	4.1	.239	2'-11''	43.0	10.0	3.5	.239	2'-6"
48	47.0	10.5	4.1	.239	3'-4"	47.0	11.0	3.5	.239	2'-9"

D 2 Arm End O.D. Shaft Length Nominal Arm Length

DB - Pole Base O.D.
DB - Pole Top O.D. with no Luminaire and no ILSN
D24 - Pole Top O.D. with ILSN
w/out Luminaire
D30 - Pole Top O.D. with Luminaire

Di - Arm Bose O.D.

1) Thickness shown are minimums, thicker materials may be used.

 \bigcirc D₂ may be increased by up to 1" for polygonal arms.

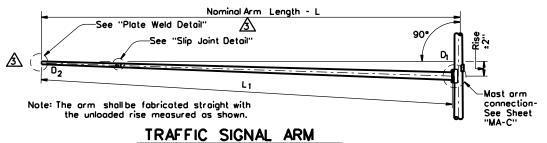
RECORD DRAWINGS THESE RECORD DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN PREPARED TO REFLECT ANY CHANGES AND/OR MODIFICATIONS MADE TO THE DESIGN PLANS, PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE CITY INSPECTOR. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, THE PROJECT HAS BEEN CONSTRUCTED IN SUBSTANTIAL CONFORMANCE WITH THE DESIGN DRAWINGS. THE ENGINEERING CONSULTANT IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS EXCEPT FOR WHAT WAS PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE PLAN SET USED FOR BIDDING ORIGINALLY SEALED 5/4/2016 AND REVISED 8/8/2016.

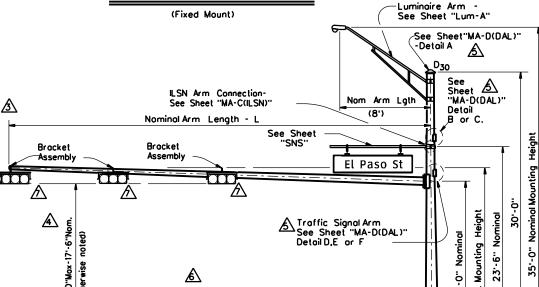
REPLACED CGB CONNECTOR WITH BRACKET ASSEMBLY.(2/12)

REPLACED TENON DETAIL WITH PLATE WELD DETAIL.(2/12)

ADDITIONAL OPTION.(3/12)

Thomas P. Shart, P.E. 2/20/2017 HOMAS P. GRANT, P.E., KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC.





SHIPPING PARTS LIST

Ship each pole with the following attached: enlarged hand hole, pole cap, fixed-arm connection bolts and washers and any additional hardware listed in the table.

	30' Poles With Luminaire		24' Poles Wit	h ILSN	19' Poles Wi		
Nominal Arm Length	Above hardwar (or two if ILSN small hand hole simplex	attached)	Above holds one hand holds	small	Luminaire and No ILSN See note above		
ft	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	
20	20L-80	1	20S-80		20-80		
24	24L-80		245-80		24-80		
28	28L-80		285-80		28-80		
32	32L-80		325-80		32-80		
36	36L-80		365-80		36-80		
40	40L-80	1	40S-80		40-80		
44	44L-80	1	445-80		44-80		
48	48L-80	1	485-80		48-80		

Traffic :	Signal Arms (1 per	Pole)	Ship e	ach arm with th	e listed equipment	ottoched	
	Type I Arm (1	Signal)	Type II Arm (2	? Signals)	Type III Arm (3	Signals)	
Nominal Arm Length	1 Bracket A	ssembly	2 Bracket A	ssemblies	3 Bracket Assemblies		
ft	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	Designation	Quantity	
20	201-80						
24	241-80		24 -80				
28	281-80		2811-80				
32			3211-80		32111-80		
36			3611-80		36⊪-80		
40			2 4011-80	1	4011-80		
44			4411-80		44111-80	1	

Luminaire Arms (1 per 30' pole)	
Nominal Arm Length	Quantity
8' Arm	3

ILSN Arm (Max. 2 per pole) Ship with clamps, bolts and washers Nominal Arm Length 9. Arm

Anchor Bolt Assemblies (1 per pole) Anchor Diameter Length Quantity 1 3/4" 3'-10"

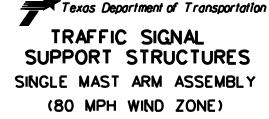
48

Each anchor bolt assembly consists of the following: Top and Bottom templates, 4 anchor bolts, 8 nuts, 8 flat washers, and 4 nut anchor devices (Type 2) per Standard Drawing "TS-FD".

Templates may be removed for shipment.

*FOR PEDESTAL POLES AND PUSH BUTTON POLES

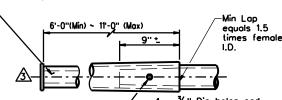
SHEET 1 OF 2



© TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW: N	MMF	CK: JSY
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY	
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	DIST		COUNTY		9	SHEET NO.
			•••			21

REVISED MINIMUM SIGNAL HEIGHT.(3/12)	1.0. No. 1.1. No. 1.1	SUPPORT STRUCTURES
REPLACED "MA-D" WITH "MA-D(DAL)".(2/12)	Curless o Carrier 19	SINGLE MAST ARM ASSEMBLY (80 MPH WIND ZONE)
REMOVED TABLE OF DIMENSIONS "A".(2/12)	Crown of Road "MA-D(DAL)" D _B / b / b / D / D / D / D / D / D / D / D	SMA-80(1)-12(DAL)
REMOVED CGB CONNECTORS.(2/12)		©TxDOT August 1995 DN: MS CK: JSY DW: MMF CK: J
	STRUCTURE ASSEMBLY Foundation See Sheet "TS-FD"	REVISIONS CONT SECT JOB HIGHWAY 5-96 11-99 1-12 DIST COUNTY SHEET

.179" thickness is permissible for Tip Section

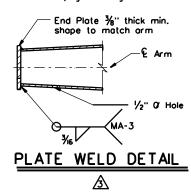


Note: A slip joint is permissible for arms 40' and greater in length. The slip joint shall be made in the shop, but may be match 4 - ¾" Dia holes and 1- ‰" Dia galv A307 bolt. Tack weld nut to thread projection after making joint. Repair damaged galvanizing in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

SLIP JOINT DETAIL

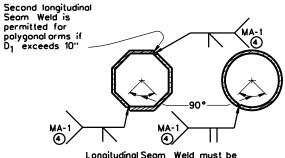
NOTE:

Pole manufacturer shall drill 1/2" hole in bottom of most arm at end plate. (for hot-dip galvanizing)



Stainless steel bands (or Cables) and cast bracket as in "Astro-Brac". "Sky Bracket" or "Easy Bracket" with 1 1/2" Dia Threaded Coupling.

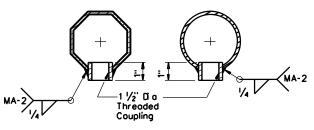
BRACKET ASSEMBLY



Longitudinal Seam Weld must be oriented within the lower 90 of the signal arm.

ARM WELD DETAIL

4 60% Min. penetration 100% pemetration within 6" of circumferential base welds.



ARM COUPLING DETAILS

REPLACED TENON DETAIL WITH PLATE WELD DETAIL(2/12).

REPLACED "MA-D" WITH "MA-D(DAL)"(2/12).

VIBRATION WARNING

Most Arms of SMA and DMA structures and clamp-on Arms of LMA structures of approximately 40 ft or longer are subject to harmonic vertical vibrations in light wind conditions due to the aeroelostic characteristics of a few of the myriods of possible combinations of the following: signal numbers, weights and positions; existence/solidity of backplates; presence of additional attachments to the arm, such as signs and cameras; arm-wind orientation; and arm-pole stiffness,

Such vibrations may cause fatigue damage to the structure and may lead to galloping in moderate wind conditions which may further damage the structure and alarm the public. Tests have indicated that when wind is blowing toward the back side of signal heads having un-vented backplates attached the probability of unacceptable harmonic vibration and/or galloping is rather high.

If backplates are not required for improved visibility they should not be applied to the signal heads or, if they must be applied, they should be vented as a first and inexpensive measure to

The traffic signal mast arms shall be visually inspected in 5 to 20 mph wind conditions after installation of signal heads and any attachments, including any required backpates. If vertical movements with a total excursion (maximum upward excursion to maximum downward excursion) of more than approximately 8" are observed at the arm tip, a damping plate shall be fitted to the arm. See "Damping Plate Mounting Details" on standard sheet, MA-DPD-10.

This visual inspection shall be repeated after each modification of the structure that could affect its aeroelastic response. Excessive vibrations shall not be allowed to continue for more than two days.

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Specifications thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 80 mph

Poles are designed to support one 8'-0" luminaire arm, one 9'-0" internally lighted street name sign and one traffic signal arm with a length as tabulated. The specified luminaire load applied at the end of the luminaire arm equals 60 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 1.6 sq ft. The specified internally lighted street name sign load applied 4.5 ft from the centerline of the pole equals 85 lbs vertical dead load plus horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 11.5 sq ft. The specified signal load applied at the end of the traffic signal arm equals 180 lbs vertical dead load plus the horizontal wind load on an effective projected area of 32.4 sq ft (actual area times drag

See Standard Sheet "MA-D(DAL)" for pole details, "MA-C" for traffic signal arm connection details, "MA-C (ILSN)" for internally lighted street name sign arm connection details, "LUM-A" for luminaire arm and connection details, "SNS" for internally lighted street name sign details, and "TS-FD" for anchor bolt and foundation details. See "MA-C" for material specifications.

Fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. Materials, fabrication tolerances, and shipping practices shall meet the requirements of this sheet and Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)".

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing", after fabrication.

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not

SHEET 2 OF 2



▼ Texas Department of Transportation

TRAFFIC SIGNAL SUPPORT STRUCTURES SINGLE MAST ARM ASSEMBLY

(80 MPH WIND ZONE)

SMA-80(2)-12(DAL)

							22	
		DIST		COUNTY			HEET NO	$\overline{}$
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RE	VISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	-WAY	
(C) 1×D01	August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW:	MMF	CK: JSY	

	FOUNDATION SELECTION ARM PLUS ILS	CTION TABLE SN SUPPORT	FOR STANDAR ASSEMBLIES (RD MAST ft)	
		FDN 30-A	FDN 36-A	FDN 36-B	FDN 42-A
	MAX SINGLE ARM LENGTH	32'	48'		
อี		24' X 24'			
BO MPH DESIGN WIND SPEED		28' X 28'			
	MAXIMUM DOUBLE ARM LENGTH COMBINATIONS	32' X 28'	32' X 32'		
			36' X 36'		
໘₹			40' X 36'		
w			44' X 28'	44' X 36'	
	MAX SINGLE ARM LENGTH		36'	44'	
S _C			24' X 24'		
1 DESIGN SPEED			28' X 28'		
무망	MAXIMUM DOUBLE ARM		32' X 24'	32' X 32'	
MIND S	LENGTH COMBINATIONS			36' X 36'	
_≣				40' x24'	40' Y 36'

EXAMPLE:

Nut (Typ)

Type 2

NUT ANCHOR

(TYPE 2)

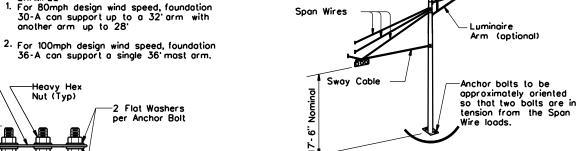
-Thickness •

d/4 (inch) min.

√2 Sides (Typ)

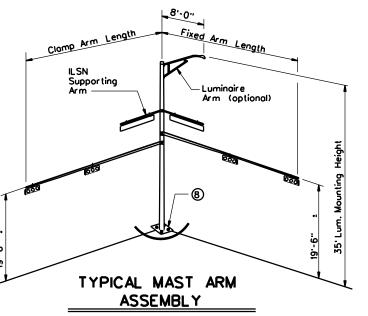
Traffic Signal Pole

Use average N value over the top third of the embedded shaft lanore the top 1 of soil.



44' x 36'

TYPICAL STRAIN POLE **ASSEMBLY**



 Anchor bolt design develops the foundation capacity given under Foundation Design Loads. 2) Foundation Design Loads are the

NOTES:

allowable moments and shears at the base of the structure. 3 Foundations may be listed separately

or grouped according to similarity of location and type. Quantities are for the Contractor's information only.

4 Field Penetrometer readings at a depth of approximately 3 to 5 feet may be used to adjust shaft lengths.

(5) If rock is encountered, the Drilled Shoft shall extend a minimum of two diameters into solid rock.

6 Decimal lengths in Design Table are to allow interpolation for other penetrometer values. Round to nearest foot for entry into Summary Table.

	ANC	HOR BOLT	& TEMPL	ATE SIZES	3	
BOLT DIA IN.	Ø BOLT LENGTH	TOP THRE AD	BOTTOM THREAD	BOLT CIRCLE	R2	Rı
¾"	1'-6"	3"	_	12 ¾"	7 1/8"	5 % "
1 1/2"	3'-4"	6"	4"	17"	10"	7"
1 ¾"	3'-10"	7"	4 1/2"	19"	11 1/4"	7 ¾"
2"	4'-3"	8"	5"	21"	12 1/2"	8 1/2"
2 1/4"	4'-9"	9	5 1/2"	23"	13 ¾"	9 1/4"

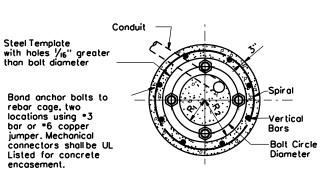
7 Min dimensions given, longer bolts are acceptable.

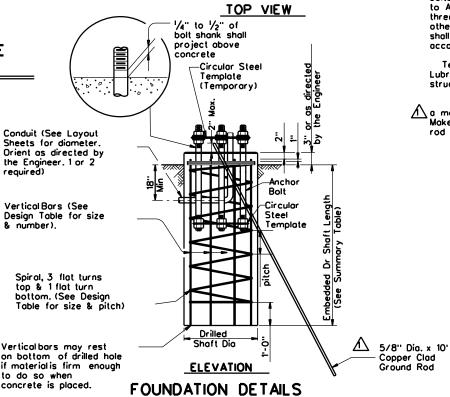
encosement.

required)

& number).

to do so when





N BLOW DENTIFICATION TYPE EΑ 24-A 30-A 36-A 36-B 42-A P-1, P-5, P-6 10 36-A 39 P-2, P-3, P-4 10 24-A 3 RECORD DRAWINGS THESE RECORD DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN PREPARED TO REFLECT ANY CHANGES AND/OR MODIFICATIONS MADE TO THE DESIGN PLANS, PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE CESTON PLANS, PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE CITY INSPECTOR. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, THE PROJECT HAS BEEN CONSTRUCTED IN SUBSTANTIAL CONFORMANCE WITH THE DESIGN DRAWNGS. THE ENGINEERING CONSULTANT IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS EXCEPT FOR WHAT WAS PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE PLAN SET USED FOR BIDDING ORIGINALLY SEALED 5/4/2016 AND REVISED 8/8/2016. Thomas P. Shart, P.E. 2/20/2017 HOMAS P. GRANT, P.E., KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC. TOTAL DRILLED SHAFT LENGTHS 16 39

FOUNDATION SUMMARY TABLE

FDN

DRILLED SHAFT LENGTH 6

(FEET)

GENERAL NOTES:

LOCATION

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals and interim revisions thereto.

Reinforcing steel shall conform to Item 440, "Reinforcing Steel".

Concrete shall be Class "C".

Threads for anchor bolts and nuts shall be rolled or cut threads of 8UN series up to 2" in diameter or UNC series for all sizes. Bolts and nuts shall have Class 2A and 2B fit tolerances. Galvanized nuts shall be tapped after galvanizing.

Anchor bolts that are larger than 1" in diameter shall conform to "alloy steel" or "medium-strength mild steel" per Item 449, "Anchor Bolts". Anchor bolts that are 1" in diameter or less shall conform to ASTM A36. Galvanize a minimum of the top end thread length plus 6" for all anchor bolts unless otherwise noted. Exposed washers and exposed nuts shall be galvanized. All galvanizing shall be in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Templates and embedded nuts need not be galvanized. Lubricate and tighten anchor bolts when erecting the structure in accordance with Item 449, "Anchor Bolts".

Ground rod shall protrude a minimum of 1"and a maximum of 2" above the finish grade of the foundation.

Make connections to ground rods according to NEC. Ground rod clamps shall be listed for their intended purpose.

MODIFICATIONS:

ADDED GROUND ROD TO FOUNDATION DETAILS (9/15)



TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE FOUNDATION

TS-FD-12 (DAL)

	ℂTxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY	DW: MA	0/MMF	CK:JSY/TEB
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80rient anchor bolts orthogonal with the fixed arm direction to ensure that two bolts are in tension under dead load.

Type 1

R-d

1 1/2" Min

HOOKED ANCHOR

ANCHOR BOLT ASSEMBLY

(TYPE 1)

Circular Steel Bottom Template

(Omit bottom template

for FDN 24-A)

1/4" thk. min.

Circular Steel

Top Template

ROADWAY ILLUMINATION LIGHT FIXTURES

Fixture Housing:

- A. Provide *UL listed fixture suitable for use in wet locations. Ensure optical compartment meets IEC Standard 60529-IP 65. Place a permanent labelinside fixture indicating fixture meets *UL, IP 65 optical, and shows date of manufacture. Meet ANSI 136.15 wattage label requirements.
- B. Construct fixture housing, lens frame, and door from 96% copper-free, die cast aluminum. Provide fixture mounting to a 2-in. pipe arm. Equip fixture with a 4-balt clamp capable of adjustments plus or minus 5 degrees from level. Meet ANSI 136.31 3.0 G vibration requirements.
- C. Attach a level bubble to the fixture housing. Ensure the level bubble is sensitive to 1 degree changes in position at any point within 5 degrees of the level position. Ensure the level bubble is clearly visible from the ground up to a 50 ft. mounting height. Ensure level bubble corresponds to level position of fixture.
- D. Do not exceed 1.6 sq. ft. effective projected area. Do not exceed 60 lb. maximum weight.
- E. Equip fixture with a 3-prong photocell receptacle with shorting cap installed.
- F. Paint inside and outside of fixture light gray, when installing on galvanized poles. For all other fixtures, paint to match the color of the pole as directed by the Department.
- G. Use a thermoset powder coat system. Ensure point exceeds 1000-hr. salt-spray test in accordance with ASTM B117.

 Ensure a nominal thickness of 2.5 milliond no pigment loss upon 50 double-rubs using Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) solvent in accordance with ASTM D5402, "Standard Practice for Assessing the Solvent Resistance of Organic Coatings Using Solvent Rubs."
- H. Fabricate brackets, nuts, bolts, washers, ballast tray, and parts from stainless-steel, or aluminum
- of adequate thickness as approved by the Department except that:
- 1. The 4 bolts/studs, 4 flat washers, 4 lock washers, and clamp that attach the luminaire to the arm may be galvanized in accordance with ASTM A123, A153 or B633. Provide means to ensure clamp is in the open position when installing.
- 2. Glass lens retainer spring clips may be fabricated from galvanized steel in accordance with ASTM A153.
- 3. Provide nylon throat or other approved locking means for all stainless steel nuts.
- I. Provide optical assemblies which meet the following:
 - 1. Polished aluminum reflectors with Alzak or equal coating.
 - 2. Do not paint reflectors, except that, when approved by the Engineer, some surfaces may be painted with 92% reflective white paint.
- Reflectors may be one piece or segmented as follows.
 One piece reflectors:

 - 1. Seal photometric compartment by the use of a seamless or vulcanized seam, closed-cell silicone gasket, or other method approved by the Department.
 - 2. Provide a non-adjustable lamp socket mounting method so the lamp center is consistent with the
 - reflector.
 b. Segmented reflectors:
- 1. Attach segments at both ends (or opposite sides if segments are square) of the segment to a rigid aluminum base plate and side wall support assembly. Seal glass lens to lens frame with a one piece seamless silicone gasket.

 4. Equip the optical assembly with a lamp support in addition to the lamp socket to ensure the outer envelope is
- positioned as intended.
- J. Provide 5/32 in. thick (min.) clear heat tempered or borosilicate glass.

Electrical Components:

- K. Meet the following ballast requirements and pass tests in accordance with Test Method Tex-1130-T, "Ballasts of
- Lighting Assemblies." 1. Mount electrical components on a removable stainless steel or aluminum tray of adequate thickness.
- 2. Provide a fixture wiring diagram on or near the ballast.
- . Use a copper wound magnetic regulating three isolated coil ballast.
- 4. Provide ballast factor between 0.95 and 1.0.
- 5. When the circuit voltage indicated on the plans is applied, the ballost input wattage during fluctuations of the test voltage of plus 10 percent and minus 10 percent, do not exceed the following a. 220 Watts for 150 watt nominal lamp rating
- b. 440 Watts for 250 watt nominal lamp rating
 c. 552 Watts for 400 watt nominal lamp rating
- 6. During fluctuation of the test voltage of plus 10 percent and minus 10 percent, ensure the lamp wattage fluctuation does not exceed a total of 20 percent and ballast maintains lamp wattage within the following
- a. 110 Watts minimum and 180 Watts maximum for 150 Watt nominal lamp rating
- b. 175 Watts minimum and 370 Watts maximum for 250 Watt nominal lamp rating c. 280 Watts minimum and 475 Watts maximum for 400 Watt nominal lamp rating
- 7. Ensure the ballast power factor, when tested at circuit voltage indicated on the plans, is not less than
- 8. Permanently and clearly mark ballast or fixture to indicate following:
- a. Lamp type
- Catalog number
- Voltage rating Connection diagram
- Manufacturer
- f. *UL listing
- L. Meet the following electronic starting aid requirements and pass tests in accordance with Test Method Tex-1140-T, "Electronic Starting Aids of High Pressure Sodium Vapor Lighting Assembles."

 1. Provide a starting pulse with an amplitude of 2500 volts minimum, 4000 volts maximum.

 2. Ensure the pulse width is a minimum of 0.8 microseconds at 2250 volts.

 3. Ensure the pulse occurs when the open circuit voltage is equal to or greater than 90 percent of peak open

 - circuit voltage.
 - 4. Ensure pulse repetition rate is a minimum of one per cycle.
 - Provide a pulse current of 0.18 amperes (min.).
 - Discontinue to pulse when, either,
- a. the lamp starts, or b. after a minimum of 3 minutes and a maximum of 10 minutes if the lamp fails to start.
- M. Do not place fuses inside pole mounted luminaires. For wall mount or underpass mounted luminaires, provide
- internal 10 amp time-delay fuses.

 N. Provide a two position terminal block for connecting supply wires which meet the following requirements:

 1. Insulate using nylon, porcelain, or phenolic material. Ensure phenolic terminal block is of adequate construction as approved by the Department.

 2. Fabricate terminals from nickel, tin plated brass, or aluminum.
- O. Equip fixture with MOV surge protection in accordance with IEEE recommendations.

 1. Connect MOV from line to neutral or from line to line.

 2. Install MOV on the terminal block.

Lamp & Socket:

- P. Provide *UL listed magulbase lamp sockets rated for 600 V, 1500 W that can withstand a 5000 V pulse. Meet *UL 496 requirements. Use porcelain-insulated lamp sockets with nickel plated copper alloy screw shells. Equip socket shell with a spring tensioned contact. Use nickel-plated copper alloy or stainless steel for the spring and contact.
- Supply and secure lamps inside the fixture that meet the following:

 Use pre-qualified high pressure sodium (HPS) lamps from TxDOT's material producers list of the wattages shown on the plans. No alternatives allowed.
 - Average rated lamp life 30,000 hours
 - Fully extinguish at end of usable lamp life and remain extinguished without cycling.
 Do not provide lamps that burn at reduced output at end of life.

 - 5. Meet the Federal Toxic Characteristic Leachate Procedure (TCLP) limits.

- R. Meet the following photometric requirements using published photometric data and photometric data obtained by testing
 - 1. 150 Watt mast arm (underpass) mounted luminaire. Meet IESNA Cutoff requirements. Provide a minimum intensity of 0.20 foot-candle in a rectangular area measuring 110.0 ft. by 30.0 ft., when mounted in a level position as indicated on the properly mounted fixture level bubble 20.0 ft. above the midpoint of either long side of the surface area. Do not exceed 50:1 maximum to minimum horizontal illuminance uniformity ratio within the rectangular area.
 - 2. 250-watt mast arm mounted luminaire. Meet IESNA Cutoff requirements. Provide a minimum intensity of 0.20 foot-candle in a rectangular area measuring 190.0 ft. by 45.0 ft., when mounted properly in a level position as indicated on the level bubble 40.0 ft. above the midpoint either long side of the surface area. Ensure light intensities along a line porallel to and 20.0 ft. in from the long side of this rectangular area do not decrease by more than 0.50 foot-candles in any 5.0 ft. interval along the line from 10.0 ft. to 90.0 ft. on both sides of the luminaire and provide a minimum intensity of 0.30 foot-candles at any point along the line.Do not exceed 20:1 maximum-to-minimum harizontal illuminance uniformity ratio within the rectangular area.
 - 3. 400-watt most arm mounted luminaire. Meet IESNA Cutoff requirements. Provide a minimum intensity of 0.20 foot-candle in a rectanglular area measuring 220.0 ft. by 60.0 ft. when mounted properly in a level position as indicated on the level bubble 50.0 ft. above the midpoint of either long side of the surface area. Ensure light intensities along a line parallel to and 30.0 ft. in from the long side of this rectangular area do not decrease by more than 0.75 foot-candle in any 10.0 ft. interval along the line from 10.0 ft. to 90.0 ft. on both sides of the luminaire and provide a minimum intensity of 0.30 foot-candle at any point along the line. Do not exceed 20:1 maximum-to-minimum horizontal illuminance uniformity ratio within the rectangular area.
- S. Ensure photometric data is consistent from fixture to fixture. Match published photometric data (or approved photometric reports submitted during the prequalification process as the typical photometric output instead of published data)
 - 1. Point of maximum candela within 5 degrees horizontally and vertically.
 2. Maximum candela within 20% of published maximum candela.
 3. Fixture efficiency within 10% of published efficiency.
- When reference is made to UL, it can be considered to mean a Nationally Recognized Independent Testing Lab (NRTL).
 Comperable standards of Canadian Standard Association, Electrical Testing Laboratories or Factory Mutual can be equal to the referenced UL standard.

Sheet 1 of 2



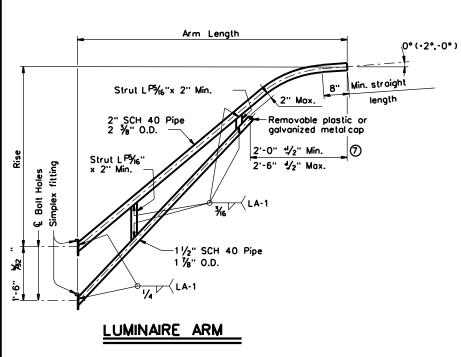
Traffic Operations Division

> ROADWAY ILLUMINATION DETAILS

(RDWY ILLUM LIGHT FIXTURES) **RID(LUM1)-07**

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72A



2'-6"

5'-6"

5'-6"

5'-6"

5'-6"

LUMINAIRE ARM DIMENSIONS

Arm Length

3'-6"

5'-6"

7'-6"

9.-6..

11'-6"

Nominal

Arm Length

4'-0"

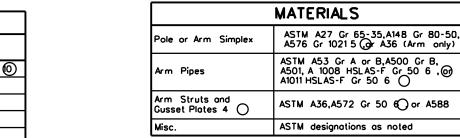
6'-0"

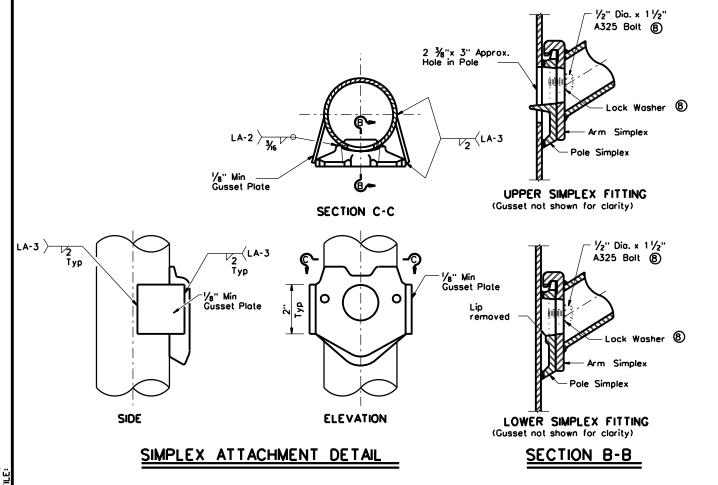
8'-0"

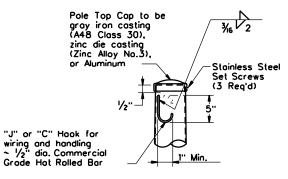
10.-0..

12'-0"

MATERIALS						
Pole or Arm Simplex	ASTM A27 Gr 65-35,A148 Gr 80-50, A576 Gr 1021 5 (gr A36 (Arm only)					
Arm Pipes	ASTM A53 Gr A or B,A500 Gr B, A501, A 1008 HSLAS-F Gr 50 6 ,@ A1011 HSLAS-F Gr 50 6					
rm Struts and usset Plates 4	ASTM A36,A572 Gr 50 6 or A588					
disc.	ASTM designations as noted					

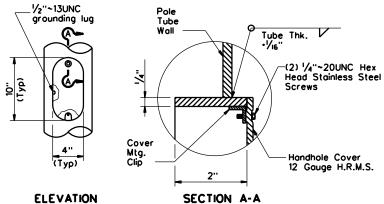




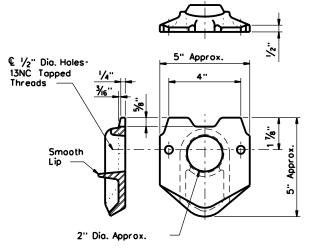


POLE TOP

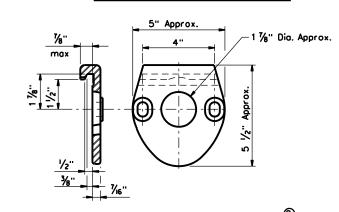
ARM ASSEMBLY FABRICATION TOLERANCES TABLE									
DIMENSION	TOLERANCE								
Arm Length	• 3 "								
Arm Rise	•1 3 /4" in 10 ft								
Arm Diameter	•3/16"								
Overall length or width	•1/4"								
Thickness	•1/4", -1/16"								
Deviation from flat	1/8" in 12"								
Spacing between holes	•3/32"								
Bolt hole size	±1/16"								
Strut location in truss arms	년1 /2"								



HANDHOLE



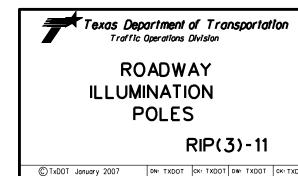
POLE SIMPLEX DETAIL



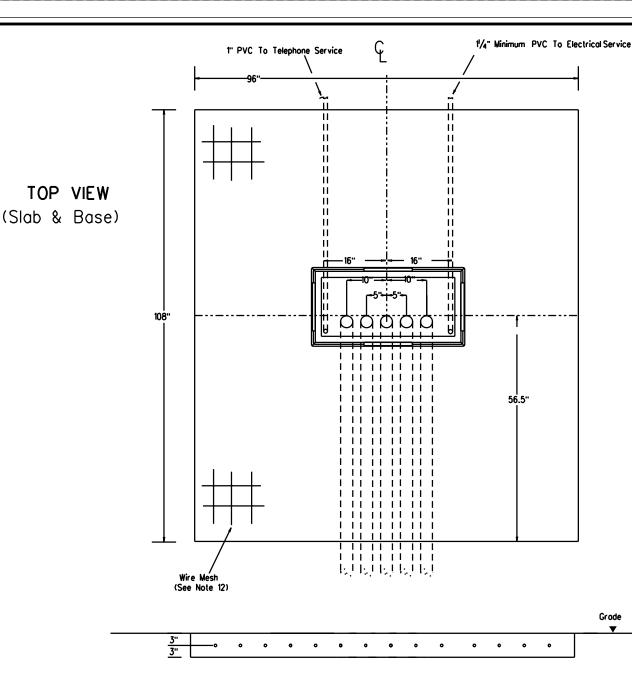
ARM SIMPLEX DETAIL 9

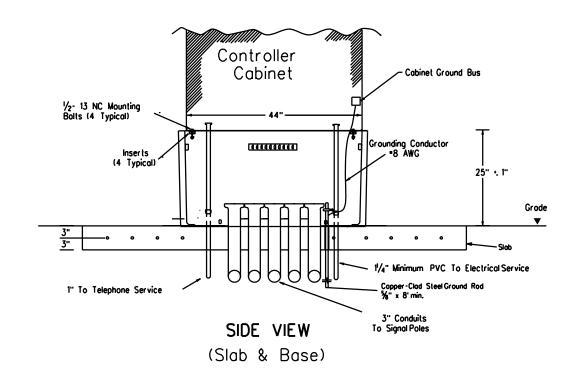
- 4 Any of the materials listed for plates may be used where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM designation.
- (5) A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.
- 6 A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F materials may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.
- (7) Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.
- 8 Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 bolts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The bolts and lock washers shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans.
- Proposed deviations in arm simplex dimensions or materials must be submitted to the Department
- OLuminaire mounting heights are based on assumed 5'-6" luminaire arm rise.

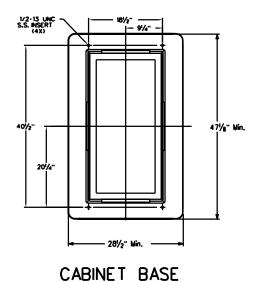
SHEET 3 of 4



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TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROLLER BASE:

TOP VIFW

- 1. Provide a traffic signal controller base (cabinet base) manufactured of polymer concrete material consisting of colcoreous and siliceous stones glass libers and thermoset polyester resin. The polymer concrete cabinet base must be reinforced on the inside of the cabinet base with fiberglass malting. Provide one of the following bases: Armorcast Part * A6001848X24, Quazite Model * PG3048Z709, or other as approved by TxDOT Traffic Operation Division.
- The polymer concrete material must have a minimum compressive strength of 10,300 pounds per square inch (psil, minimum flexural strength of 3600 psi, and minimum shear strength of 3600 psi.
 The polymer concrete cabinet base must conform to the dimensions shown and must accommodate a standard
- TxDOT basemount cabinet.
- 4. Supply the cabinet base with four $\frac{1}{2}$ "-13 UNC stainless steel inserts for attachment of the cabinet to the base. Inserts must withstand a minimum torque of 50 (1-16 and a minimum straight pull out strength of
- Provide the cobinet base with 4 cable rocks mounted one on each side of the base 2" to 7" from the top edge of the base. Unless approved otherwise, cable rocks must be 1-1/2 x 1/4 x 1/4 inch steel channel with eight T-stats spaced at 1-1/2 inches. The cable rocks must easily accommodate the insertion of tie wraps to ottach field wring to the rocks to serve as strain relief. Secure cable rocks to the base using 1/2"-13 UNC stainless steel screws and inserts.
- 6. The cobinet base, when secured to the concrete slob with controller cobinet attached, must withstand a minimum wind load of 125 mph or a 850 lb force applied at 49" above the bottom of the base without causing the base or cabinet to come out of their anchored position or cause any permanent deformation. The manufacturer must supply certification by an independent testing laboratory or sealed by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Provide the cabinet base with hardware for attachment to a concrete slab.
- 7. The traffic signal base must be permanently marked either by impress or by permanent ink with the manufacturer's model number and name or logo.
- 8. Seal the base to the concrete with a silicone coulk bead and fastened to the slab per manufacturer's instructions.

CONCRETE SLAB:

9. Traffic signal controller pad must be a portland cement concrete slab poured in place, must conform to the dimensions shown, and must be level.

- 10. Bond a *8 AWG copper ground wire and on 8 ft ground rod banded to the reinforcing mesh by a suitable UL Listed clamp and terminated to the cabinet grounding bus for the purpose of providing a local ground for the electrical grounding conductor. The electrical grounding conductor specified in Item 680-3.A.4 is required and must be terminated to the cabinet ground bus.
- 11. Install a PVC sleeve to prevent the ground rod from direct embedment in the slab.
- 12. Provide welded wire mesh 6X6-W2.9 X W2.9 for reinforcement. Provide joints and splices in the mesh with a minimum 6-inch overlap. Center the mesh between top and bottom and provide a minimum 3 inch cover on
- 13. Provide Class B concrete minimum for the slab in accordance with Item 421. Construct the slab in accordance with Item 531.

- 14. Stub up and run 3-inch conduits through the slab to the various traffic signal-poles and ground boxes as shown on the layouts, install the number of conduits as shown on layouts plus two additional 3 inch conduits for future use. Terminate the conduits with a bushing between 2 and 4-inches above the slab.
- 15. Extend conduits for future use at least 18-inches from the edge of the slab, terminate underground with a coupling, and cap and sealso that the sealcan be removed without damaging the coupling. This must also apply to unused telephone conduit.
- 16. Slub up two separate conduits through the slab from the electrical and telephone services. Run the conduit for the electrical feed directly to the electrical service enclosure. Run the conduit for the telephone line directly to the telephane service, usually located on the same pole as the electrical service. Telephane must not under any circumstance share a conduit with any other function.
- 17. Terminate electric and telephone conduits above the slab with a coupling. After the base is installed, extend the conduits above the top of the base and secure to the base using a steel one-hole strop or similar suitable substitute.

CONTROLLER CABINET:

- 18. Anchor the controller cabinet to the base using four stainless steel 1/2-13 NC bolts.
- 19. The silicone coulk bead specified in Item 680.3.8 must be RTV 133.

PAYMENT:

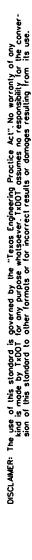
20. Bid TS-CF as subsidiary to Item 680.

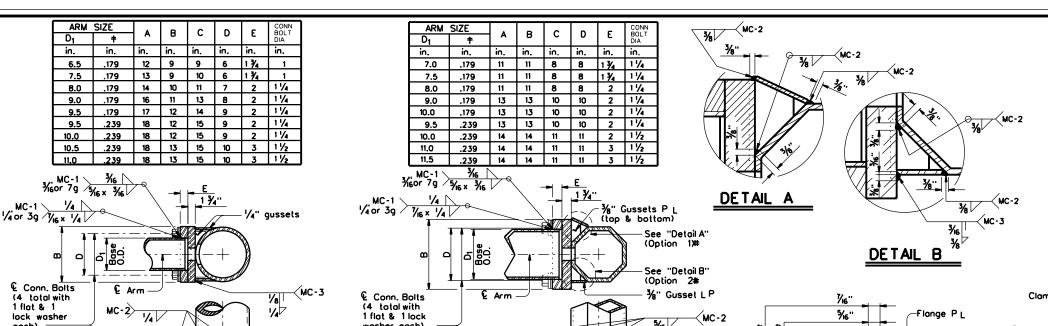


TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROLLER CABINET BASE AND PAD

TS-CF-04

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FIXED MOUNT DETAIL 1

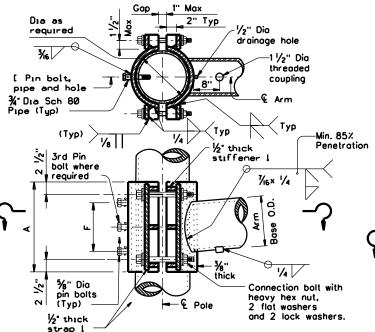
−2 ½" dia hole in plate

4" dia hole

Deburr holes and

in pole

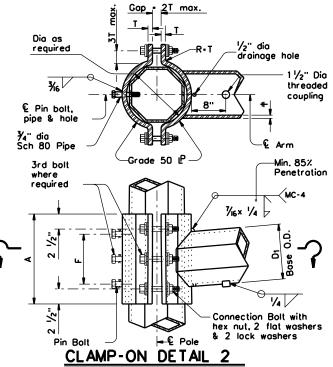
ARM	SIZE			CONN. E	OLTS	PIN B	OLTS
D ₁	+	Ι ^	F	No.	Dia	No.	Dia
in.	in.	in.	in.	eo.	in.	ea.	in.
6.5	.179	12	6	4	1	2	%
7.5	.179	14	8	4	1	2	%
8.0	.179	14	8	4	1	2	%
9.0	.179	16	10	4	1	2	%
9.5	.179	18	12	4	11/4	3	%
9.5	.239	18	12	4	11/4	3	%
10.0	.239	18	12	4	11/4	3	%



CLAMP-ON DETAIL 1

FIXED MOUNT DETAIL 2

ARM	ARM SIZE		١.	_	CONN.	BOLTS	PIN E	BOLTS
Dı	+	┦ ^	F	'	No.	Dia	No.	Dia
in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	ea.	in.	eo.	in.
7.0	.179	12	6	₹4	4	3/4	2	%
7.5	.179	14	8	7/4	4	₹4	2	%
8.0	.179	14	8	₹4	4	₹4	2	%
9.0	.179	16	10	%	4	1	2	5%
10.0	.179	18	10	%	4	1	2	%
9.5	.239	18	10	1	6	1	3	%
10.0	.239	18	10	1	6	1	3	5%



Clamp Pi *%*6"__

FIXED MOUNT ARM

ঠ × | %

~2 ½" dia hole in pole & plate

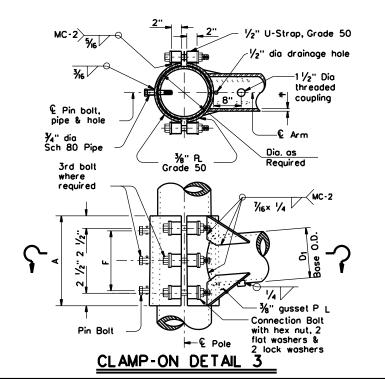
Deburr holes and

offset as shown

for drainage

ARM BASE WELD DETAILS

ARM	SIZE		_ ا	CONN. BOLTS PIN BOLT						
D ₁	+	7 ^	A F		Dia	No.	Dia			
in.	in.	in.	in.	ea.	in.	eo.	in.			
6.5	.179	12	6	4	1	2	%			
7.5	.179	14	8	4	1	2	%			
8.0	.179	14	8	4	1	2	%			
9.0	.179	16	10	4	1	2	%			
9.5	.179	18	12	6	1	3	%			
9.5	.239	18	12	6	1	3	%			
10.0	230	10	12	6	1	7	54			



MATERIALS ASTM A595 Gr.A, A588, A1008 HSLAS Gr.50 Closs 2, A1011 HSLAS Gr.50 Closs 2, A572 Gr.50 or A1011 SS Gr.50 Round Shafts or Polygonal Shafts Plates ① ASTM A36, A588, or A572 Gr.50 Connection Bolts ASTM A325 or A449, except where noted Pin Bolts ASTM A325 ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50, A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50 Pipe ① Calvanized steel or stainless steel Misc. Hardware or as noted

- **DASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS, A1011 HSLAS, A1008 HSLAS-F.** A1011 HSLAS-F or A1011 SS may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.
- 2 ASTM A1011 SS Gr.50 material shall also have a minimum elongation of 18 percent in 8 inches or 23 percent in 2 inches. Material thickness in excess of those stipulated under A1011 SS will be acceptable providing the material meets all other A1011 SS requirements and the requirements of this item.

GENERAL NOTES:

Min. 85% Penetration

"Clamp-on Detail 3"

except

CLAMP-ON ARM

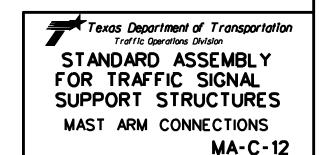
Clamp-on details are used for the second arm on dual most arm assemblies. A Maximum 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " wide vertical slotted hole shall be cut in the front clamp plate to facilitate drainage during galvanizing. The slot shall be centered behind the arm and shall be no longer than the arm diameter minus 1"

Fixed mount details are used for single most arm assemblies and for the first arm on dual mast arm assemblies.

Where duplicate parts occur on a detail, welds shown for one part shall apply to all similar parts on the detail.

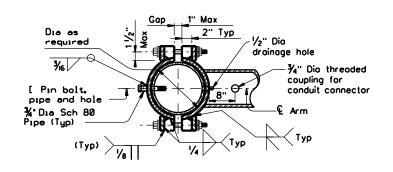
Pin bolts are required to prevent rotation of clamp-on arms under design wind forces.

Pin bolts shall be A325 with threads excluded from the shear plane. Pin bolt and $\frac{1}{4}$ " dia pipe shall have $\frac{1}{16}$ " dia holes for a $\frac{1}{8}$ " dia galvanized cotter pin. Back clamp plate shall be furnished with a $\frac{1}{4}$ " dia hole for each pin bolt. An $\frac{1}{16}$ " dia hole for each pin bolt shall be field drilled through the pole after arm orientations have been approved by the Engineer.

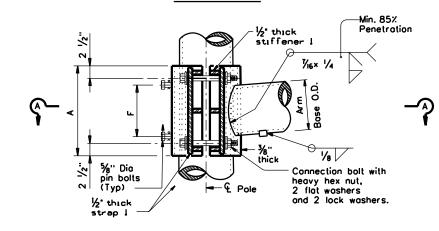


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TABLE OF DIMENSIONS							
for ILS	for ILSN Support Arm Clamp-on Details 1,2 and 3						
ilsn arm size		F	CONN.	BOLTS	PIN BOLTS		
	_ A		No.	Dia	No.	Dia	
3 in. dia	in.	in,	eo.	in.	ea.	in.	
Schedule 40 Pipe	10	4	4	₹4	2	5⁄8	



SECTION A-A



ILSN CLAMP-ON DETAIL 1

GENERAL NOTES:

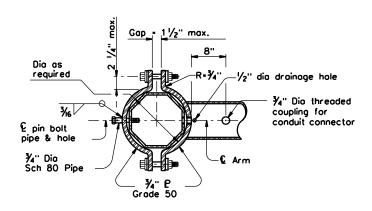
Clamp-on details shall be used for ILSN support arm assemblies. A $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch diameter hole shall be cut in the front clamp plate for wiring access. A matched hole shall be field drilled through the pole to provide wire access after arm is oriented. Deburr both holes.

Where duplicate parts occur on a detail, welds shown for one part shall apply to all similar parts on the details.

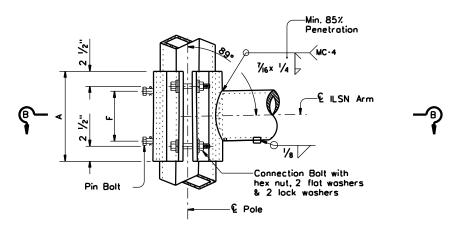
Pin bolts are required to prevent rotation of clamp-on arms under design wind forces.

NOTE:

Pin bolts shall be A325 with threads excluded from the shear plane. Pin bolt and 1/4" dia pipe shall have 1/6" dia holes for a 1/6" dia galvanized cotter pin. Back clamp plate shall be furnished with a 1/4" dia hole for each pin bolt. An 1/1/6" dia hole for each pin bolt shall be field drilled through the pole after arm orientations have been approved by the Engineer.

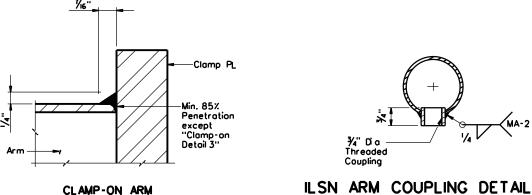


SECTION B-B



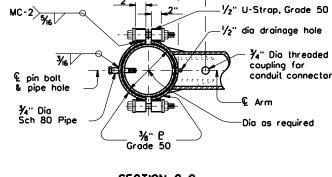
¾" D'a -Threaded

ILSN CLAMP-ON DETAIL 2

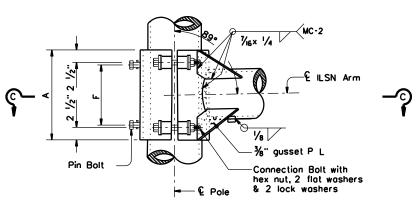


CLAMP-ON ARM

ARM BASE WELD DETAILS



SECTION C-C



ILSN CLAMP-ON DETAIL 3

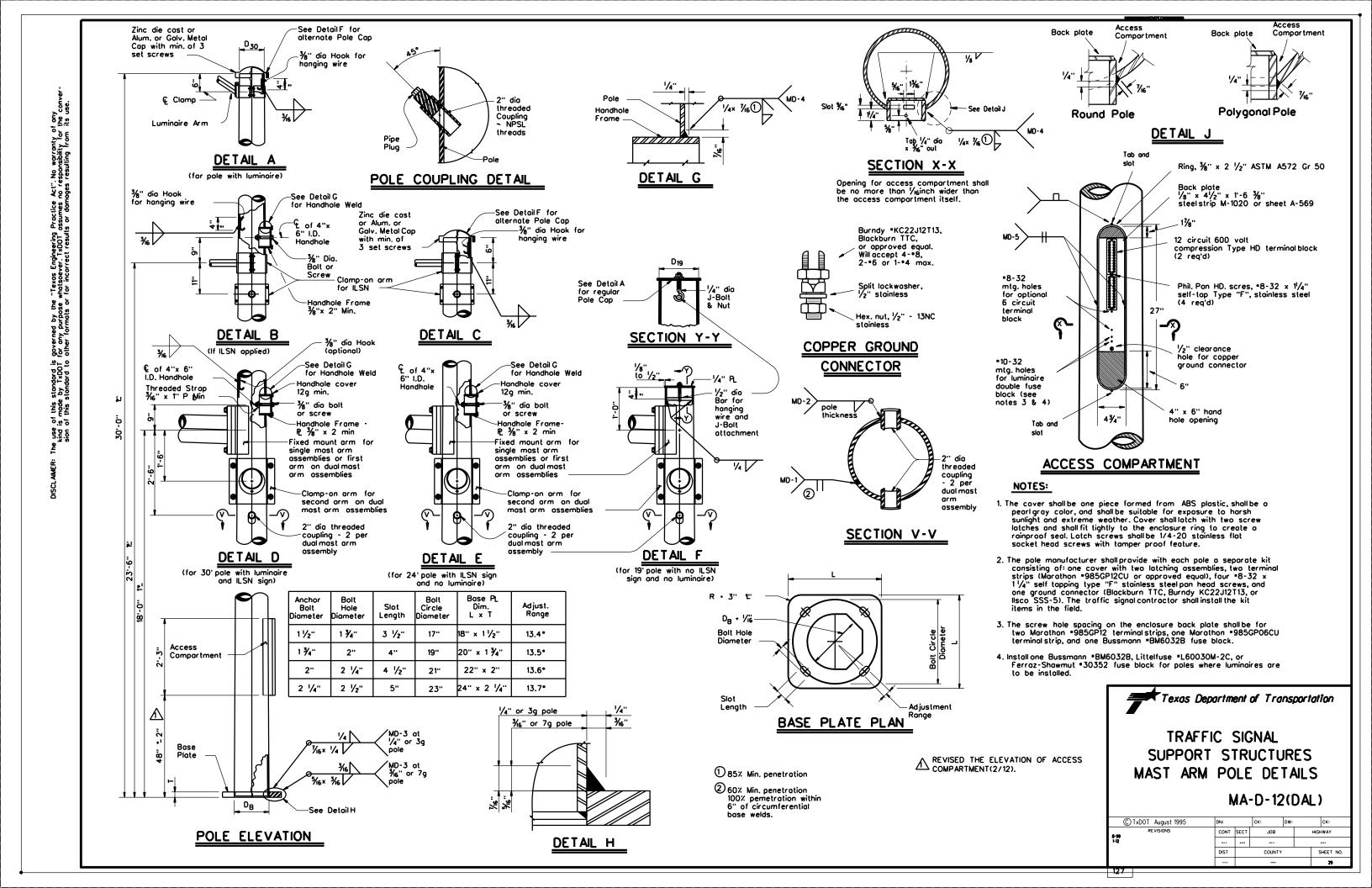


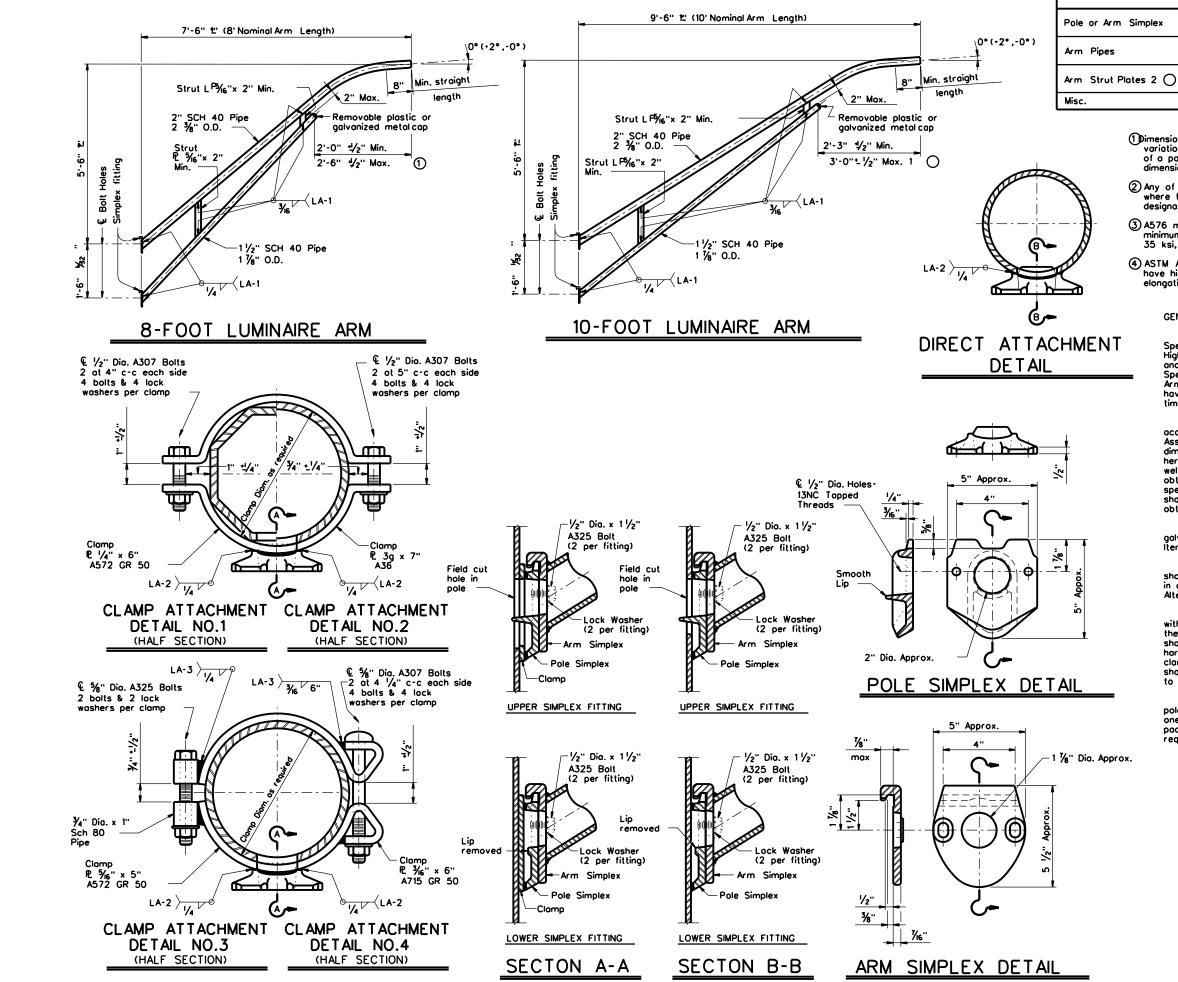
MAST-ARM CONNECTIONS

MA-C(ILSN)-12

TxDOT August 1995	DN: MS		CK: JSY DW:		MMF	CK: JSY		
REVISIONS	CONT SECT JOB				HIG	HIGHWAY		
	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.			
					28			







Dimensional limits are given to show acceptable variation in design. All of a Fabricator's production of a particular arm length shall have the same dimensions within specified tolerances.

ASTM designations as noted

MATERIALS

ASTM A27 Gr.65-35 or A148 Gr.80-50, A576 Gr.1021 3 (or A36 (Arm only)

ASTM A36, A572 Gr.50 4 () or A588

ASTM A53 Gr.B, A501, A1008 HSLAS-F Gr.50 4 or A1011 HSLAS-F Gr.50 4

2) Any of the materials listed for plates may be used where the drawings do not specify a particular ASTM designation.

3 A576 must be suitable for forging and also meet minimum tensile strength of 65 ksi, minimum yield of 35 ksi, and elongation in 2 inches of 22 percent.

4 ASTM A572, A1008 HSLAS-F, and A1011 HSLAS-F may have higher yield strengths but shall not have less elongation than the grade indicated.

GENERAL NOTES:

Design conforms to 1994 AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals and Interim Revisions thereto. Design Wind Speed equals 90 mph plus a 1.3 gust factor. Arms are designed to support a 60 lb. luminaire having an effective projected area (actual area times drag coefficient) of 1.6 sq. ft.

Materials and fabrication shall be in accordance with Item 686, "Traffic Signal Pole Assemblies (Steel)" and with the details, dimensions, and weld procedures shown herein. Weld references call for preapproved weld procedures which the Fabricator must obtain prior to fabrication. In the absense of specified Fabricaton tolerances, dimensions shall be within the tolerances generally obtainable in normal fabrication practice.

Unless otherwise noted, all parts shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Deviation from the details and dimensions shown herein require submission of shop drawings in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures". Alternate designs are not acceptable.

Each pole simplex fitting shall be supplied with 2 ASTM A325 balts and 2 lock washers of the size specified. The balts and lock washers shall be secured to the pole with the other hardware items called for in the plans. When clamp attachment is specified, the Fabricator shall ship the clamp assembly securely attached to the pole at the location shown on the plans.

If clamp assemblies are ordered without poles, the Fabricator shall ship one upper and one lower clamp assembly together in a single package, including all nuts and washers required for the clamps and simplex fittings.



ARM DETAILS

LUM-A-12

DN:		CK:	DW:		CK:		
CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		
DIST		COUNTY	9	HEET NO.			
				.30			
	CONT	CONT SECT DIST	CONT SECT JOB DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB DIST COUNTY	CONT SECT JOB HIGH DIST COUNTY S		

of this standard is governed by the "Texas Engineering Practice Act". No warranty of any is made by TxDOT for any purpose wholsoever. TxDOT assumes no responsibility for the conver of this standard to other formats or for incorrect results or damages resulting from its use.

kind

GENERAL NOTES FOR ALL ELECTRICAL WORK

- The location of all conduits, junction boxes, ground boxes, and electrical services is diagrammatic and may be shifted to accommodate field conditions.
- 2. Provide new and unused materials. Ensure that all materials and installations comply with the applicable articles of the National Electrical Code (NEC), TxDOT standards and specifications, National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), and are listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or a Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL). NRTLs such as Canadian Standard Association (CSA), Intertek Testing Services NA Inc., or FM Approvals LLC can be considered equivalent to UL. Where reference is made to NEMA listed devices, International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) listed devices will not be considered an acceptable equal to a NEMA listed device. Acceptable devices may have both a NEMA and IEC listing. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in any material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Replace or reinstall rejected material or equipment at no additional cost to the Department.
- 3. Miscellaneous nuts, bolts and hardware, except for high strength bolts, may be stainless steel when plans specify galvanized, provided the bolt size is $\frac{1}{2}$ in. or less in diameter.
- 4. Provide the following test equipment as required by the Engineer to confirm compliance with the contract and the NEC: voltmeter, ammeter, megohm meter (1000 volt DC), ground resistance tester, torque wrenches, and torque screwdrivers. Ensure all equipment has been properly colibrated within the last year. Provide calibration certification to the Engineer upon request. Operate test equipment during inspection as requested by the Engineer.
- 5. Install grounding as shown on the plans and in accordance with the NEC. Ensure all metallic conduits; metal poles; luminaires; and metal enclosures are bonded to the equipment grounding conductor. Provide stranded bare copper or green insulated grounding conductors. Ground rods, connectors, and bonding jumpers are subsidiary to the various bid items.
- 6. When required by the Engineer, notify the Department in writing of materials from the Material Producers List (MPL) intended for use on each project. Prequalified materials are listed on the MPL on TxDOT's website under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." No substitutions will be allowed for materials on this list.

CONDUIT

A. MATERIALS

- 1. Provide conduit, junction boxes, fittings, and hardware as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11030 "Conduit" and Item 618 "Conduit" of TxDOT's "Standard Specifications For Construction And Maintenance Of Highways, Streets, And Bridges," latest edition. Provide conduits listed under Item 618 on the MPL under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies." Provide conduit types according to the descriptive code or as shown on the plans. Do not substitute other types of conduits for those shown. Provide liquiditight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) when flexible conduit is called for on galvanized steel rigid metallic conduit (RMC) systems. Provide liquiditight flexible nonmetallic conduit (LFNC) when flexible conduit is called for on polyvinyl chloride (PVC) systems.
- Provide galvanized steel RMC for all exposed conduits, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Properly bond all metal conduits.
- 6. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, provide junction boxes with a minimum size as shown in the following table, which applies to the greatest number of conductors entering the box through one conduit with no more than four conduits per box. When a mixture of conductor sizes is present, count the conductors as if all are of the larger size. For situations not applicable to the table, size junction boxes in accordance with NEC.

AWG	3 CONDUCTORS	5 CONDUCTORS	7 CONDUCTORS
•1	10" × 10" × 4"	12" × 12" × 4"	16" × 16" × 4"
•2	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	12" x 12" x 4"
•4	8" × 8" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"	10" × 10" × 4"
•6	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	10" x 10" x 4"
•8	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"	8" × 8" × 4"

- 4. Junction boxes with an internal valume of less than 100 cu. in. and supported by entering raceways must have threaded entries or hubs identified for the intended purpose and supported by connection of two or more rigid metal conduits. Secure conduit within 3 ft. of the enclosure or within 18 in. of the enclosure if all conduit entries are on the same side. Mechanically secure all junction boxes with an internal volume greater than 100 cu. inches.
- Provide hot dipped galvanized cost iron or sand cost aluminum autlet boxes for junction boxes containing only 10 AWG or 12 AWG conductors. Do not use die cost aluminum boxes. Size outlet boxes according to the NEC.
- 6. Do not use intermediate metal conduit (IMC) or electrical metallic tubing (EMT) unless specifically required by the plan sheets. When EMT is called for, provide junction boxes made from galvanized steel sheeting, listed and approved for outdoor use, unless otherwise noted on the plans. Size all galvanized steel junction boxes in accordance with the NEC. Provide junction boxes for IMC conduit systems that meet the same requirements for junction boxes used with RMC systems.
- 7. Provide PVC junction boxes intended for outdoor use on PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

- 8. Provide PVC elbows in PVC conduit systems, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the PVC conduit system. When galvanized steel RMC elbows are specifically called for in the plans and any portion of the RMC elbow is buried less than 18 in., ground the RMC elbow by means of a grounding bushing on a rigid metal extension. Grounding of the rigid metal elbow is not required if the entire RMC elbow is encased in a minimum of 2 in. of concrete. PVC extensions are allowed on these concrete encased rigid metal elbows. RMC or PVC elbows are subsidiary to various bid items.
- 9. When required, provide High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE) conduit with factory installed internal conductors according to Item 622 "Duct Cable." At the Contractor's request and with approval by the Engineer, substitute HDPE conduit with no conductors for bored schedule 40 or schedule 80 PVC conduit bid under Item 618. Ensure bored HDPE substituted for PVC is schedule 40 and of the same size PVC called for in the plans. Ensure the substituted HDPE meets the requirements of Item 622, except that the conduit is supplied without factory-installed conductors. Make the transition of the HDPE conduit to PVC (or RMC elbow when required) at the bore pit. Provide conduit of the size and schedule as shown on the plans. Do not extend substituted conduit into ground boxes or foundations. Provide PVC or galvanized steel RMC elbows as called for at all ground boxes and foundations.
- 10. Use two-hole straps when supporting 2 in. and larger conduits. On electrical service poles, properly sized stainless steel or hot dipped galvanized one-hole standoff straps are allowed on the service riser conduit.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Provide and install expansion joint conduit fittings on all structure-mounted conduits at the structure's expansion joints to allow for movement of the conduit. In addition, provide and install expansion joint fittings on all continuous runs of galvanized steel RMC conduit externally exposed on structures such as bridges at maximum intervals of 150 ft. When requested by the project Engineer, supply manufacturer's specification sheet for expansion joint conduit fittings. Repair or replace expansion joint fittings that do not allow for movement at no additional cost to the Department. Provide the method of determining the amount of expansion to the Engineer upon request. Do not use LFMC or LFNC as a substitute for the required expansion conduit fittings.
- Space all conduit supports at maximum intervals of 5 ft. Install conduit spacers when attaching metal conduit to surface of concrete structures. See "Conduit Mounting Options" on ED(2). Install conduit support within 3 ft. of all enclosures and conduit terminations.
- Do not attach conduit supports directly to pre-stressed concrete beams except as shown specifically in the plans or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, jack or bore conduit placed beneath existing roadways, driveways, sidewalks, or after the base or surfacing operation has begun. Backfill and compact the bore pits below the conduit per Item 476 "Jacking, Boring, or Tunneling Pipe or Box" prior to installing conduit or duct cable to prevent bending of the connections.
- 5. When placing conduit in the sub-grade of new roadways, backfill all trenches with excavated material unless otherwise noted on the plans. When placing conduit in the sub-base of new roadways, backfill all trenches with cement-stabilized base as per requirements of Items 110 "Excavation", 400 "Excavation and Backfill for Structures", 401 "Flowable Backfill", 402 "Trench Excavation Protection", and 403 "Temporary Special Shoring."
- 6. Provide and place warning tape approximately 10 in. above all trenched conduit as per Item 618.
- 7. During construction, temporarily cap or plug open ends of all conduit and raceways immediately after installation to prevent entry of dirt, debris and animals. Temporary caps constructed of durable duct tape are allowed. Tightly fix the tape to the conduit opening. Clean out the conduit and prove it clear in accordance with Item 618 prior to installing any conductors.
- 8. Ensure conduit entry into the top of any enclosure is waterproof by installing conduit sealing hubs or using boxes with threaded bosses. This includes surface mounted safety switches, meter cons, service enclosures, auxiliary enclosures and junction boxes. Grounding bushings on water tight sealing hubs are not required.
- Fit the ends of all PVC conduit terminations with bushings or bell end fittings. Provide and install a grounding type bushing on all metal conduit terminations.
- 10. Install a bonding jumper from each grounding bushing to the nearest ground rod, grounding lug, or equipment grounding conductor. Ensure all bonding jumpers are the same size as the equipment grounding conductor. Bonding of conduit used as a casing under roadways for duct cable is not required, if the duct extends the full length through the casing.
- 11. At all electrical services, install a 6 AWG solid copper grounding electrode conductor.
- 12. Place conduits entering ground boxes so that the conduit openings are between 3 in. and 6 in. from the bottom of the box. See the ground box detail on sheet ED(4).
- 13. Sealends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or by other methods approved by the Engineer. Seal conduit immediately after completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone caulk as a conduit sealant.
- 14. File smooth the cut ends of all mounting strut and conduit. Before installing, paint the field cut ends of all mounting strut and RMC (threaded or non-threaded) with zinc rich paint (94% or more zinc content) to alleviate oversproy. Use zinc rich paint to touch up galvanized material as allowed under Item 445 "Galvanizing." Do not paint non-galvanized material with a zinc rich paint as an alternative for materials required to be galvanized.



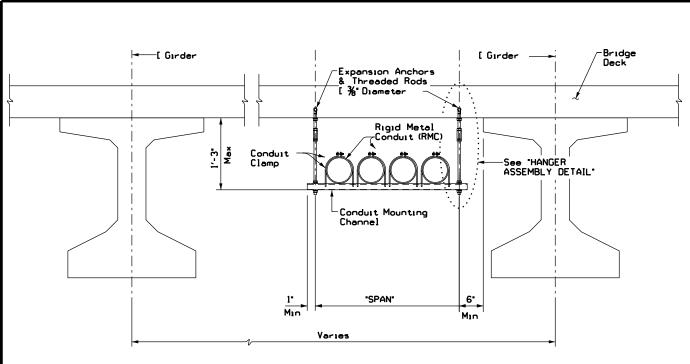
Operations Division Standard

Traffic

ELECTRICAL DETAILS CONDUITS & NOTES

ED(1)-14

.E:	ed1-14.dgn	DN:		ck:	DW:		CK:	
TxDOT	October 2014	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY		
	REVISIONS							
		DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.		
							31	



CONDUIT HANGING DETAIL

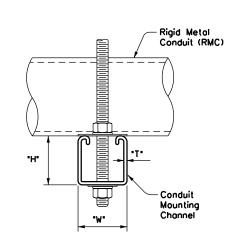
CONDUIT MOUNTING CHANNEL "SPAN" "W" x "H" "T" less than 2' 1 %" x 1 %" 12 Ga. 2'-0" to 2'-6" 1 %" x 1 %" 12 Ga.

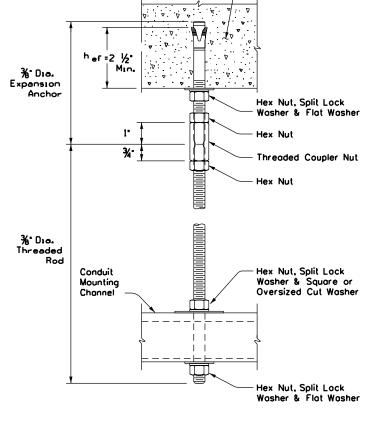
1 % × 2 1/6"

12 Ga.

Channels with round or short slotted hole patterns are allowed, if the load carrying capacity is not reduced by more than 15%.

>2'-6" to 3'-0"

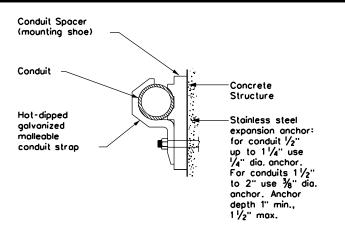


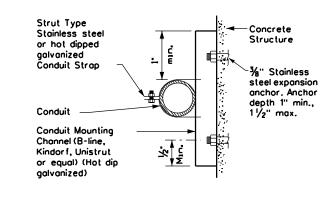


Bridge Deck

HANGER ASSEMBLY DETAIL

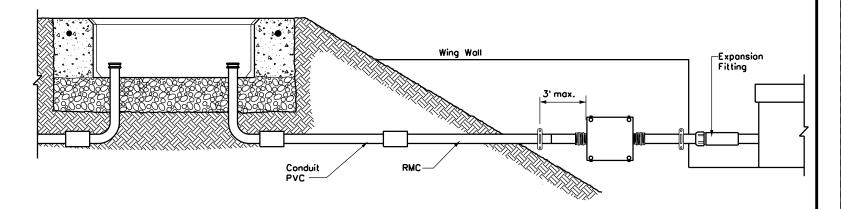
ELECTRIC CONDUIT TO BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT





CONDUIT MOUNTING OPTIONS

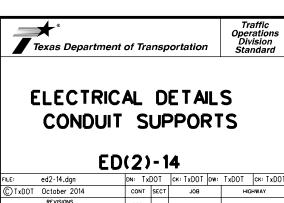
Attachment to concrete surfaces See ED(1)B.2



TYPICAL CONDUIT ENTRY TO BRIDGE STRUCTURE DETAIL

EXPANSION ANCHOR NOTES FOR BRIDGE DECK ATTACHMENT

- Use torque controlled mechanical expansion anchors that are approved for use in cracked concrete by the International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES). The chosen anchor product shall have a designated ICC-ES Evaluation Report number, and its approval status shall be maintained on the ICC-ES website under Division 031600 for Concrete Anchors.
- Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer: do not use adhesive anchors; do not use expansion anchors that are not included in the ICC-ES approval list; and do not use expansion anchors that are only approved for use in uncracked concrete.
- 3. Use anchors manufactured with stainless steel expansion wedges. Anchors manufactured with carbon steel expansion wedges are not allowed. Anchor bodies can be either zinc-plated carbon steel or stainless steel. For application in marine environment, both the anchor body and expansion wedge shall be stainless steel.
- 4. Install anchors as shown on the plans and in accordance with the anchor manufacturer's published installation instructions. Arrange a field demonstration test to evaluate the procedures and tools. The test shall be witnessed and approved by the Engineer prior to furnishing anchors on the structure.
- 5. Prior to hole drilling, use rebar locator to ensure clearing of existing deck strands or reinforcement. Install anchors to ensure a minimum effective embedment depth, (ef)^h, as shown. Increase (ef) as needled to ensure sufficient thread length for proper torqueing and tightening of anchors.
- 6. Use anchors of minimum 1600 Lbs tensile capacity (minimum of steel, concrete breakout, and concrete pullout strengths as determined by ACI 318 Appendix D) at the required minimum embedment depth (ef). Not lateral loads shall be introduced after conduit installation.



ELECTRICAL CONDUCTORS

A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

- 1. Provide Type XHHW insulated conductors in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11040 "Conductors" and Item 620 "Electrical Conductors." Provide conductors as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies" Item 620. Color code insulated conductors in conformance with the NEC. Identify grounded (neutral) conductors with white insulation. Identify grounding conductors (ground wires) with green insulation or bare conductors. Identify ungrounded (hot) conductors with any color insulation except green, white, or gray. Keep color scheme consistent throughout the wiring system. Identify conductors 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG) and smaller by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. When identifying conductors with colored tape, mark at least 6 in. of the conductor's insulation with half laps of tape.
- 2. Provide a solid copper 6 AWG grounding electrode conductor to bond the electrical service equipment to the concrete encased grounding electrode or the ground rod at the service location. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the ground rod with a UL listed connector in accordance with DMS 11040. Connect the grounding electrode conductor to the concrete encased grounding electrode as shown in the plans.
- 3. Where two or more circuits are present in one conduit or enclosure, permanently identify the conductors of each branch circuit by attaching a non-metallic tag around both circuit conductors at each accessible location. Provide tags with two straps, large enough to indicate circuit number, letter, or other identification as shown in the plans. Print circuit identification on the tag with a permanent marker.
- 4. Use listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blacks, or split bolt connectors for splicing as specified in DMS 11040. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Provide UL listed gel-filled insulating splice covers. Splicing materials, insulating materials, breakaway disconnects, splice covers, and fuse holders are subsidiary to various bid items.

B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Use only a flat, high tensile strength polyester fiber pull tape for pulling conductors through the conduit system. After installing conductors in conduit, perform conductor pull test. If a conductor cannot be freely pulled, make any needed alterations or repairs at no additional cost to the department. Perform insulation resistance tests in accordance with Item 620. Coordinate with the Engineer to witness the tests.
- 2. Leave 2 ft. minimum, 3 ft. maximum length for each conductor up to the splice in ground boxes. Leave 3 ft. minimum, 4 ft. maximum length of conductor in ground boxes when pulled through with no splice. Leave 1 ft. minimum, 1.5 ft. maximum length of conductor at enclosures, weatherheads and pole bases.
- 3. Make splices only in junction boxes, ground boxes, pole bases, or electrical enclosures and use only listed compression or screw type pressure connectors, terminal blocks, or split bolt connectors. Insulate splices with heavy wall heat shrink tubing or gel-filled insulating splice covers to provide a watertight splice. Overlap conductor insulation with heat shrink tubing a minimum of 2 in. post both sides of the splice. Where heat shrink tubing may not shrink sufficiently to provide a watertight seal around the individual conductors, prior to heating the tubing, increase the diameter of the conductor insulation using hot melt adhesive tope to provide a watertight seal between the individual conductors and the heat shrink tubing. Ensure the tope extends post the heat shrink tubing. Use hot melt adhesive tape to fill the gap and seal the ends of heat shrink tubing. Heat shrink tubing that appears to have been burned, or overheated, is considered defective and must be replaced.
- 4. Size and install gel-filled insulating splice covers according to manufacturer's specifications when used in place of heat shrink tubing.
- Wire nuts with factory applied waterproof sealant may be used for 8 AWG or smaller conductors in above ground junction boxes, but not in pole bases or ground boxes. Install wire nuts in an upright position to prevent the accumulation of water.
- 6. Support conductors in illumination poles with a J-hook at the top of the pole.
- When terminating conductors, remove the insulation and jacketing material without nicking the individual strands of the conductor. Conductors with nicked individual conductor strands or removed strands will be considered damaged.
- Replace conductors and cables that are damaged beyond repair or that fail an insulation resistance test at no additional cost to the department.
- Do not repair damaged conductors with duct tope, electrical tope, or wire nuts. Use only approved splicing methods.
- 10. Do not terminate more than one conductor under a single connector, unless the connector is rated for multiple conductors. Do not exceed the pressure connector's listing for maximum number and size of conductors allowed.
- 11. Install breakaway connectors on conductors bid under Item 620 whenever those conductors pass through a breakaway support device. Follow manufacturer's instructions when terminating conductors to breakaway connectors. Properly torque threaded connections. Proper terminations are critical to the safe operation of breakaway devices. Trim waterproofing boots on breakaway connectors to fit snugly around the conductor to ensure waterproof connection. Only one conductor may enter a single opening in a boot. Provide waterproof boots with the correct number of openings. Leave unused openings factory sealed. Use prequalified breakaway connectors as shown on the MPL.

12. Provide and install a separate stranded equipment grounding conductor (EGC) in all conduits that contain circuit wiring of 50 volts or more. Unless shown elsewhere, size the EGC to be the same size as the largest current carrying conductor contained in the conduit. Ensure all EGCs are bonded together at every accessible location. For traffic signal installations, provide a minimum size 8 AWG EGC. The EGC is paid for under Item 620.

C. TEMPORARY WIRING

- Install temporary conductors and electrical equipment in accordance with the NEC article "Temporary Installations" and Department standard sheets.
- Provide a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) for power outlets for portable electrical equipment, power tools, ice machines, ice storage bins and refrigerators located outdoors at grade. GFCImay be any one of the following: molded cord and plug set, receptacle, or circuit breaker type.
- Use listed wire nuts with factory applied sealant for temporary wiring where approved.
- 4. Enclose conductor splices within a listed enclosure or ground box, or ensure the splices are more than 10 ft. above grade vertically and more than 5 ft. horizontally from any metal structure. Where installing temporary conductors in areas subject to vehicle traffic or mobile construction equipment, ensure the vertical clearance to ground is at least 18 ft. when measured at the lowest point. Ground messenger wires that support power conductors in conformance with the NEC.
- Protect and when necessary repair any existing electrical conduits uncovered during the construction process in a timely manner and in conformance with the NFC.

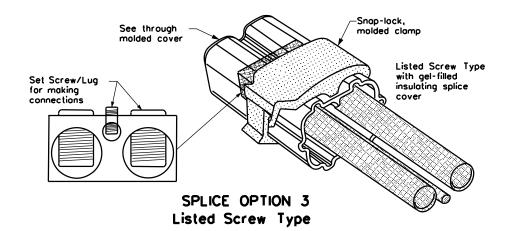
GROUND RODS & GROUNDING ELECTRODES

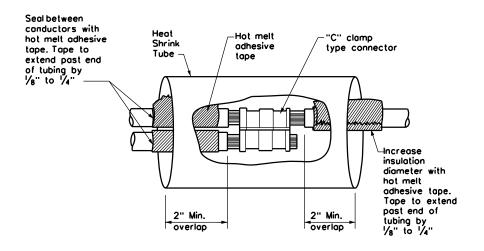
A. MATERIAL INFORMATION

Provide and install a grounding electrode at electrical services. Provide
ground rods according to DMS 11040 and the plans. Larger diameter or longer
length rods may be called for in some specific locations, see the individual
plans sheets. Concrete encased grounding electrodes may be called for in
specific locations including electrical service, see individual plan sheets.

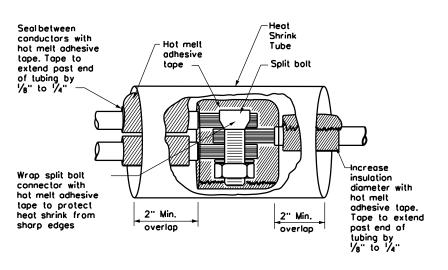
B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- 1. Furnish auxiliary ground rods for lightning protection and install in soil, concrete, or both, as called for in the plans. For ground rods installed in concrete, ensure the connection of the conductor to the ground rod is readily accessible for inspection or repairs. For ground rods installed in soil, ensure that the upper end is between 2 to 4 in below finished grade
- 2. Do not place ground rods in the same drilled hole as a timber pole.
- Install ground rods so the imprinted part number is at the upper end of the rod.
- 4. Remove all non-conductive coatings such as concrete splatter from the rod at the clamp location.
- Route all conductors as short and straight as possible for connection to lightning protection ground rods. When a bend is required, ensure a minimum radius bend of four inches for these conductors.
- 6. Unless otherwise called for in the plans, protect grounding electrode conductors with non-metallic conduit. When protecting grounding electrode conductors with metal conduit, provide and install a grounding type bushing and properly sized bonding jumper on each end of the metal conduit.
- 7. Written authorization is required before installing a ground rod in a horizontal trench for rocky soil or a solid rock bottom.

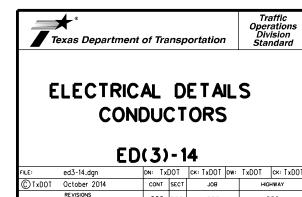




SPLICE OPTION 1 Compression Type



SPLICE OPTION 2
Split Bolt Type



DIST

COUNTY

SHEET NO.

APRON FOR GROUND BOX

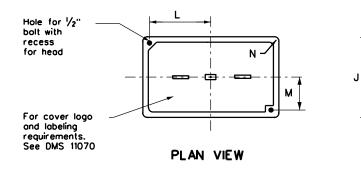
- (1) Uniformly space ends of conduits within the ground box. Position ends of conduits so that ground box walls do not interfere with the installation of grounding bushings or bell end fittings.
- (2) Maintain sufficient space between conduits to allow for proper installation of bushing.
- (3) Place aggregate under the box, not in the box. Aggregate should not encroach on the interior volume of the box.
- (4) Install a grounding bushing on the upper end of all RMC terminating in a ground box.

 Ground RMC elbows when any part of the elbow is less than 18 in. below the bottom of the ground box. Install a PVC bushing or bell end fitting on the upper end of all PVC conduits terminating in a ground box.

GROUND BOX DIMENSIONS							
TYPE	OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS (INCHES) (Width x Length X Depth)						
Α	12 X 23 X 11						
В	12 X 23 X 22						
С	16 X 29 X 11						
D	16 X 29 X 22						
Ε	12 X 23 X 17						

PLAN VIEW

	GROU	JND B	ox co	VER (DIMENS	IONS			
TYPE	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)								
ITPE	Н		J	К	L	М	N	Р	
A, B & E	23 1/4	23	13 ¾	13 1/2	9 %	5 1/8	1 3/8	2	
C & D	30 ½	30 1/4	17 1/2	17 1/4	13 1/4	6 ¾	1 3/8	2	



SECTION A - A

GROUND BOX COVER

END

GROUND BOXES

A. MATERIALS

- 1. Provide polymer concrete ground boxes measuring 16x30x24 in. (WxLxD) or smaller in accordance with Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11070 "Ground Boxes" and Item 624 "Ground Boxes."
- 2. Provide Type A, B, C, D, and E ground boxes as shown in the plans, and as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 624.
- 3. Ensure ground box cover is correctly labeled in accordance with DMS 11070.
- 4. Provide larger ground boxes in accordance with Item 624 and as shown in the plans.
- B. CONSTRUCTION METHODS
- Remove all gravel and dirt from conduit. Cap all conduits prior to placing aggregate
 and setting ground box. Provide Grade 3 or 4 coarse aggregate as shown on Table 2 of
 Item 302 "Aggregates for Surface Treatments." Ensure aggregate bed is in place and at
 least 9 inches deep, prior to setting the ground box. Install ground box on top of agaregate.
- 2. Cast ground box aprons in place. Reinforcing steel may be field bent. Ensure the depth of concrete for the apron extends from finished grade to the top of the aggregate bed under the box. Ground box aprons, including concrete and reinforcing steel, are subsidiary to ground boxes when called for by descriptive code.
- 3. Keep bolt holes in the box clear of dirt. Bolt covers down when not working in ground
- 4. Install all conduits and ells in a neat and workmanlike manner. Uniformly space conduits so grounding bushings and bell end fittings can easily be installed.
- 5. Temporarily seal all conduits in the ground box until conductors are installed.
- 6. Permanently seal conduits immediately after the completion of conductor installation and pull tests. Permanently seal the ends of all conduits with duct seal, expandable foam, or other method as approved. Do not use duct tape as a permanent conduit sealant. Do not use silicone coulk as a sealant.
- 7. When a ground rod is present in a ground box, bond all equipment grounding conductors together and to the ground rod with listed connectors.
- 8. When a type B or D ground box is stacked to meet volume requirements, it is allowable to cut an appropriately sized hole for conduit entry in the side wall at least 18 inches below grade.
- 9. If an existing ground box in the contract has a metal cover, bond the cover to the equipment grounding conductor with a 3 ft. long stranded bonding jumper the same size as the grounding conductor. The bonding jumper is subsidiary to various bid items. Verify existing ground boxes with metal covers are shown on the plans, with notes fully describing the work required.
- 10. If other ground boxes with metal covers are within the project limits but are not part of the contract, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to bond the metal covers, identifying the specific boxes in writing. This work will be paid for separately.

SIDE

11. Bond metal ground box covers to the grounding conductor with a tank ground type lug.



ELECTRICAL DETAILS GROUND BOXES

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ELECTRICAL SERVICES NOTES

- 1.Provide new materials. Ensure installation and materials comply with the applicable provisions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) standards. Ensure material is Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed. Provide and install electrical service conduits, conductors, disconnects, contactors, circuit breaker panels, and branch circuit breakers as shown on the Electrical Service Data chart in the plans. Faulty fabrication or poor workmanship in material, equipment, or installation is justification for rejection. Where manufacturers provide warranties and quarantees as a customary trade practice, furnish these to the State.
- 2.Provide electrical services in accordance with Electrical Details standard sheets, Departmental Material Specification (DMS) 11080 "Electrical Services,"DMS 11081 "Electrical Services-Type A," DMS 11082 "Electrical Services-Type C," DMS 11083 "Electrical Services-Type D," DMS 11084 "Electrical Services-Type T," DMS 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)", and Item 628 "Electrical Services" of the Standard Specifications. Provide electrical service types A, C, and D, as listed on the Material Producers List (MPL) on the Department web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Provide other service types as detailed on the plans.
- Provide all work, materials, services, and any incidentals needed to install a complete electrical service as specified in the plans.
- 4. Coordinate with the Engineer and the utility provider for metering and compliance with utility requirements. Primary line extensions, connection charges, meter charges, and other charges by the utility company to provide power to the location are paid for in accordance with Item 628. Get approval for the costs associated with these charges prior to engaging the utility company to do the work. Consult with the utility provider to determine costs and requirements, and coordinate the work as approved.
- 5.The enclosure manufacturer will provide Master Lock Type 2 with brass tumblers keyed *2195 for all custom electrical enclosures. Installing Contractor is to provide Master Lock *2195 Type 2 with brass tumblers for "off the shelf" enclosures. Master Lock *2195 keys and locks become property of the State. Unless otherwise approved, do not energize electrical service equipment until locks are installed.
- 6.Enclosures with external disconnects that de-energize all equipment inside the enclosure do not need a dead front trim. Protect incoming line terminations from incidental contact as required by the NEC.
- When galvanized is specified for nuts, screws, bolts or miscellaneous hardware, stainless steel may be used.
- 8.Provide wiring and electrical components rated for 75°C. Provide red, black, and white colored XHHW service entrance conductors of minimum size 6 American Wire Gauge (AWG). Identify size 6 AWG conductors by continuous color jacket. Identify electrical conductors sized 4 AWG and larger by continuous color jacket or by colored tape. Mark at least 6 inches of the conductor's insulation with half laps of colored tape, when identifying conductors. Ensure each service entrance conductor exits through a separately bushed non-metallic opening in the weatherhead. The lengths of the conductors outside the weatherhead are to be 12 inches minimum, 18 inches maximum, or as required by utility.
- 9. All electrical service conduit and conductors attached to the electrical service including the riser or the elbow below ground are subsidiary to the electrical service. For an underground utility feed, all service conduit and conductors after the elbow, including service conduit and conductors for the utility pole riser when furnished by the Contractor, will be paid for separately.
- 10.Provide rigid metal conduit (RMC) for all conduits on service, except for the ½ in. PVC conduit containing the electrical service grounding electrode conductor. Size the service entrance conduit as shown in the plans. Ensure conduit for branch circuit entry to enclosure is the same size as that shown on the layout sheets for branch circuit conduit. Extend all rigid metal conduits a minimum of 6 inches underground and then couple to the type and schedule of the conduit shown on the layout for that particular branch circuit. Install a grounding bushing on the RMC where it terminates in the service enclosure.
- 11.Use of liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) is allowed between the meter and service enclosure when they are mounted 90 to 180 degrees to each other. Size the LFMC the same size as service entrance conduit. LFMC must not exceed 3 feet in length. Strap LFMC within 1 foot of each end. LFMC less than 12 inches in length need not be strapped. Each end of LFMC must have a grounding bushing or be terminated with a grounding fitting. The LFMC must contain a grounded (neutral) conductor. Ensure any bend in LFMC never exceeds 180 degrees. A pull test is required on all installed conductors, with at least six inches of free conductor movement demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- 12.Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services conform to utility company specifications.
- 13.For all electrical service enclosures listed under Item 628 on the MPL, the UL 508 enclosure manufacturers will prepare and submit a schematic drawing unique to each service. Before shipment to the job site, place the applicable laminated schematic drawings and the laminated plan sheet showing the electrical service data chart used to build the enclosure in the enclosure's data pocket. The installing contractor will copy and laminate the actual project plan sheets detailing all equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. The laminated plan sheets are to be placed in the service enclosure's document pocket. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 ½ in. x 11 in. before laminating. If the installation differs from the plan sheets, the installing contractor is to redline plan sheets before laminating.
- 14. When providing an "Off The Shelf" Type D or Type T service, provide laminated plan sheets detailing equipment and branch circuits supplied by that service. Reduce 11 in. x 17 in. plan sheets to 8 ½ in. x 11 in before laminating. Deliver these drawings before completion of the work to the Engineer, instead of placing in enclosure that has no door packet.
- 15.Do not install conduit in the back wall of a service enclosure where it would penetrate the equipment mounting panel inside the enclosure. Provide grounding bushings on all metal conduits, and terminate bonding jumpers to grounding bus. Grounding bushings are not required when the end of the metal conduit is fitted with a conduit sealing hub or threaded boss, such as a meter base hub.

SERVICE ASSEMBLY ENCLOSURE

- 1.Provide threaded hub for all conduit entries into the top of enclosure.
- 2.Type galvanized steel (GS) enclosures may be used for Type C panelboards and for Type D and T services that do not use an enclosure mounted photocell or lighting contactor. Provide GS enclosures in accordance with DMS 11080, 11082, 11083, and 11084.
- 3.Provide aluminum (AL) and stainless steel (SS) enclosures for Types A, C, and D in accordance with DMS 11080, 11081, 11082, 11083, and 11084. Do not point stainless steel.
- 4.Provide pedestal service (PS) enclosures in accordance with ED(9) and DMS 11080 and 11085. Do not provide GS pedestal services. If GS is shown in the PS descriptive code, provide an AL enclosure.

MAIN DISCONNECT & BRANCH CIRCUIT BREAKERS

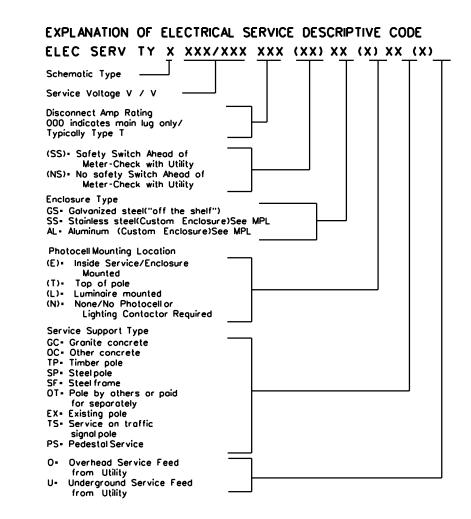
- Field drill flonge-mounted remote operator handle if needed, to ensure handle is lockable in both the "On" and "Off" positions.
- 2. When the utility company provides a transformer larger than 50 KVA, verify that the available fault current is less than the circuit breaker's ampere interrupting capacity (AIC) rating and provide documentation from the electric utility provider to the Engineer.

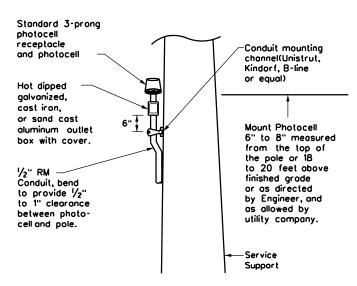
PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL

1.Provide photocell as listed on the MPL. Move, adjust, or shield the photocell from stray or ambient night time light to ensure proper operation. Mount photocell facing north when practical. Mount top of pole photocells as shown on Top Mounted Photocell Detail.

			* ELE	CTRICAL	SERVIC	E DATA						
Elec. Service ID	Plan Sheet Number	Electrical Service Description	Service Conduit * * Size	Service Conductors No./Size	Safety Switch Amps	Main Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Two-Pole Contractor Amps	Panelbd/ Loadcenter Amp Rating	Branch Circuit ID	Branch Ckt. Bkr. Pole/Amps	Branch Circuit Amps	KVA Lood
SB 183	289	ELC SRV TY A 240/480 100(SS)AL(E)SF(U)	2"	3/•2	100	2P/100	100	N/A	Lighting NB	2P/40	26	28.1
									Lighting SB	2P/40	25	
									Underpass	1P/20	15	
NB Access	30	ELC SRV TY D 120/240 060(NS)SS(E)TS(0)	1 1/4"	3/=6	N/A	2P/60		100	Sig. Controller	1P/30	23	5.3
							30		Luminaires	2P/20	9]]]
									CCTV	1P/20	3]]]
2nd & Main	58	ELC SRV TY T 120/240 000(NS)GS(N)SP(O)	1 1/4"	3/=6	N/A	N/A	N/A	70	Flashing Beacon 1	1P/20	4	1.0
									Flashing Beacon 2	1P/20	4	

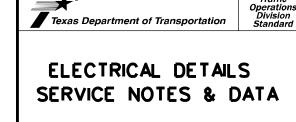
- Example only, not for construction. All new electrical services must have electrical service data chart specific to that service as shown in the plans.
- Verify service conduit size with utility. Size may change due to utility meter requirements. Ensure conduit size meets the National ELectrical Code.





TOP MOUNTED PHOTOCELL

Install conduit strap maximum 3 feet from box. 5 foot maximum spacing between straps supporting conduit.



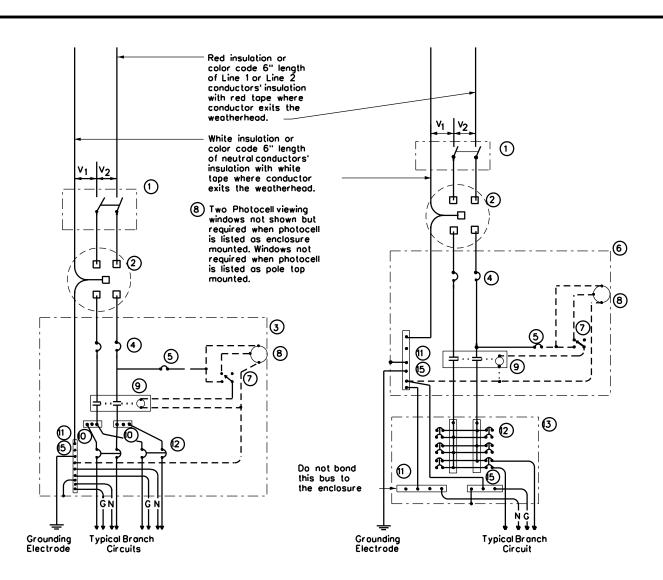
Traffic

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SCHEMATIC TYPE A

THREE WIRE



with red tape where conductor exits the _ ը√© weatherhead. -0 White insulation or Q color code 6" length of neutral conductors' insulation with white tope where conductor exits the weatherhead. 4 3 Bonding jumper **6**11 ♣ ♦ Electrode Typical 240 Volt Typical 120 / 240 Volt Typical 120 Volt **Branch Circuit** Luminaire **Branch Circuit Branch Circuit**

120 240

Red insulation or color code 6" length of Line 1 or Line 2

conductors' insulation

120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

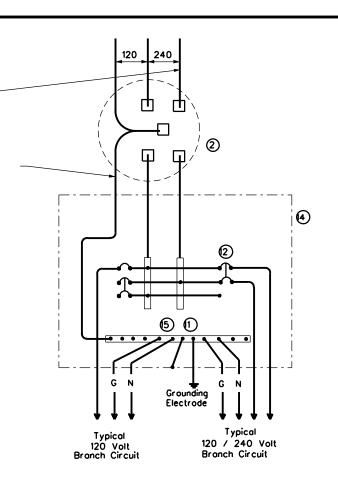
SCHEMATIC TYPE D - CUSTOM

	WIRING LEGEND				
	Power Wiring				
. – – – –	Control Wiring				
v	Neutral Conductor				
— _G —	Equipment grounding conductor-always required				

SCHEMATIC TYPE C

THREE WIRE

	SCHEMATIC LEGEND						
1	Safety Switch (when required)						
2	Meter (when required-verify with electric utility provider)						
3	Service Assembly Enclosure						
4	Main Disconnect Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)						
5	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp (Control Circuit)						
6	Auxiliary Enclosure						
7	Control Station ("H-O-A" Switch)						
8	Photo Electric Control (enclosure- mounted shown)						
9	Lighting Contactor						
10	Power Distribution Terminal Blocks						
11	Neutral Bus						
12	Branch Circuit Breaker (See Electrical Service Data)						
13	Separate Circuit Breaker Panelboard						
14	Load Center						
15	Ground Bus						



SCHEMATIC TYPE T 120/240 VOLTS - THREE WIRE

Galvanized steel-"Buy Off The Shelf" only. When required install photocell top of the pole or an luminaire only, no lighting contractor will be installed.



Traffic Operations Division Standard

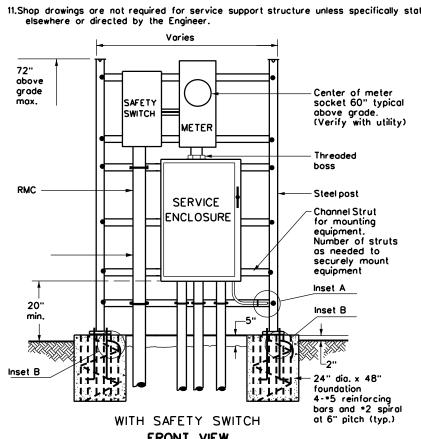
ELECTRICAL DETAILS SERVICE ENCLOSURE AND NOTES

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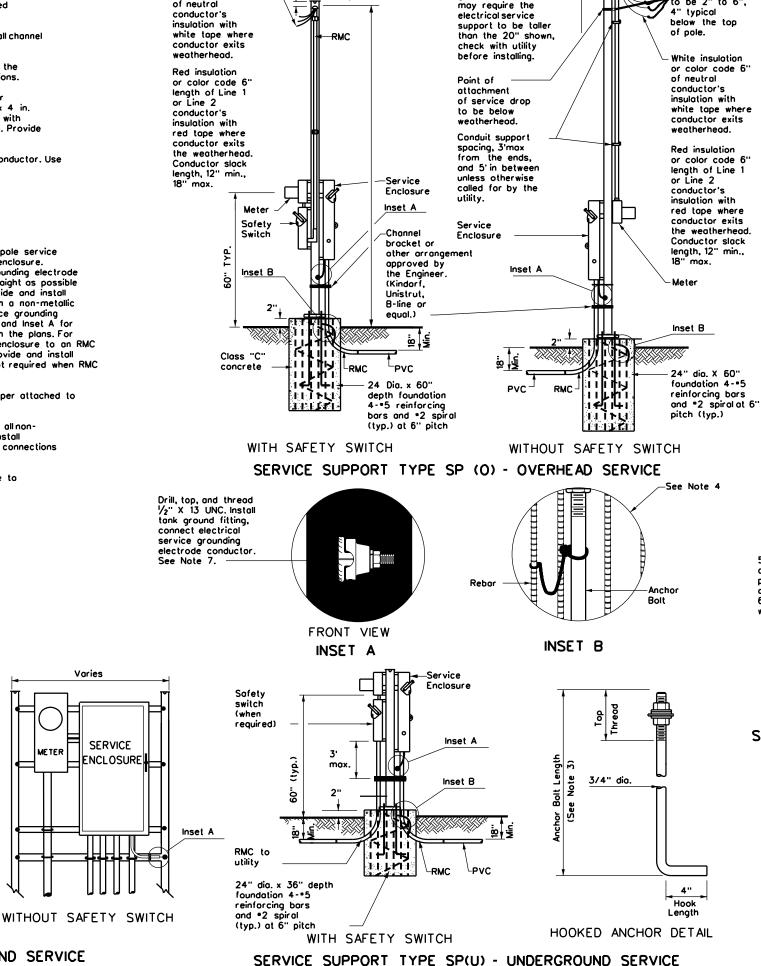
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SUPPORT TYPE STEEL POLE (SP) AND STEEL FRAME (SF)

- 1. Provide steel pole and steel frame supports as per TxDOT Departmental Material Specification (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services." Mount all equipment and conduit on 12 gauge galvanized steel or stainless steel channel strut, $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. or $1\frac{5}{8}$ in. wide by 1 in. up to $3\frac{9}{4}$ in. deep Unistrut, Kindorf, B-line or equal. Bolt or weld all channel and hardware to vertical members as approved. Do not stack channel, File smooth and paint field cut ends of all channel with zinc-rich paint before installing.
- 2.Provide poles for overhead service with an eyebolt or similar fitting for attachment of the service drop to the pole in conformance with the electric utility provider's specifications.
- 3.Provide and install galvanized $\frac{3}{4}$ in. x 18 in. x 4 in. (dia. x length x hook length) anchor bolts for underground service supports. Provide and install galvanized 3/4 in. x 56 in. x 4 in. anchor bolts for overhead service supports. Ensure anchor bolts have 3 in of thread, with $3\frac{1}{4}$ in to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in of the exposed anchor bolt projecting above finished foundation. Provide and install leveling nuts for all anchor bolts.
- 4.Bond one of the anchor bolts to the rebar cage with 6 AWG bare stranded copper conductor. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See Inset B.
- 5.Furnish and install rigid metallic ells in all steel pole and steel frame foundations for all conduits entering the service from underground.
- 6.Use class C concrete for foundations. Ensure reinforcing steel is Grade 60 with 3" of
- 7.Drill and top steel poles and frames for ½ in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. For steel pole service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. For steel frame service supports, provide and install tank ground fitting on steel frame post. Install service grounding electrode conductor in a non-metallic conduit or tubing from the enclosure to the steel frame post. Connect electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. See steel frame and steel pole details and Inset A for more information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans. For underground conduit runs from the electrical service, extend RMC from the service enclosure to an RMC elbow, and then connect the schedule type and size of conduit shown in the plans. Provide and install grounding bushings where RMC terminates in the enclosure. Grounding bushings are not required when RMC is fitted into a sealing hub or threaded boss.
- 8.If Steel pole or frame is painted, bond each separate painted piece with a bonding jumper attached to a tapped hole.
- 9.Provide 1/4" 20 machine screws for bonding. Do not use sheet metal screws. Remove all non-conductive material at contact points. Terminate bonding jumpers with listed devices. Install minimum size 6 AWG stranded copper bonding jumpers. Make up all threaded bonding connections
- 10. Avoid contact of the service drop and service entrance conductors with the metal pole to prevent obrasion of the insulated conductors.
- 11.Shop drawings are not required for service support structure unless specifically stated



SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SF(U) - UNDERGROUND SERVICE



20' measured from

grade. Circumtances

White insulation

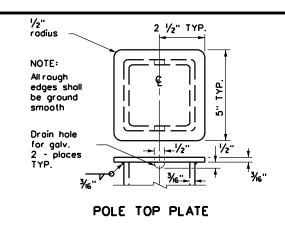
of neutral

Varies

METER

or color code 6"

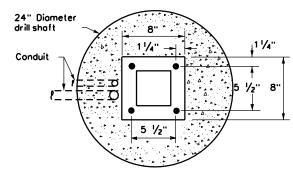
4" (typ.)



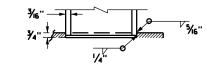
Top of

weatherhead

o be 2" to 6",

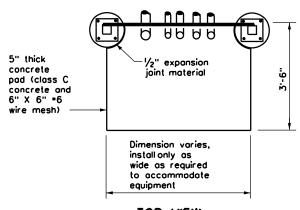


BASE PLATE DETAIL



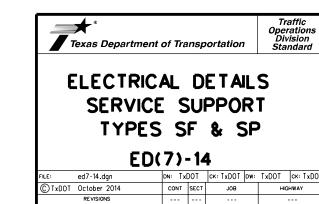
BOTTOM OF POLE

SERVICE SUPPORT TYPE SF & SP



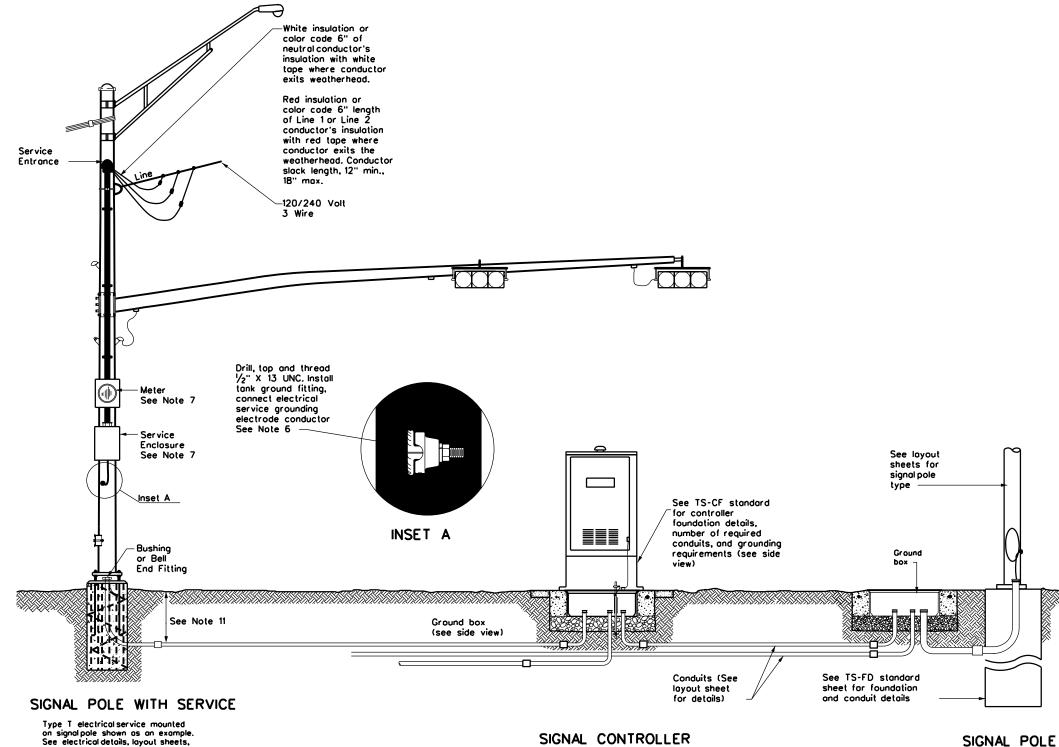
TOP VIEW

SERVICE SUPPORT TY SF (0) & SF (U)



TRAFFIC SIGNAL NOTES

- 1. Do not pass luminaire conductors through the signal controller cabinet.
- 2. Include an equipment grounding conductor in all conduits throughout the electrical system. Bond all exposed metal parts to the grounding
- 3. Provide roadway luminaires, when required, in accordance with the material and construction sections of Item 610, "Roadway Illumination Assemblies," except for performance testing of luminaires. Test installed roadway luminaires for proper operation as a part of the associated traffic signal system test.
- 4. If internally illuminated street name signs are approved for use, ground the fixture to the pole with a 12 AWG green XHHW conductor.
- 5. Bond anchor bolts to rebar cage in two locations using *3 bars or 6 AWG stranded copper conductors. Use listed mechanical connectors rated for embedment in concrete. See TXDOT standard TS-FD for further
- 6. Drill and tap signal poles for $\frac{1}{2}$ in. X 13 UNC tank ground fitting. Provide and install tank ground fitting 4 in. to 6 in. directly below electrical service enclosure. Provide properly sized hole through the bottom of the enclosure for the service grounding electrode conductor. Connect the electrical service grounding electrode conductor to the tank ground fitting. Ensure electrical service grounding electrode conductor is as short and straight as possible from the enclosure to the tank ground fitting. See Inset A detail for further information. Size service entrance conduit and branch circuit conduit as shown in the plans.
- 7. Mount electrical service enclosure and meter to signal pole with stainless steel bands. Ensure bands are a minimum width of $rac{3}{4}$ in. Secure enclosures to bands using two-bolt brackets. Install brackets near top and bottom of each enclosure. Install properly sized stainless steel washers on each bolt in the enclosure. Band or drill and top properly sized stand-off straps to signal pole for attaching conduit.
- 8. Conduct pull tests and insulation resistance tests on all illumination and power conductors as required in Item 620 "Electrical Conductors" and ED(3). To prevent electronics damage, do not conduct insulation resistance tests on traffic signal cables after termination.
- 9. Lock all enclosures and bolt down all ground box covers before applying power to the signal installation.
- 10. Terminate conduits entering the top of enclosures with a conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss such as meter hub. Install a grounding bushing on all metal conduits not connected to conduit-sealing hub or threaded boss. Bond the grounding bushing to the ground bus with a bonding jumper. Seal all conduits entering enclosures with duct seal or expanding foam. Do not use silicone to seal conduit ends.
- For all conduits, ensure the burial depth is a minimum of 18". Ensure the minimum burial depth for conduit placed under a roadway is 24".



on signal pole shown as an example. See electrical details, layout sheets, and electrical service data chart for

FRONT VIEW



ELECTRICAL DETAILS TYPICAL TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM DETAILS

ED(8)-14

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SIGNAL CONTROLLER SIDE VIEW

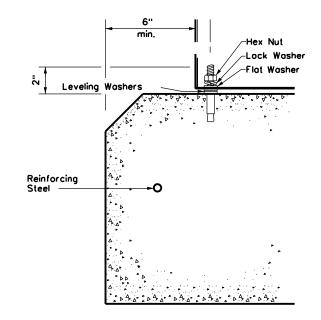
See TS-CF standard for conduit and grounding requirements. See layout sheets for ground box locations and any additional conduits that are required.

PEDESTAL SERVICE NOTES

- 1. Manufacture pedestal electrical services in accordance with Departmental Material Specifications (DMS)11080 "Electrical Services", 11085 "Electrical Services-Pedestal (PS)" and Item 628 "Electrical Services. "Provide pedestal electrical services as listed on the Material Producers list (MPL) on the Department's web site under "Roadway Illumination and Electrical Supplies," Item 628. Ensure all mounting hardware and installation details of services meet utility company specifications. Contact the local utility company for approval of pedestal details prior to installing the electrical pedestal service. Submit any changes required by the utility company prior to manufacturing the pedestal enclosure.
- 2. When a meter socket is required, provide a socket with a minimum 100 amp rating that complies with local utility requirements.
- Provide Class A or C concrete for pedestal service foundations in accordance with Item 420, "Concrete Substructures," except that concrete will not be paid for directly but is considered subsidiary to Item 628.
- 4. Provide *4 reinforcing steel for foundations in accordance with Item 440, "Reinforcement for Concrete."
- 5. Install 1/2 in. X 2 1/16 in. minimum length concrete single expansion type anchors for mounting pedestal enclosure to foundation. Anchor location to match mounting holes in each corner of enclosure. Secure each of the four corners of the pedestal enclosure to the anchors in the foundation with a 1/2 in. galvanized or stainless steel machine thread bolt, a properly sized locknut and a flat washer.
- 6. Finish top of concrete foundation in a neat and workmanlike manner. If leveling washers are used, ensure no more than $\frac{1}{8}$ in, gap at any corner. Do not exceed a maximum dip or rise in the foundation of $\frac{1}{8}$ in, per foot. When properly installed, ensure the top of the service enclosure is level front to back and side to side within $\frac{1}{4}$ in. Repair rocking or movement of the service enclosure at no additional cost to the department.
- 7. Do not use liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC) on pedestal type services.

6"

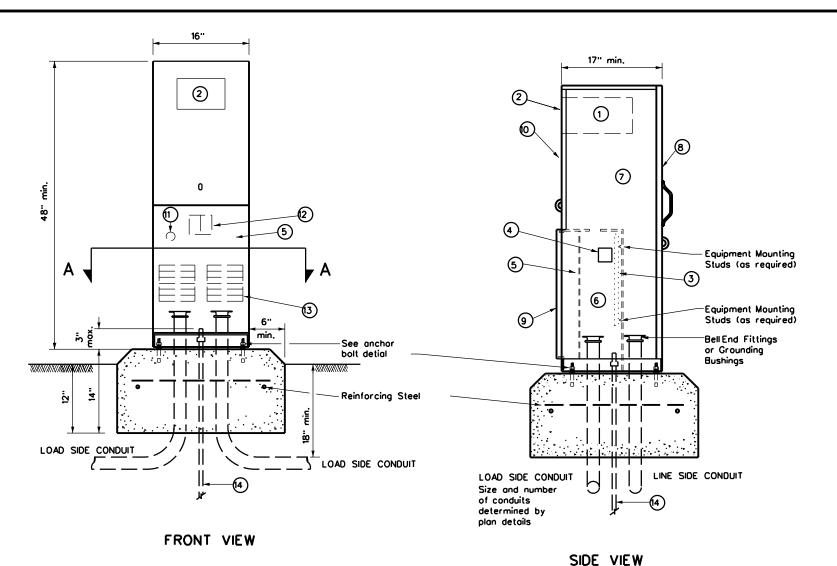
8. Ensure all elbows in the foundation are sized as per utility provider's conduit requirements for underground conduit and feeders. PVC extensions may be installed provided the ends of the rigid metal conduits are more than 2 in. below the top of the concrete foundation. Where extension conduits are metal, grounding bushings must be installed with a bonding jumper properly terminated.





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ANCHOR BOLT DETAIL



TYPE C shown, TYPE A similar except that TYPE A shall have individual circuit breakers (CB) mounted on an equipment mounting panel. CB Handles shall protrude through hinged deadfront trim.

	LEGEND
1	Meter Socket, (when required)
2	Meter Socket Window, (when required)
3	Equipment Mounting Panel
4	Photo Electric Control Window, (When required)
5	Hinged Deadfront Trim
6	Load Side Conduit Trim
7	Line Side Conduit Area
8	Utility Access Door, with handle
9	Pedestal Door
10	Hinged Meter Access
11	Control Station (H-O-A Switch)
12	Main Disconnect
13	Branch Circuit Breakers
14	Copper Clad Ground Rod - 5/8" X 10'

Texas Department of Transportation

ELECTRICAL DETAILS
ELECTRICAL SERVICE SUPPORT
PEDESTAL SERVICE TYPE PS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

ED(9)-14

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Vented back plate

DAMPING PLATE MOUNTING DETAILS

ELEVATION

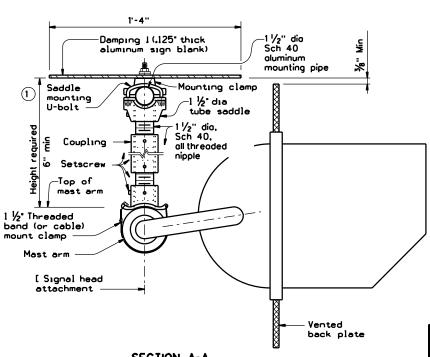
(A)-

— [Damping Land signal head assembly

(Showing alternate placement of signal head)

Mounting clamp 1 ½" Dia Sch 40 oluminum mounting pipe 1 ½" dia. Sch 40 3" length nipple 1 ½" Threaded band (or cable) mount clamp Mast arm

SECTION A-A (Showing standard placement of signal head) (Mounting clamp U-bolt is not shown for clarity)



Vented back plate

SECTION A-A

(Showing alternate placement of signal head) (Mounting clamp U-bolt is not shown for clarity)

Recommended supporting assemblies to achieve required height							
Height required	One nipple each length	Two nipples each length pl	One coupling us each length				
6'-6 ¾'	3.	-					
7"-8 1/2"	4*	-	-				
9"-10 1/2"	6.	-	-				
11*-15 ½*	-	4*	5.				
16"-24"	-	6-	10"				

GENERAL NOTES:

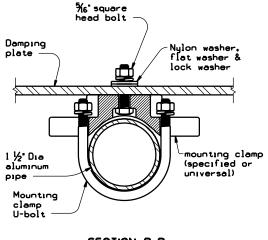
In accordance with the findings of TxDOT sponsored research, the installation of a damping plate in accordance with the details shown here at the end of signal mast arms of SMA and DMA standard structures reduces excessive harmonic vertical vibration, and thus fatigue damage. Any deviation from these details may reduce the effectiveness of this damping device.

Aluminum sign blank for damping plate shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110. Materials for mast arm mounting clamp and tube saddle shall be aluminum costings or aluminum alloys as in accordance with manufacturers' stipulations. Mounting pipe, pipe nipple and coupling shall be aluminum alloy 6061-T6 or 6063-T6. Damping plate mounting clamp and u-bolt assemblies shall conform to Standard sheet SMD(GEN)-08. U-bolts for saddle mounting shall have a minimum yield strength of 36 ksi.

Damping plate shall be mounted horizontally. Position centerline of damping plate to align with centerline of signal head assembly. Vertical clear ance between signal head (with or without backing plate) and bottom of damping plate shall be maintained as shown. The attachments shown here are examples only, other supporting details which meet both alignment and vertical clearance requirements are also acceptable.

Unless stipulated by the manufacturers, all steel parts shall be galvanized finish in accordance with Standard Specification Item 445, "Galvanizing".

Contractor shall verify applicable field dimensions before the installation



SECTION B-B

(Showing damping plate attachment)



MAST ARM DAMPING PLATE DETAILS

MA-DPD-12

TxDOT January 2012	DN:		CK: DW:		CK:		
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
						40	

133

REQUIREMENTS FOR INDEPENDENT MOUNTED ROUTE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
LEGEND & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B or C SHEETING				



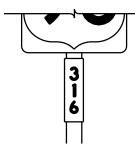




TYPICAL EXAMPLES

REQUIREMENTS FOR BLUE, BROWN & GREEN D AND ISERIES GUIDE SIGNS

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	ALL	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND & BORDERS WHITE		TYPE D SHEETING			
LEGEND, SYMBOLS & BORDERS	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			













TYPICAL EXAMPLES

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tabulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD).
- White legend shall use the Clearview Alphabet. The following Clearview fonts shall be used to replace the existing white Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets, when not specified in the SHSD, or in the plans

В	CV-1W
С	CV-2W
D	CV-3W
Ε	CV-4W
Emod	CV-5WR
F	CV-6W

- 3. Route sign legend (ie. IH, US, SH and FM shields) shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets B, C, D, E, Emod
- 4. Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- 5. Independent mounted route sign with white or colored legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent color ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof. White legend, symbols and borders on all other signs shall be cut-out white sheeting applied to colored background sheeting.
- 6. Information regarding borders and radii for signs is found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas". Dimensions shown and described for borders and corner radii on parent sign are nominal. Borders may vary in width as much as 1/2 inch. Corner radii above 3 inches may vary in width as much as 1 inch. Borders and corner radii within a parent sign must be of matching widths. The sign area outside the corner radius should be trimmed or rounded.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details of roadside signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110				
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300				

ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS THICKNESS					
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness				
Less than 7.5	0.080				
7.5 to 15	0.100				
Greater than 15	0.125				

The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website.

http://www.txdot.gov/



TYPICAL SIGN
REQUIREMENTS

Traffic Operations Division Standard

TSR(3)-13

LE:	tsr3-13.dgn	DN: Tx	TOO:	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT
TxDOT	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HWAY
	REVISIONS						
2-03 7-13		DIST		COUNTY SHEET		SHEET NO.	
9-08							41

OATE: ⊓LE:

REQUIREMENTS FOR RED BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS (STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)









REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUR SPECIFIC SIGNS ONLY

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND & BORDERS	WHITE	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				
LEGEND	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

REQUIREMENTS FOR WHITE BACKGROUND REGULATORY SIGNS

(EXCLUDING STOP, YIELD, DO NOT ENTER AND WRONG WAY SIGNS)





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS					
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL			
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING			
BACKGROUND	ALL OTHERS	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			
LEGEND,BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM			
LEGEND,BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING			

REQUIREMENTS FOR WARNING SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS							
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL					
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING					
LEGEND & BORDERS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM					
LEGEND & SYMBOLS	ALL OTHER	TYPE B OR C SHEETING					

REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SIGNS





TYPICAL EXAMPLES

SHEETING REQUIREMENTS						
USAGE	COLOR	SIGN FACE MATERIAL				
BACKGROUND	WHITE	TYPE A SHEETING				
BACKGROUND	FLOURESCENT YELLOW GREEN	TYPE B _{FL} OR C _{FL} SHEETING				
LEGEND,BORDERS AND SYMBOLS	BLACK	ACRYLIC NON-REFLECTIVE FILM				
SYMBOLS	RED	TYPE B OR C SHEETING				

GENERAL NOTES

- Signs to be furnished shall be as detailed elsewhere in the plans and/or as shown on sign tobulation sheet. Standard sign designs and arrow dimensions can be found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texos" (SHSD).
- Sign legend shall use the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Standard Highway Alphabets (B, C, D, E, Emod or F).
- Lateral spacing between letters and numerals shall conform with the SHSD, and any approved changes thereto. Lateral spacing of legend shall provide a balanced appearance when spacing is not shown.
- Black legend and borders shall be applied by screening process or cut-out acrylic non-reflective black film to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 5. White legend and borders shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film to white background sheeting or cut-out white sheeting to colored background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- Colored legend shall be applied by screening process with transparent colored ink, transparent colored overlay film or colored sheeting to background sheeting, or combination thereof.
- 7. Sign substrate shall be any material that meets the Departmental Material Specification requirements of DMS-7110 or approved alternative.
- 8. Mounting details for roadside mounted signs are shown in the "SMD series" Standard Plan Sheets.

ALUMINUM SIGN BL	.ANKS THICKNESS
Square Feet	Minimum Thickness
Less than 7.5	0.080
7.5 to 15	0.100
Greater than 15	0.125

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS					
ALUMINUM SIGN BLANKS	DMS-7110				
SIGN FACE MATERIALS	DMS-8300				

http://www.txdot.gov/



Traffic Operations Division Standard

TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

TSR(4)-13

						42	
2-03 7-13 9-08		DIST	COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
	REVISIONS						
TxDOT	October 2003	CONT	SECT	JOB		нс	HWAY
LE:	tsr4-13.dgn	DN: Tx	TOO:	ск: TxDOT	DW:	TxDOT	ck: TxDOT

TYPICAL ATTACHMENT OF ROUTE MARKERS AND "EXIT ONLY" PANELS TO GUIDE SIGNS

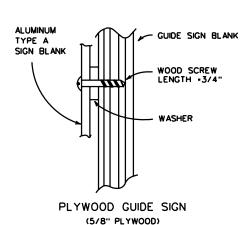
SCREW ATTACHMENT

ALUMINUM SHEET METAL TYPE A SIGN BLANK

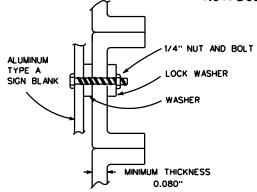
WASHER

MINIMUM THICKNESS 0.080"

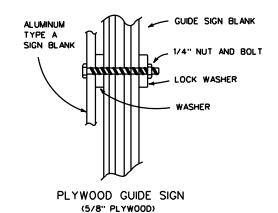
ALUMINUM GUIDE SIGNS (EXTRUDED ALUMINUM PANELS)



NUT/BOLT ATTACHMENT



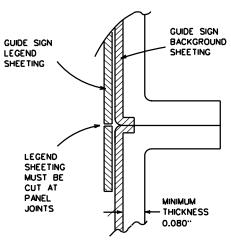
ALUMINUM GUIDE SIGNS (EXTRUDED ALUMINUM PANELS)

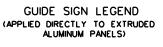


Type C

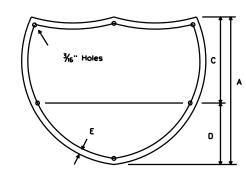
"Down" arrow

DIRECT ATTACHMENT



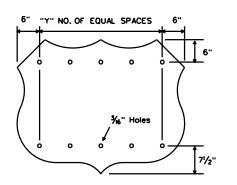


SIGN BLANK PUNCHING DETAILS FOR ROUTE MARKERS WHEN ATTACHED TO GUIDE SIGN



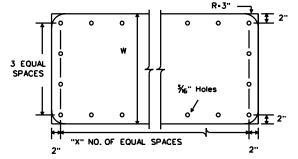
INTERSTATE ROUTE MARKERS

Α	С	D	Ε
36	21	15	1½
48	28	20	13/4



U.S. ROUTE MARKERS

Sign Size	•Y•
24×24	2
30×24	3
36×36	3
45×36	4
48×48	4
60×48	5



STATE ROUTE MARKERS

No. of Digits	W	Х
4	24	4
4	36	5
4	48	6
3	24	3
3	36	4
3	48	5

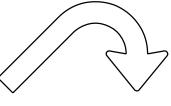
ARROW DETAILS

for Large Ground-Mounted and Overhead Guide Signs



TYPE	LETTER SIZE
A-1	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps
A-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps
A-3	16" U/L
B-1	10.67" U/L and 10" Caps
B-2	13.33" U/L and 12" Caps
B-3	16" U/L

Arrow dimensions are shown in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual.



E3 and E3a

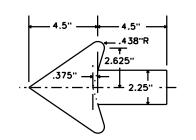


E4 and E4a

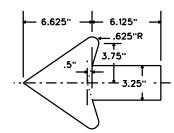
CODE	USED ON SIGN NO.
E-3 & E-4	E5-3 and E5-4
E-3a & E-4a	E5-3a and E5-4a

ARROW DETAILS

for Distance and Destination Signs



Standard 2.25" arrow to be used with 6 inch letters.



Standard 3.25" arrow to be used with 8 inch letters.



STANDARD PLANS Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

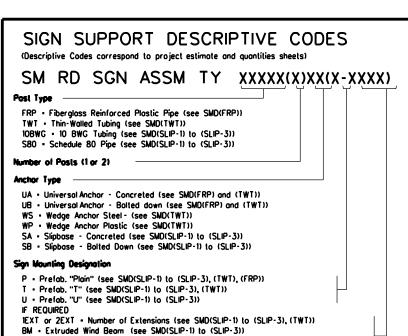
TYPICAL SIGN REQUIREMENTS

Modify details of © Tx001 REVISIONS 12-03 The Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas (SHSD) can be found at the following website. arrows. htp://ftp.dot.state.tx.us/pub/txdat-info/trf/shsd/Navigate.pdf

12/03 Revision

TSR(6)-03

T	October	2003		DN÷-	BAS	CK:- GRB		DW:	FDN	CK:- CAL
I	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL REGION		FEDERAL AID PROJECT					SHEET	
						43				
ſ	COUNTY					CONTROL	SECTION	٧.	708	HIGHWAY



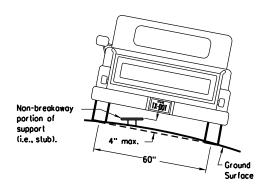
WC - 1.12 */ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3)) EXAL • Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

No more than 2 sign

within a 7 ft. circle.

posts should be located

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

7 ft.

diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

Not Acceptable

Acceptable

diameter

circle

Sian Bolt

Universal Clamp

3 or 3 1/2"

3 1/2 or 4"

4 1/2"

Approximate Bolt Length

Specific Clamp

3..

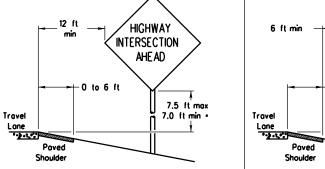
3 or 3 1/2"

3 1/2 or 4"

Back-to-Back

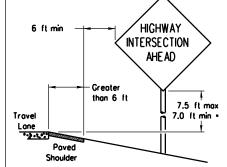
SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width. the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travellane.



GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

HIGHWAY

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

Poved

Shoulde

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane,

two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should

be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place

T-INTERSECTION

12 ft min

— 6 ft min

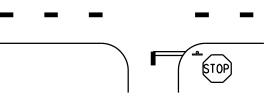
7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min •

Travel

as close to ROW as practical.

Edge of TravelLane



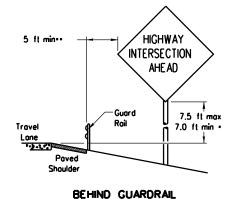
- · Signs shall be mounted using the following condition that results in the greatest sign elevation:
- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the edge of the travellane or
- (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System components and Wedge Anchor System components.

The website oddress is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

BEHIND BARRIER



INTERSECTION AHEAD 7.5 ft mox Concrete Travel 7.0 ft min 4 Barrier Shoulde BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

7.5 ft max

7.0 ft min •

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHE AD

(When 6 It min. is not possible.)

**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard railor concrete barrier performance.

possible

Travel

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

Not Acceptable

7 ft.

diameter

circle

Nylon washer, flat

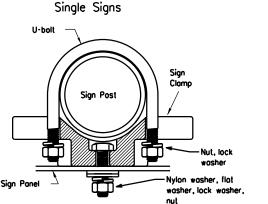
washer, lock washer,

Pipe Diameter

2" nominal

2 1/2" nominal

3" nominal



Signs Nylon washer, flat washer, lock washer Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut.

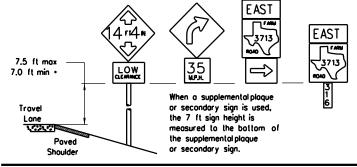
When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC galvanized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted ending upon field conditions.

nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The

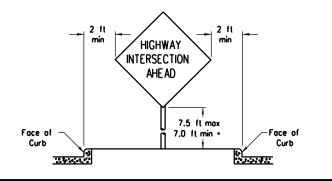
bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

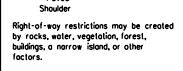
Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES



CURB & GUTTER OR RAISED ISLAND





In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travellane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by quardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme



STANDARD PLANS TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS

SMD(GEN)-08

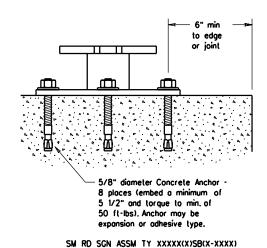
100x1	July 20	02	DN: TxDOT	CK:- TxDO	T DW:	TxDOT	CK: TxDOT		
VISIONS	STATE DISTRICT	FEDERAL REGION	FEC	FEDERAL AND PROJECT					
-08				44					
	COUNTY			CONTROL	SECTION	J08	HIGHWAY		

TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

10 BWG Tubing or Keeper Plate Schedule 80 Pipe (See General Note 3) 5/8" structural bolts (3), nuts (3), and washers Washers (6) per ASTM A325 if required by or A449 and galvanized per Item 445 "Galvanizing." Bolt length is 2 1/2". 3/4 " diameter hole. Provide a 36" 7" x 1/2" diameter rod or *4 rebor. Class A concrete 42 12" min. 24" max. Non-reinforced concrete footing (shall be used unless noted elsewhere in the plans). Foundation should take approx. 2.5 cf of concrete. 12" Dia

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SA(X-XXXX)

CONCRETE ANCHOR

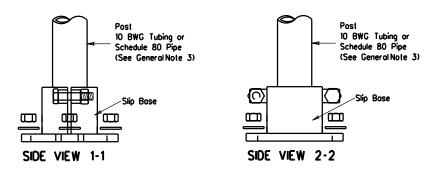


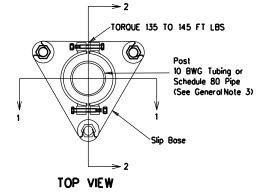
diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvaniz ing." Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies" and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normalweight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a minimum allowable tension and shear of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8"

NOTE

The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.





DETAIL A

GENERAL NOTES:

- Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TxDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.
- 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter) 0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following:

55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138"

Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883" Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833.

Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diometer) 0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following:

46,000 PSI minimum yield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas

Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is:

http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

- 1. Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a
- suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Closs A.

 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub.
- Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground. 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- 5. The triangular slipbose system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of pavement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and straight.
- Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.

ADDED DETAIL A FOR CLAMP BASE 10-2010



SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-1)-08(DAL)

© TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
12-10 (DISTRICT)					
ADDED CLAMP BASE DETAIL FOR SLIP	DIST	COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
BASE INSTALLATION		4			45

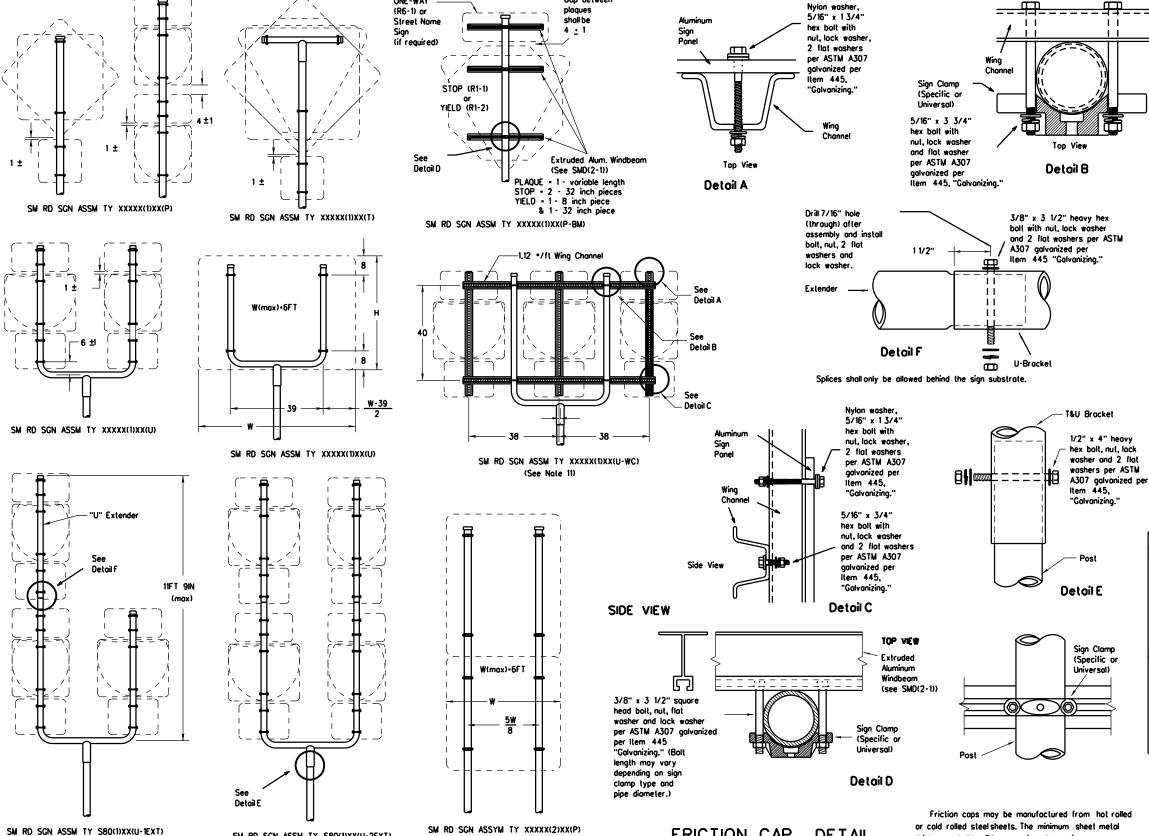


32425 34041 55657

LEVELS (122232) 1738394 555455

0.25 H

W(max)=8FT



FRICTION CAP

Pipe O.D.

.025"•.010"

Pipe O.D.

·.025"·.<u>0</u>10"

•.05

Skirt

Depth

Variation

Rolled Crimp to

engage pipe O.D.

DETAIL

1,75" max

Gap between

ONF-WAY

SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(1)XX(U-2EXT)

All dimensions are in english

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(1)XX(T)

- See Note 12)

unless detailed otherwise.

STANDARD PLANS Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-2)-08

SUPPORT TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)
TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY S80(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY S80(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)

D T*DOT	July 20	02	DN: TxDOT	CK:- TxDO	T DW:	TxDOT	CK:- TxDOT	
EVISIONS	STATE	FEDERAL REGION		FEDERAL AID PROJECT				
9-08								
		cou	NTY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	HICHWAY	

thickness shall be 24 gauge for all cap sizes.

GENERAL NOTES:

10 BWG

10 BWG

Sch 80 Sch 80

1. SIGN SUPPORT OF POSTS

abnormally high due to a fill slope.

The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWG where a sign height is

3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the

following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons

in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.

For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or

less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of

support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel.

greater height.
7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to

This will allow each support to act independently

when impacted by an errant vehicle.

8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut

10. Additional route markers may be added vertically,

bottom of sign when possible.

12. Post open ends shall be litted with Friction Caps.

provided the total sign area does not exceed the maximum allowable amount per Note 1.

11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post

13. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on the

REQUIRED SUPPORT

SIGN DESCRIPTION

48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)

60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)

48x60-inch signs

48x60-inch signs

48x16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)

36x48, 48x36, and 48x48-inch signs

48×48-inch signs (diamond or square)

48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)

48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)

Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)

off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized

coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."

for 24 inch height signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above

MAX. SIGN AREA

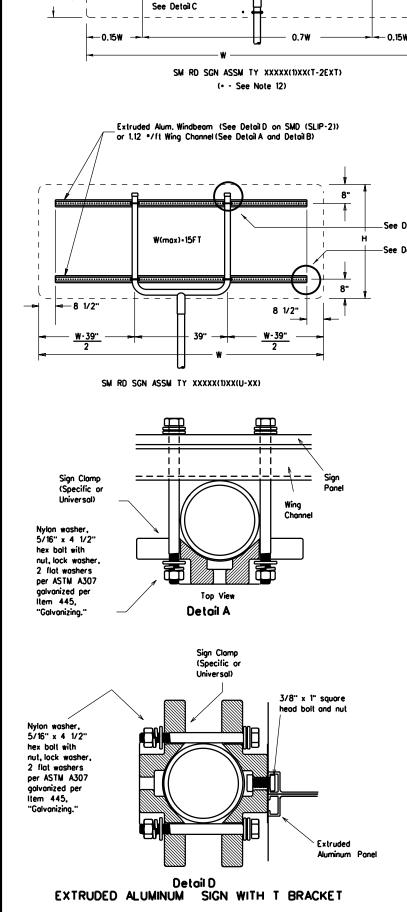
32 SF

The rim edges shall be reasonably straight and smooth. Caps shall be sized and formed in such a manner as to produce a drive-on friction fit and have no tendency to rock when seated on the pipe. The depth shall be sufficient to give positive protection against entrance of rainwater. They shall be free of sharp creases or indentations and show no evidence of metal fracture.

Caps shall have an electrodeposited coating of zinc in accordance with the requirements of ASTM B633 Closs FE/ZN 8.

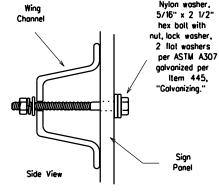
26C



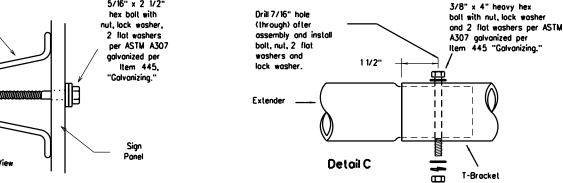


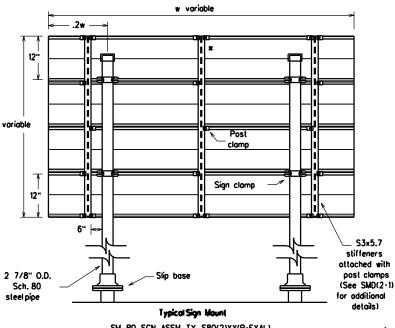
W(min)>8FT

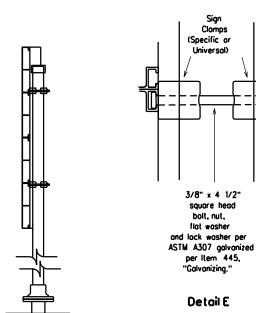
-0.25 H



Detail B







Splices shall only be allowed behind the sign substrate.

See Detail E

for clamp installation

SM RD SGN ASSM TY S80(2)XX(P-EXAL)

Extruded Aluminum Sign With T Bracket

Sign Clamp See Detail D

Ì Bracket

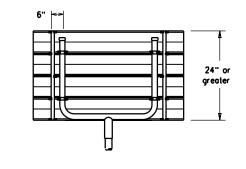
* Additional stiffener placed at approximate center of signs when sign width is greater than 10'.

6" panel should

be placed at the top of sign for proper mounting.

Extruded Au

2 7/8" O.D. Sch. 80 or 10BWG steel pipe



Use Extruded Alum. Windbeam as stiffeners See SMD (2-1) for additional details

> See Detail E for clamp installation

GENERAL NOTES:

1.	SIGN SUPPORT	• OF POSTS	MAX. SIGN AREA
	10 BWG	1	16 SF
	10 BWG	2	32 SF
	Sch 80	1	32 SF
	Sch 80	2	64 SF

- 2. The Engineer may require that a Schedule 80 post be used in place of a 10 BWC where a sign height is abnormally high due to a fill slope.
- 3. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

 4. Aluminum sign blanks shall conform to Departmental Material Specifications DMS-7110 and shall have the following minimum thicknesses: 0.080 for signs less than 7.5 sq. ft., 0.100 for signs 7.5 to 15 sq. ft., and 0.125 for signs greater than 15 sq. ft.

 5. Signs that require specific supports due to reasons
- in addition to windloading are indicated on the "REQUIRED SUPPORT" table on this sheet.
- 6. For horizontal rectangular signs fabricated from flat aluminum, T-brackets are used for signs 24 inches or
- less in height. U-brackets are used for signs of greater height.

 7. When two triangular slipbase supports are used to support a single sign, they shall not be "rigidly" connected to each other except through the sign panel. This will allow each support to act independently. This will allow each support to act independently
- when impacted by an errant vehicle.

 8. Wing channel shall meet ASTM A 1011 SS Gr 50 and be galvanized per ASTM A 123.

 9. Excess pipe, wing channel, or windbeam shall be cut
- off so that it does not extend beyond the sign panel (i.e., excess support shall not be visible when the sign is viewed from the front.) Repair galvanized coating at cut support ends per Item 445, "Galvanizing."
- 10. Sign blanks shall be the sizes and shapes shown on
- the plans.

 11. Additional sign clamp required on the "T-bracket" post for 24 inch high signs. Place the clamp 3 inches above bottom of sign when possible.

 12. Post open ends shall be litted with Friction Caps.

	REQUIRED SUPPORT						
	SIGN DESCRIPTION	SUPPORT					
	48-inch STOP sign (R1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
Regulatory	60-inch YIELD sign (R1-2)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
	48×16-inch ONE-WAY sign (R6-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T) TY 10BWG(1)XX(P-BM)					
	36×48, 48×36, and 48×48-inch signs	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48x60-inch signs	TY \$80(1)XX(T)					
	48x48-inch signs (diamond or square)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48x60-inch signs	TY S80(1)XX(T)					
Worning	48-inch Advance School X-ing sign (S1-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	48-inch School X-ing sign (S2-1)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					
	Large Arrow sign (W1-6 & W1-7)	TY 10BWG(1)XX(T)					



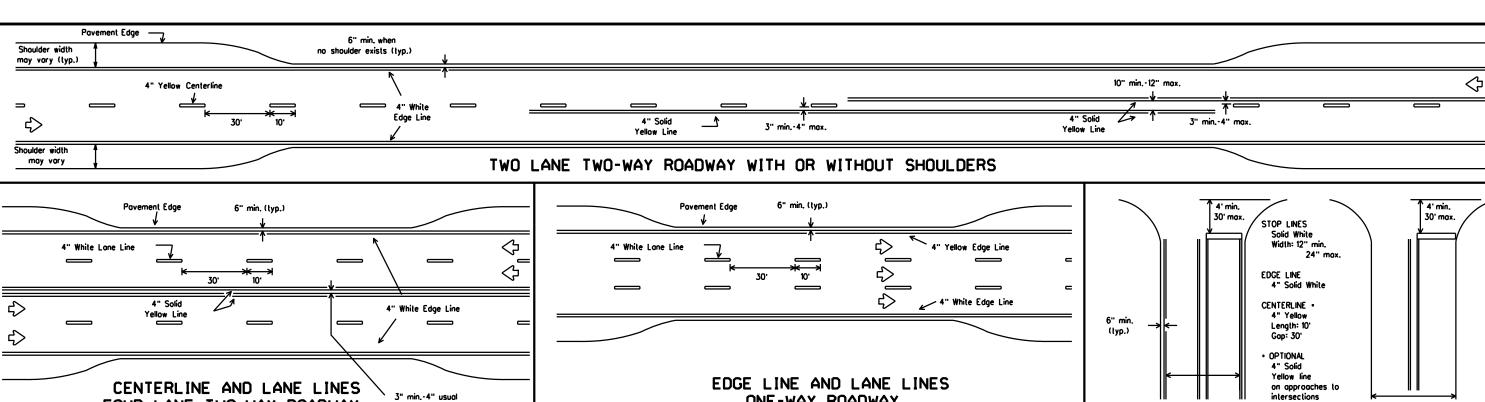
STANDARD PLANS Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

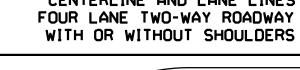
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

SMD(SLIP-3)-08

©1×001	July 20	02	DN: TxDOT	CK:- TxDO	T DW:	TxDOT	CK:- TxDOT	
REVISIONS	STATE	FEDERAL REGION	FEDE	FEDERAL AID PROJECT				
9-08								
		COU	NTY	CONTROL	SECTION	J08	HICHWAY	

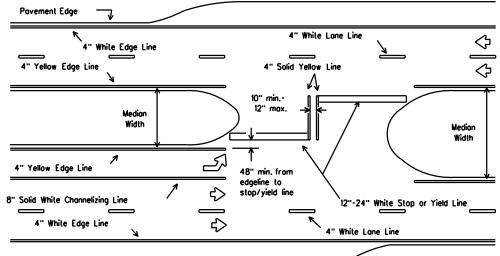






3" min.-4" usual (12" max, for traveled way greater than 48' only)

ONE-WAY ROADWAY WITH OR WITHOUT SHOULDERS



All medians shall be field measured to determine the location of necessary striping. Stop/Yield bors and centerlines shall be placed when the median width is greater than 30 ft. The median width is defined as the area between two roadways of a divided highway measured from edge of traveled way to edge of traveled way. The median excludes turn lanes. The median width might be different between intersections, interchanges and of opposite approaches of the same intersection. The narrow median width will be the controlling width to determine if markings are required.

FOUR LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY INTERSECTIONS

Traveled Way Width 20 4" Minimum Bridge Rail or Face 20' typ. ∠White edgeline ♦ (L) ➪ Lane width greater than or equal to 11' Varies K White edgeline

1. No-passing zone on bridge approach is optional but if used, it shall be a minimum 500 feet long.

2. For crosshatching length (L) see Table 1.

3. The width of the offset (W) and the required crosshatching width is the full shoulder width in advance of the bridge.

- 4. The crosshotching is not required if delineators or barrier reflectors are used along the structure.
- 5. For guard fence details, refer elsewhere in the plans.

ROADWAYS WITH REDUCED SHOULDER WIDTHS ACROSS BRIDGE OR CULVERT

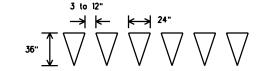
GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Edgeline striping shall be as shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The edgeline should typically be placed a minimum of 6 inches from the edge of pavement. This distance may vary due to pavement raveling or other conditions. Edgelines are not required in curb and gutter sections of roadways.
- 2. The traveled way includes only that portion of the roadway used for vehicular travel and not the parking lanes, sidewalks, berms and shoulders. The traveled ways shall be measured from the inside of edgeline to inside of edgeline of a two lane roadway.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
AVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
POXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
SITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
RAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
NOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

NOTES:

All povement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



FOR POSTED SPEED ON BEING MARKED EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 45 MPH

FOR POSTED SPEED ON ROAD BEING MARKED EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 40 MPH

YIELD LINES

GUIDE	FOR	PLACE	ME	NT	OF	STOP	LINES.
	EDGE	LINE	&	CE	NTE	RLINE	

Based on Traveled Way and Pavement Widths for Undivided Highways

(500' min.)

Minimum Requirements

for Edgelines

TABLE 1 - TYPICAL LENGTH (L)

Posted Speed	Formula
≤ 40	L. WS 2
≥ 45	L•WS

Minimum Requirements

Povement Width 16' W 5 20's

for Centerlines without Edgelines

An 8 foot shoulder in advance of a bridge reduces to 4 feet on a 70 MPH roadway. The length of the crosshatching should be: L = 8 × 70 = 560 ft.

A 4 foot shoulder in advance of a bridge reduces to 2 feet on a 40 MPH roadway. The length of the crosshatching should be:

L = 4(40) 7 60 = 106.67 ft. rounded to 110 ft.

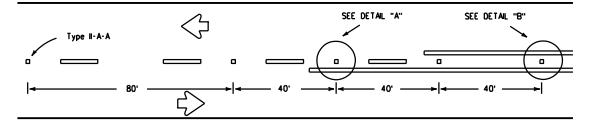


TYPICAL STANDARD PAVEMENT MARKINGS

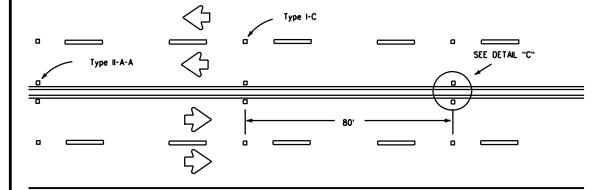
PM(1)-12

©TxDOT November 1978	DN: TXD	от	CK: TXDOT I	DW: TXDOT	CK: TXDOT
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
8-95 2-12 5-00					
8-00	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.
3-03					48

REFLECTIVE RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS FOR VEHICLE POSITIONING GUIDANCE

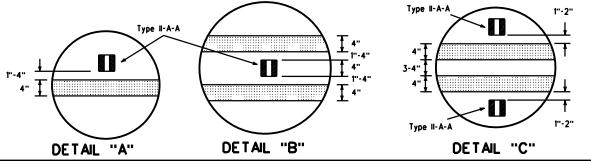


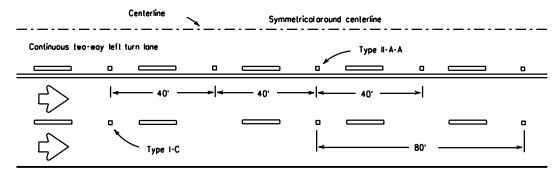
CENTERLINE FOR ALL TWO LANE ROADWAYS



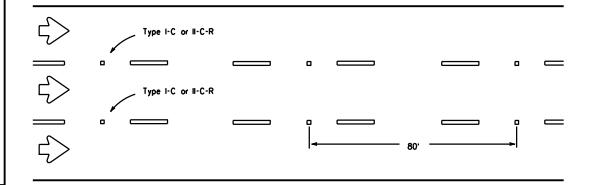
CENTERLINE & LANE LINES FOR FOUR LANE TWO-WAY HIGHWAYS

Raised povement marker Type I-C, clear face toward normal traffic, shall be placed on 80-foot centers.



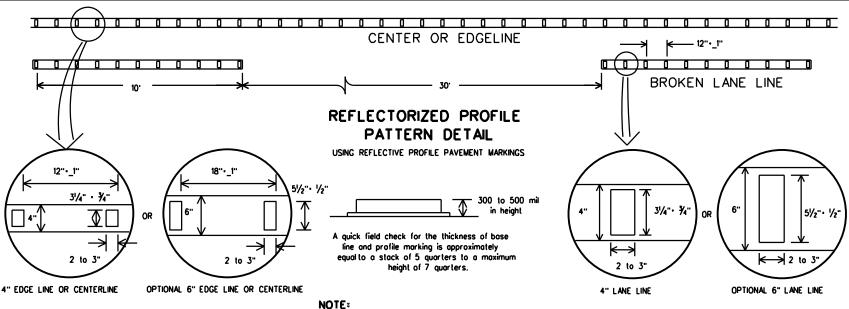


CENTERLINE AND LANE LINES FOR TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE



LANE LINES FOR ONE-WAY ROADWAY (NON-FREEWAY FACILITIES)

Raised povement markers Type II-C-R shall have clear face toward normal traffic and red face toward wrong-way traffic.



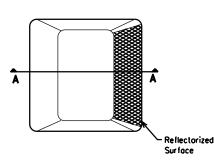
GENERAL NOTES

All raised pavement markers placed in broken lines shall be placed in line with and midway between

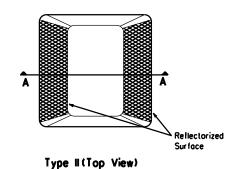
On concrete pavements the raised pavement markers should be placed to one side of the longitudinal

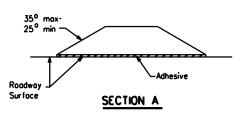
MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS	
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
TRAFFIC PAINT	DMS-8200
HOT APPLIED THERMOPLASTIC	DMS-8220
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240

All pavement marking materials shall meet the required Departmental Material Specifications as specified by the plans.



Type I(Top View)





RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS



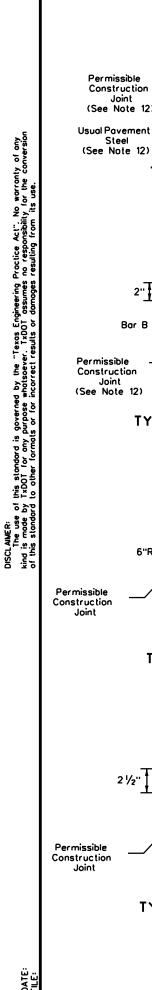
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

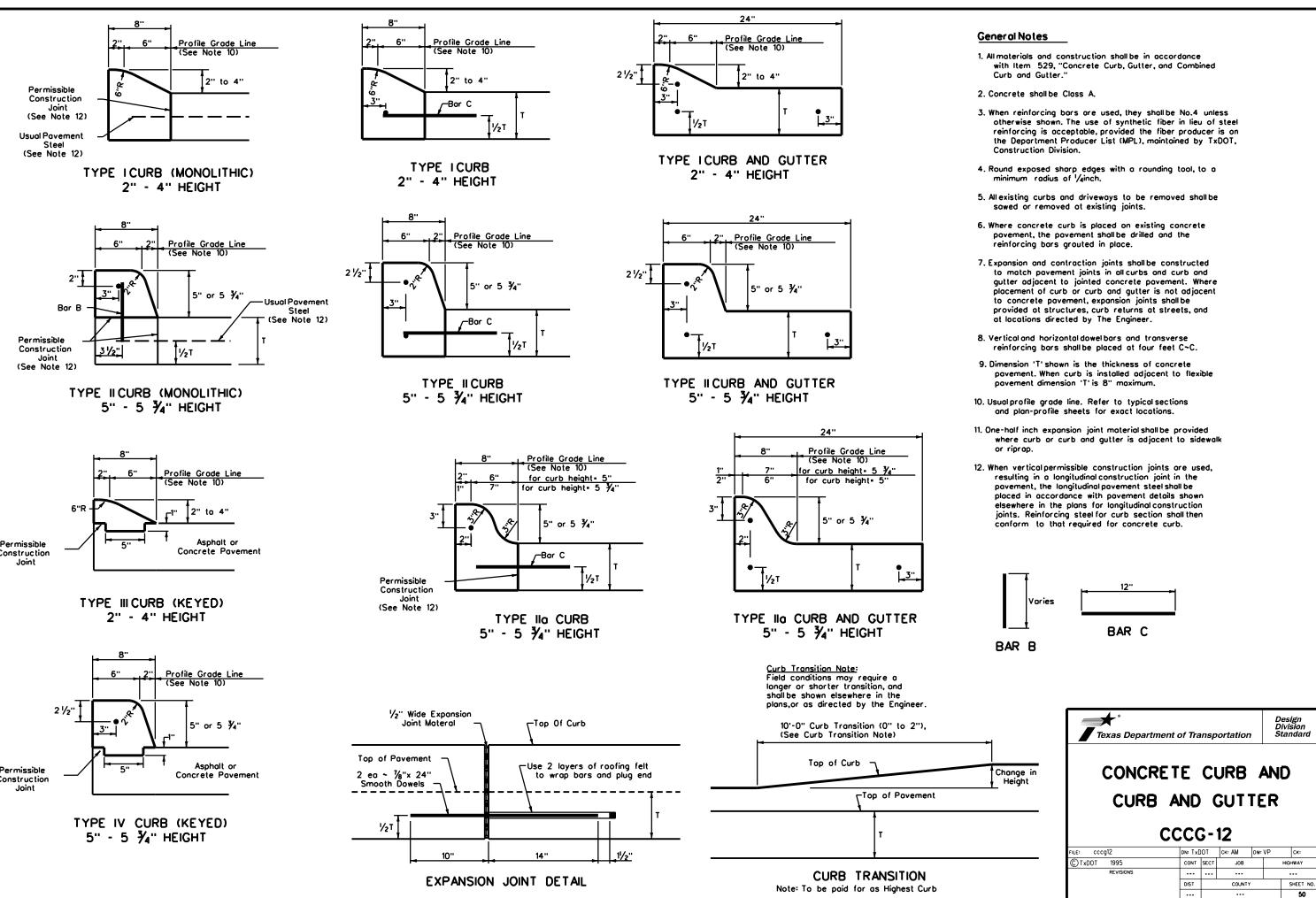
POSITION GUIDANCE USING RAISED MARKERS REFLECTORIZED PROFILE **MARKINGS**

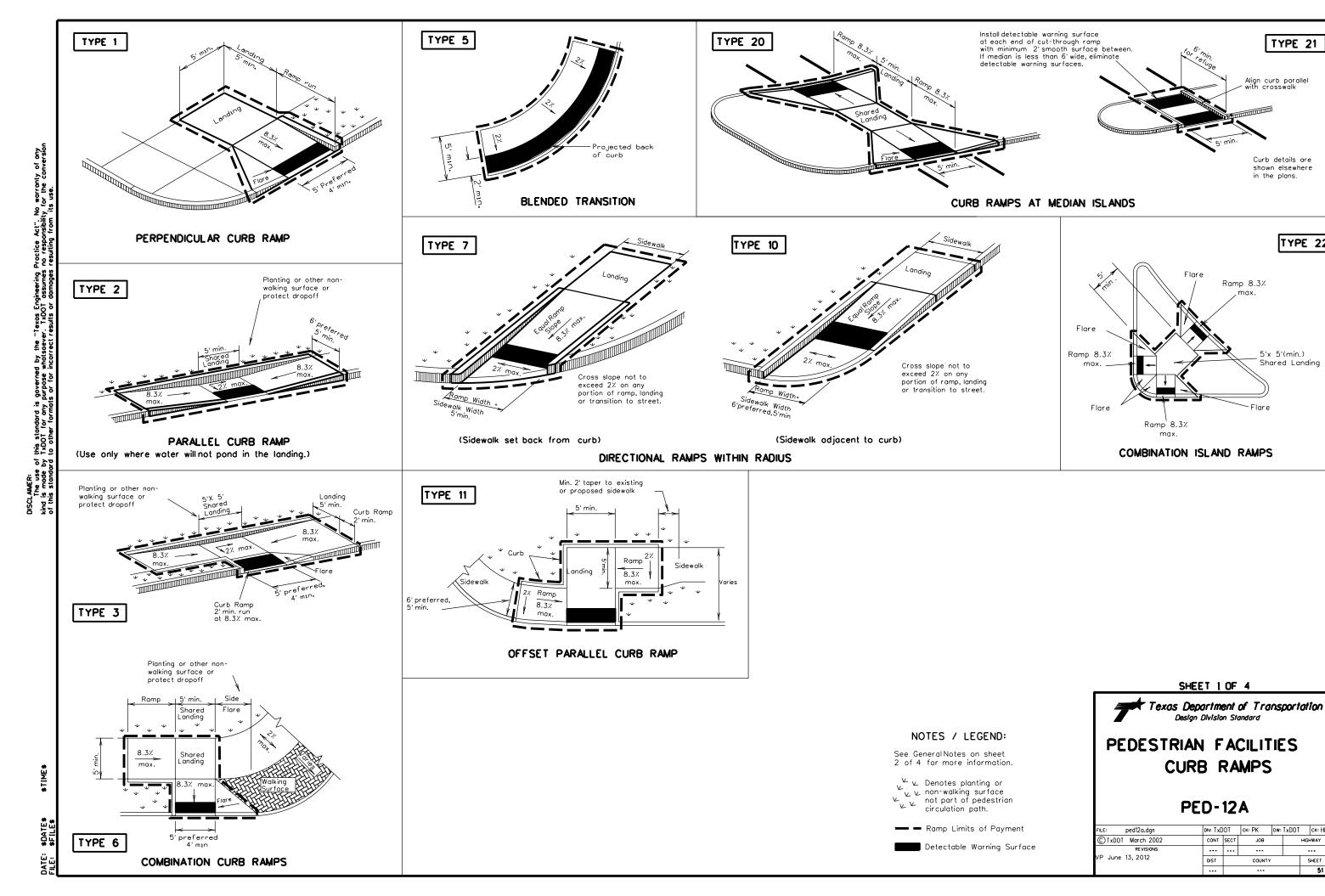
PM(2)-12

© TxDOT April 1977	DN: TXD	TO	CK: TXDOT	DW:	TXDOT	CK: TXDOT	
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIG	HIGHWAY	
1-92 2-10 5-00 2-12							
3-00	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.	
2-08						49	

Profile markings shall not be placed on roadways with a posted speed limit of 45 MPH or less.







TYPE 21

Curb details are shown elsewhere in the plans.

5'x 5'(min.)

DN: TxDOT CK: PK DW: TxDOT CK: HD

SHEET NO.

DIST

Shared Landing

Ramp 8.3%

TYPE 22

DATE: SDATES FILE: SFILES

General Notes

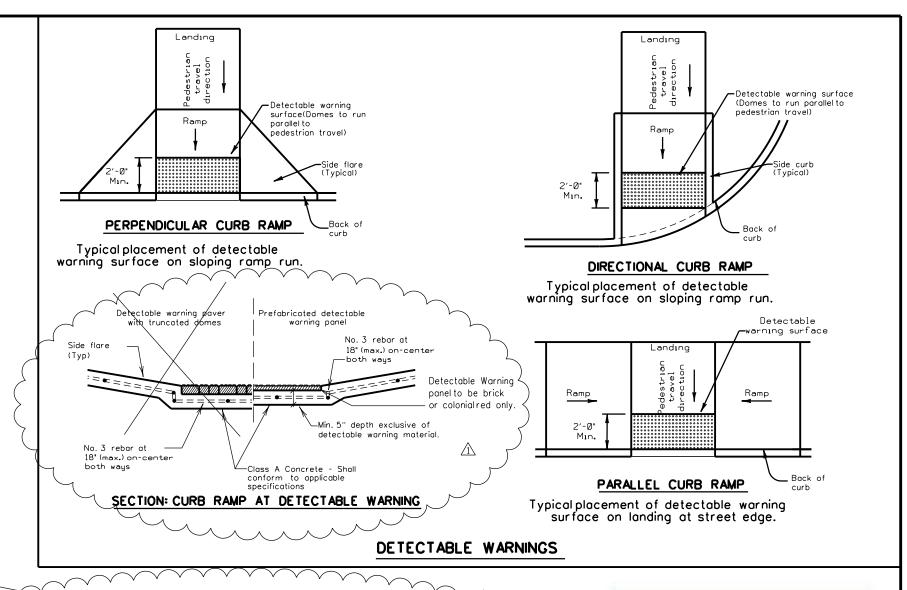
Curb Ramps

- 1. Install a curb ramp or blended transition at each pedestrian street crossing.
- All slopes shown are maximum allowable. Lesser slopes that will still drain properly should be used. Adjust curb ramp length or grade of approach sidewalks as directed.
- 3. The minimum sidewalk width is 5'. Where the sidewalk is adjacent to the back of curb, a 6' sidewalk width is desirable. Where a 5' sidewalk cannot be provided due to site constraints, sidewalk width may be reduced to 4' for short distances.

 5'x 5' passing areas at intervals not to exceed 200' are required.
- 4. Landings shall be 5'x 5' minimum with a maximum 2% slope in any direction.
- Maneuvering space at the bottom of curb ramps shall be a minimum of 4'x 4' wholly contained within the crosswalk and wholly outside the parallel vehicular travel path.
- 6. Maximum allowable cross slope on sidewalk and curb ramp surfaces is 2%.
- 7. Provide flared sides where the pedestrian circulation path crosses the curb ramp. Flared sides shall be sloped at 10% maximum, measured parallel to the curb. Returned curbs may be used only where pedestrians would not normally walk across the ramp, either because the adjacent surface is planted, substantially obstructed, or otherwise protected.
- 8. Additional information on curb ramp location, design, light reflective value and texture may be found in the current edition of the Texas Accessibility Standards (TAS) and 16 TAC 68.102.
- 7. To serve as a pedestrian refuge area, the median should be a minimum of 6' wide, measured from back of curbs. Medians should be designed to provide accessible passage over or through them.
- 10. Small channelization islands, which do not provide a minimum 5'x 5' landing at the top of curb ramps, shall be cut through level with the surface of the street.
- 11. Crosswalk dimensions, crosswalk markings and stop bar locations shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans. At intersections where crosswalk markings are not required, curb ramps shall align with theoretical crosswalks unless otherwise directed.
- Handrails are not required on curb ramps. Provide curb ramps wherever on accessible route crosses (penetrates) a curb.
- Curb ramps and landings shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item 531
 "Sidewalks".
- 14. Place concrete at a minimum depth of 5° for ramps, flares and landings, unless otherwise directed.
- 15. Provide a smooth transition where the curb ramps connect to the street.
- 16. Curbs shown on sheet 1 within the limits of payment are considered part of the curb ramp for payment, whether it is concrete curb, gutter, or combined curb and gutter.
- 17. Existing features that comply with TAS may remain in place unless otherwise shown on the plans

Detectable Warning Material

- 18. Curb ramps must contain a detectable warning surface that consists of raised truncated domes complying with Section 705 of the TAS. The surface must contrast visually with adjoining surfaces, including side flores. Furnish and install an approved cast-in-place dark brown or dark red detectable warning surface material adjacent to uncolored concrete, unless specified elsewhere in the plans.
- Detectable Warning Materials must meet TxDOT Departmental Materials Specification DMS 4350 and be listed on the Material Producer List. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.
- 20. Detectable warning surfaces must be slip resistant and not allow water to accumulate.
- 21. Detectable warning surfaces shall be a minimum of 24° in depth in the direction of pedestrian travel, and extend the full width of the curb ramp or landing where the pedestrian access route enters the street.
- 22. Detectable warning surfaces shall be located so that the edge nearest the curb line is at the back of curb. Align the rows of domes to be perpendicular to the grade break between the ramp run and the street. Detectable warning surfaces may be curved along the corner radius.
- 23. Shaded areas on Sheet 1 of 4 indicate the approximate location for the detectable warning surface for each curb ramp type.



Detectable Warning Pavers

- 24. Furnish detectable warning pover units meeting all requirements of ASTM C-936, C-33. A Lay in a two by two unit basket weave pattern or as directed.
- 25. Lay full-size units first followed by closure units consisting of at least 25 percent of a full unit. Cut detectable warning paver units using a power saw.

Sidewalks

- 26. Provide clear ground space at operable parts, including pedestrian push buttons. Operable parts shall be placed within one or more reach ranges specified in TAS 308.
- 27. Place traffic signal or illumination poles, ground boxes, controller boxes, signs, drainage facilities and other items so as not to obstruct the pedestrian access route or clear ground space.
- 28. Street grades and cross slopes shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.
- 29. Changes in level greater than 1/4 inch are not permitted.
- 30. The least possible grade should be used to maximize accessibility. The running slope of sidewalks and crosswalks within the public right of way may follow the grade of the parallel roadway. Where a continuous grade greater than 5% must be provided, handrails may be desirable to improve accessibility. Handrails may also be needed to protect pedestrians from potentially hazardous conditions. If provided, handrails shall comply with TAS 505.
- Handrail extensions shall not protrude into the usable landing area or into intersecting pedestrian routes.
- 32. Driveways and turnouts shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item "Intersections, Driveways and Turnouts". Sidewalks shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Item, "Sidewalks".
- 33. Sidewalk details are shown elsewhere in the plans.

RECORD DRAWINGS

THESE RECORD DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN PREPARED TO REFLECT ANY CHANGES AND/OR MODIFICATIONS MADE TO THE DESIGN PLANS, PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE CITY INSPECTOR. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, THE PROJECT HAS BEEN CONSTRUCTED IN SUBSTANTIAL CONFORMANCE WITH THE DESIGN DRAWINGS. THE ENGINEERING CONSULTANT IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS EXCEPT FOR WHAT WAS PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE PLAN SET USED FOR BIDDING ORIGINALLY SEALED 5/4/2016 AND REVISED 8/8/2016.



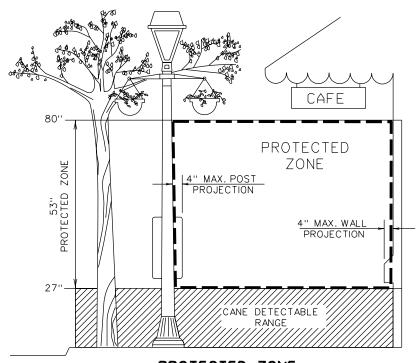
SHEET 2 OF 4



PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS

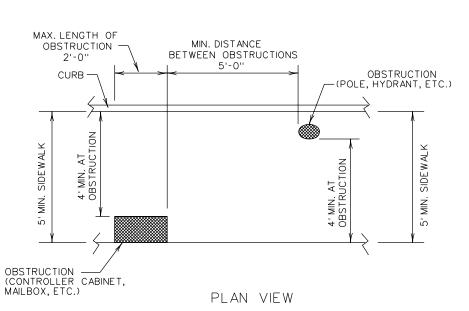
PED-12A

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June 13, 2012	CONT SECT		COUNTY		SHEET NO.	
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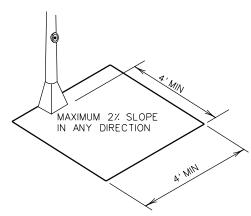
PROTECTED ZONE

In pedestrian circulation area, maximum 4" projection for post or wall mounted objects between 27"and 80" above the surface.

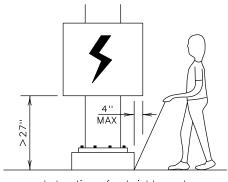


PLACEMENT OF STREET FIXTURES

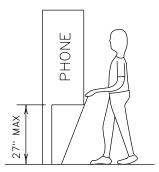
(ITEMS NOT INTENDED FOR PUBLIC USE. MINIMUM 4'x 4'CLEAR GROUND SPACE REQUIRED AT PUBLIC USE FIXTURES.)



CLEAR GROUND SPACE ADJACENT TO PEDESTRIAN PUSH BUTTON



When an obstruction of a height greater than 27" from the surface would create a protrusion of more than 4" into the pedestrian circulation area, construct additional curb or foundation at the bottom to provide a maximum 4" overhang.



Protruding objects of a height 27" are detectable by cane and do not require additional treatment.

DETECTION BARRIER FOR VERTICAL CLEARANCE **40**"

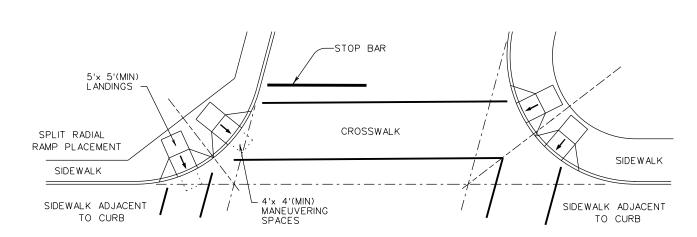




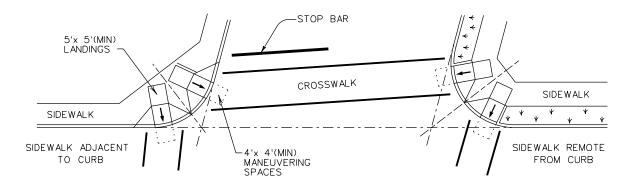
PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS

PED-12A

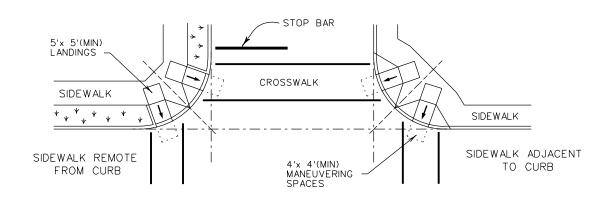
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REVISIONS P June 13, 2012							
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.	
						53	



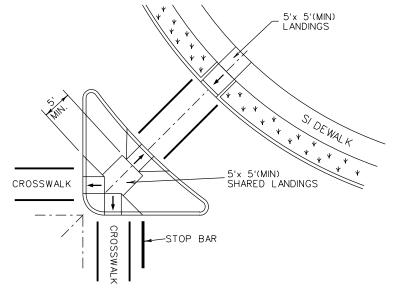
SKEWED INTERSECTION WITH "LARGE" RADIUS



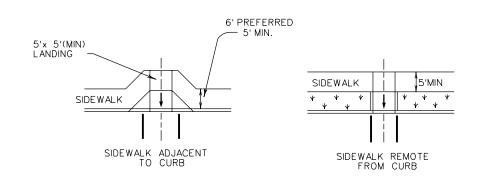
SKEWED INTERSECTION WITH "SMALL" RADIUS



NORMAL INTERSECTION WITH "SMALL" RADIUS



AT INTERSECTION W/FREE RIGHT TURN & ISLAND



MID-BLOCK PLACEMENT PERPENDICULAR RAMPS



PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS

PED-12A

: ped12a.dgn	DN: TxDOT		CK: PK	DW:	IXUUI	С	K: HD	
TxDOT March 2002	CONT	SECT	JOB		H	HIGHWAY		ı
REVISIONS D June 13, 2012								
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		
							54	

TYPICAL CROSSING LAYOUTS